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Get into Git!

The Advanced guide to Git commands

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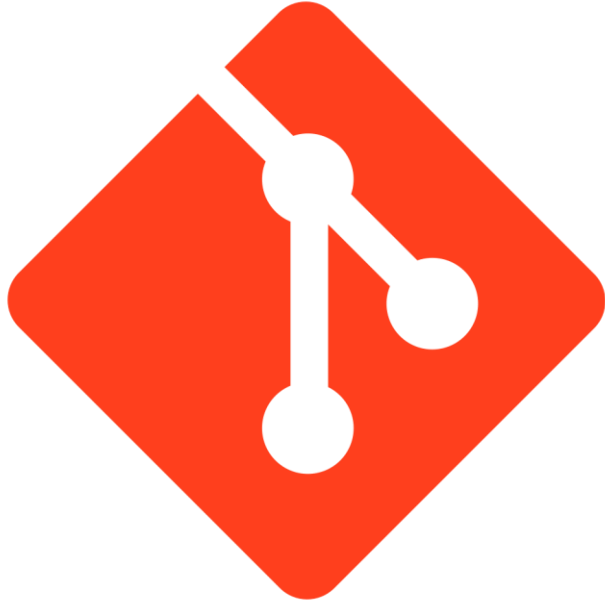


Agenda

- 2min git refresher
- Merging and Pull Request
- Interactive Rebase
- Recovering Deleted Commits
- Submodules
- Search and Find
- Resources

What is Git?

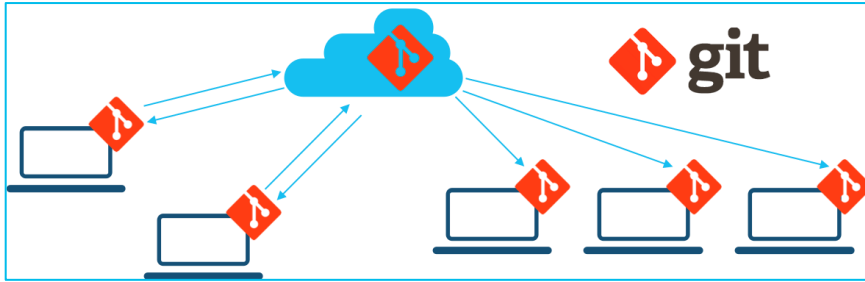
Git



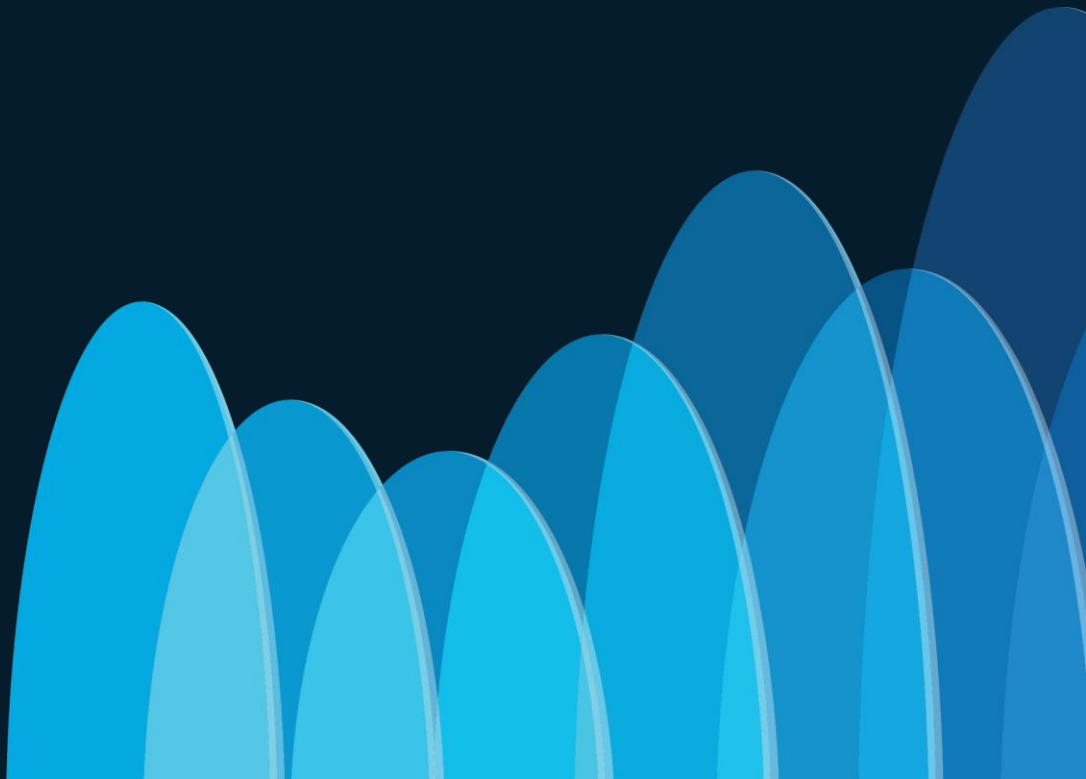
- An open-source distributed version control system
- Designed with performance, security, and flexibility in mind
- Stores snapshots of the full file instead of diffs
- Changes are stored in trees
- Trees contain changed files
- Commits contain trees

Git vs. GitHub

- GitHub is a commercial company, that runs github.com based on Git Version Control System.



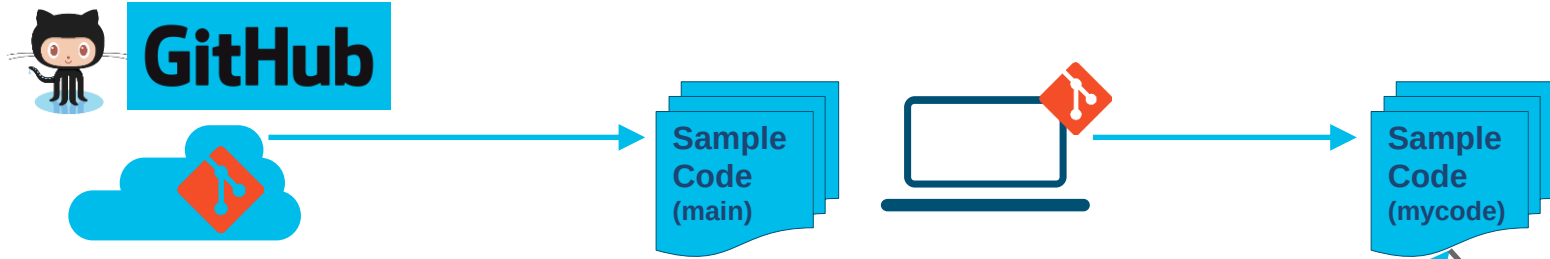
Git: Technical Overview



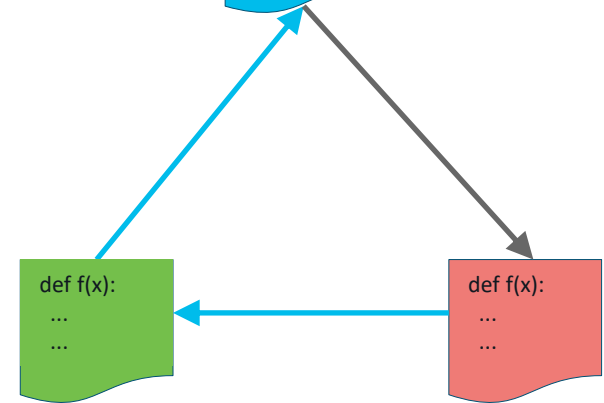
Useful Git Commands

Action	What it does	Command
Setup	Tell git who you are one-time setup	> <i>git config --global user.name "your name"</i> > <i>git config --global user.email your@email.com</i>
Clone	Clone ("download") a git repository	> <i>git clone <ur></i>
Status	Check the Status of your local repository	> <i>git status</i>
Checkout A Branch	Create and Checkout a local Branch Creates a "safe place" for your changes	> <i>git checkout -b new-branch-name</i>
Add	Add a file to your next commit.	> <i>git add filename</i>
Commit	Commit your changes.	> <i>git commit -m "Your commit message."</i>
Checkout A File	Check-out a file from the last commit. Reverts any changes you have made and restores the last committed version of a file.	> <i>git checkout filename</i>

DevNet Sample-Code Workflow



Step	Action	Git Command
1.	Clone the Remote Repository	<code>git clone url</code>
2.	Create and Checkout a Local Branch	<code>git checkout -b new-branch-name</code>
3.	Incrementally Commit Changes	<code>git add filename</code> <code>git commit -m "Commit message"</code>



Merge & PR

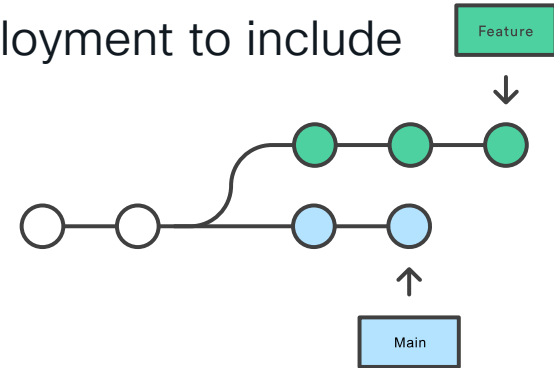


Merging

- Merging is designed to integrate changes from one branch into another branch

Use Case

- Multi-site Python deployment automation in the main branch
- The Main branch also contains a newly added Meraki deployment script
- The Feature branch needs to expand on Meraki deployment to include camera option for the new site



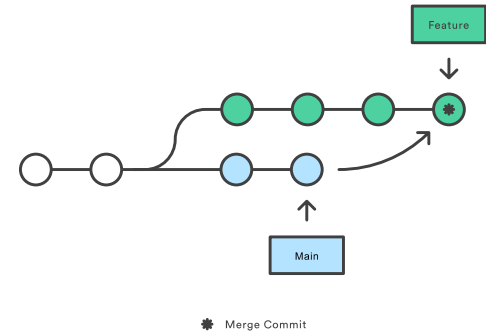
Merge - Steps

```
git checkout feature  
git merge main
```

OR

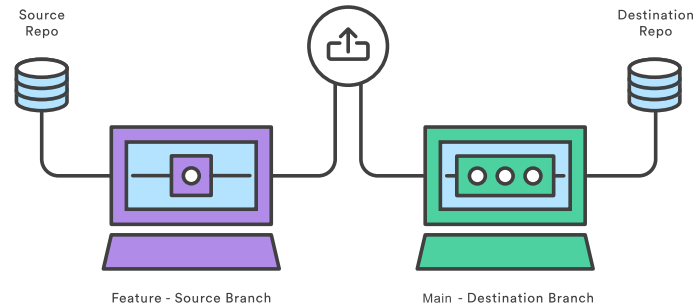
```
git merge feature main
```

- Merging is a non-destructive operation
- Existing branches are not changed in any way
- **Feature** branch will have irrelevant commits
- Can be difficult for developers to understand features added to branch



Pull Request

- Pull requests are a mechanism for a developer to notify team members that they have completed a feature.
- Once their feature branch is ready, the developer files a pull request via their GitHub account
- This lets everybody involved know that they need to review the code and merge it into the main branch.



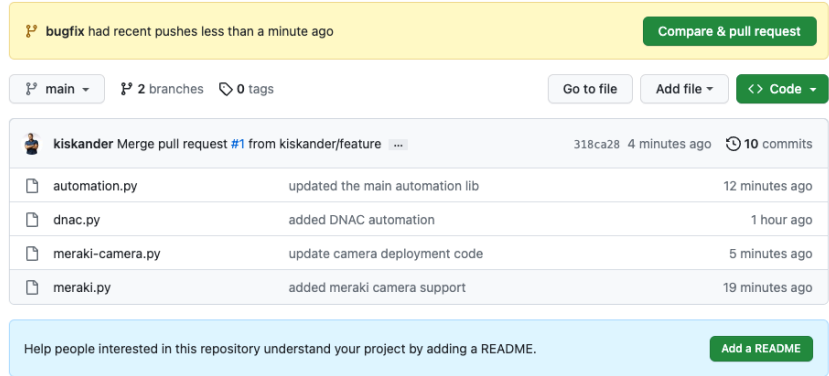
Pull Request - Steps



```
git push origin feature
```

Use Case

- Let's take our Meraki cameras **Feature** branch
- I've made changes, commits and I'd like to notify **Main** branch owners
- **Feature** branch is to become the base code in **Main**



Interactive Rebase



Interactive Rebase

A Tool for Optimising & Cleaning up Commit History

- Change a commit's message
- Delete a commit
- Reorder commits
- Combine multiple commits into one
- Edit/Split an existing commit into multiple new ones



⚠ DO NOT use Interactive Rebase on commits that you've already pushed/shared on remote repo!

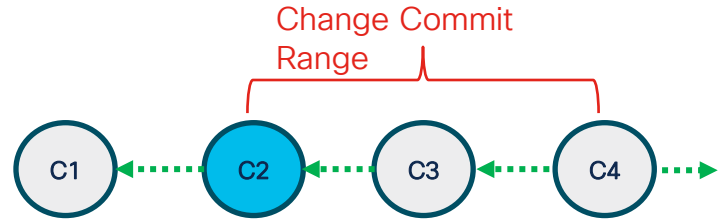
Interactive Rebase

Use Case

- You are working on the **Feature** branch to expand Meraki automation
- You have been making commits ever function you write
- You are ready to merge into **Main** branch
- You have realized:
 1. “Over Commit-ted” – get it?
 2. Commit messages aren’t cutting it

Interactive Rebase - Steps

1. How far back do you want to go?



2.

```
git rebase -i HEAD~2
```

3. Determine action to apply to your commits

4. Make changes & save

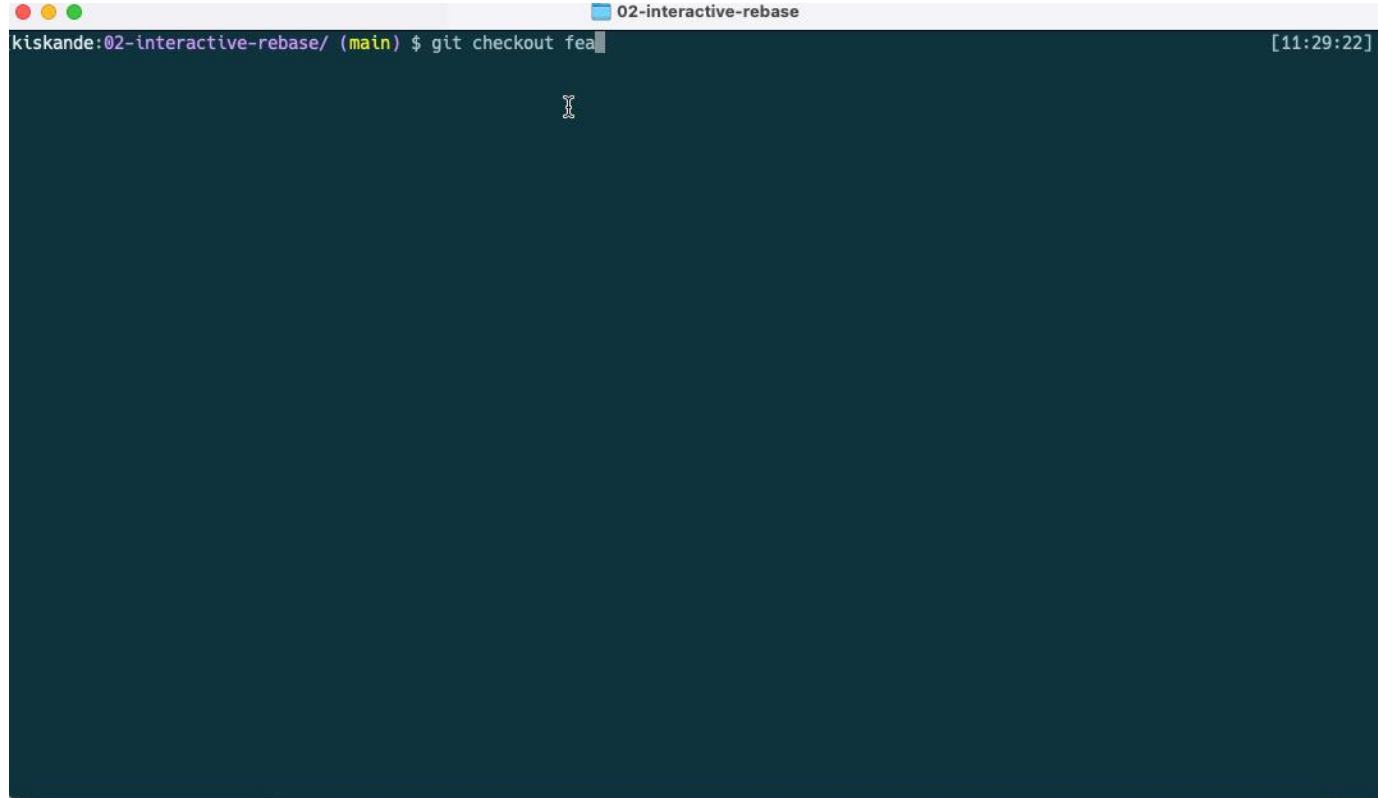
5.

```
git log --online
```

Let's try it!

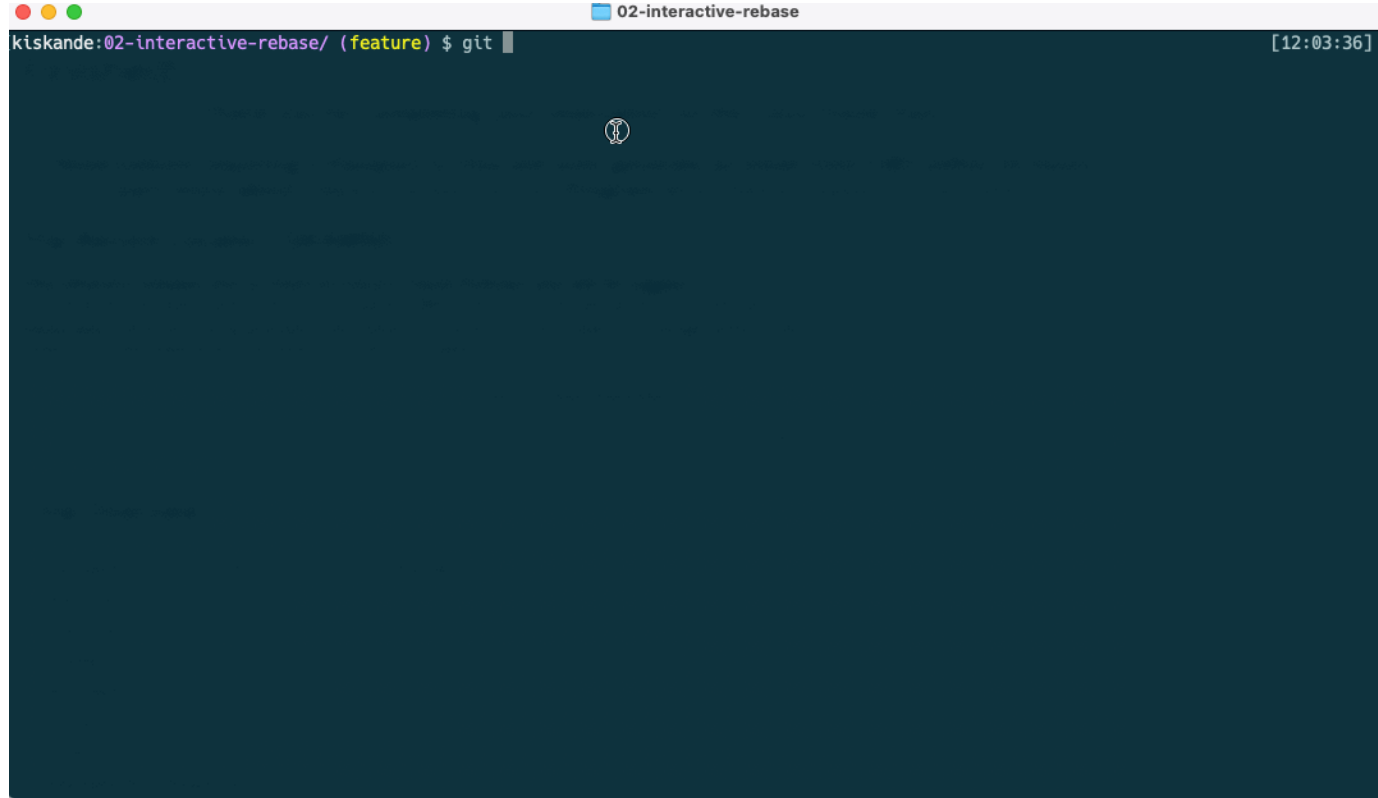


Interactive Rebase – Reword

A terminal window titled "02-interactive-rebase" with a dark blue background. The prompt shows the user is in the "02-interactive-rebase" directory on the "main" branch. The command "git checkout fea" is entered, and the cursor is at the end of the line. The window has standard macOS window controls (red, yellow, green buttons) in the top left corner. A timestamp "[11:29:22]" is visible in the top right corner of the terminal area.

```
kiskande:02-interactive-rebase/ (main) $ git checkout fea [11:29:22]
```

Interactive Rebase - Squash



Cherry Picking 🍒

Cherry Picking 🍒

Use Case

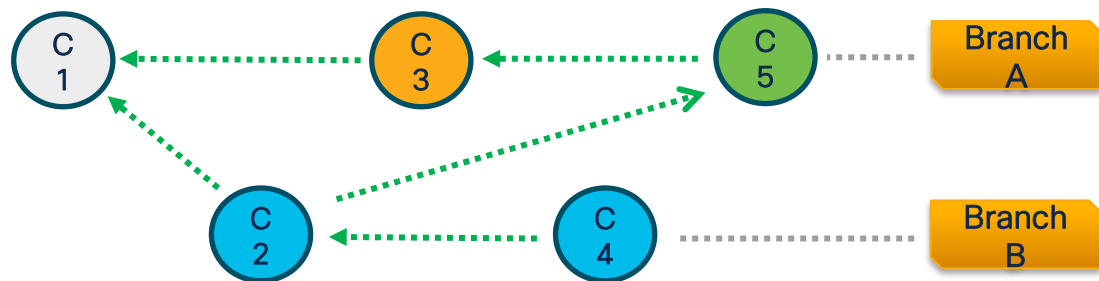
- You are working on the **Feature** branch to expand your Meraki site automation
- You have made a commit on the **Feature** Branch
- You noticed you are working in the **Main** Branch
- The commit does not belong in **Main** .. Yet
- What to do??



Cherry Picking 🍒

Integrate Single, Specific commit

- Cherry Picking allows you to select individual commits
- Cherry Picking integrate specific commits to Branch
- Only Commit C2 from Branch B to integrate into Branch A



Cherry Picking 🍒 - Steps

1. While on **Main** Grab the commit hash

```
git log --oneline
```

2. Checkout the **Feature** branch

```
git checkout Feature
```

3. Cherry Pick the commit

```
git cherry-pick a827df1
```

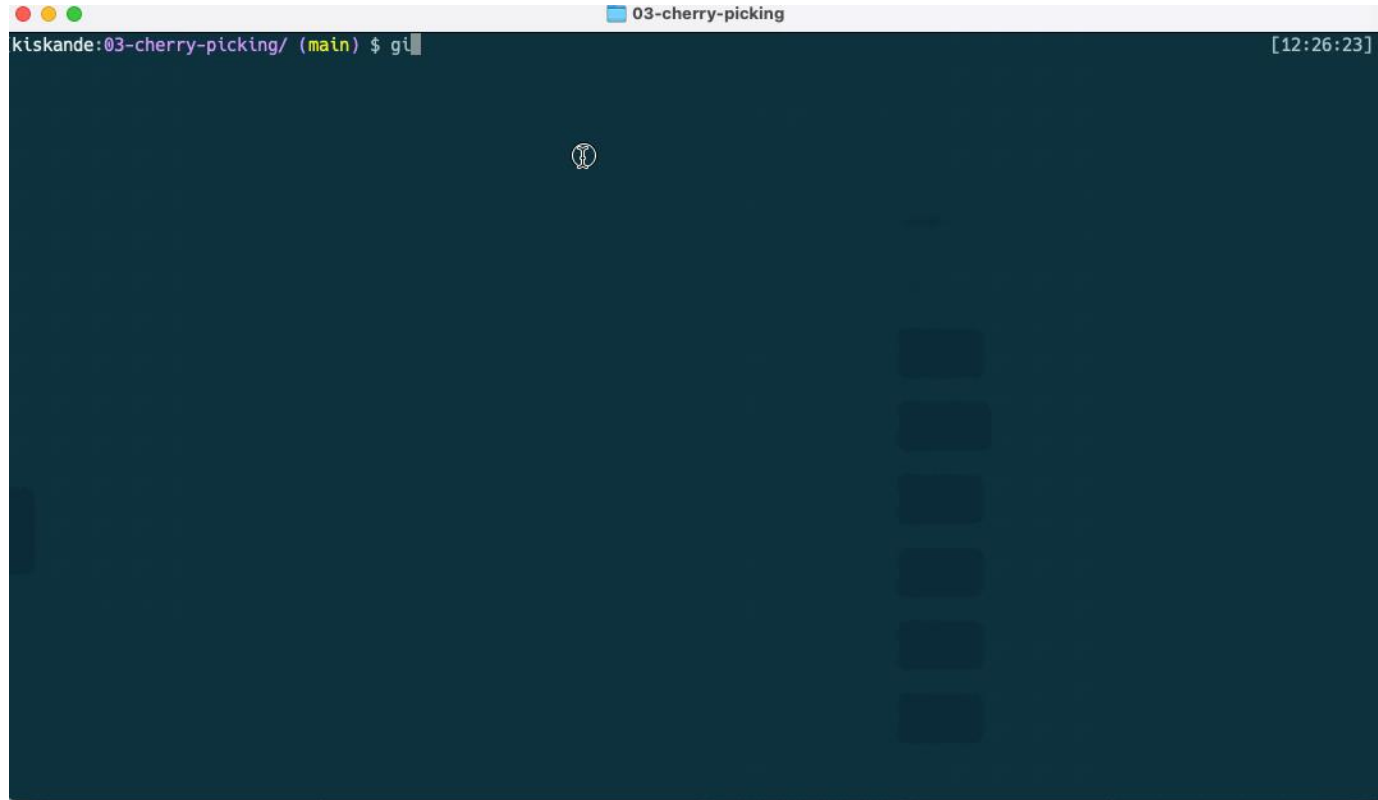
4. Clean up **Main**

```
git checkout main  
git reset --hard HEAD~1
```

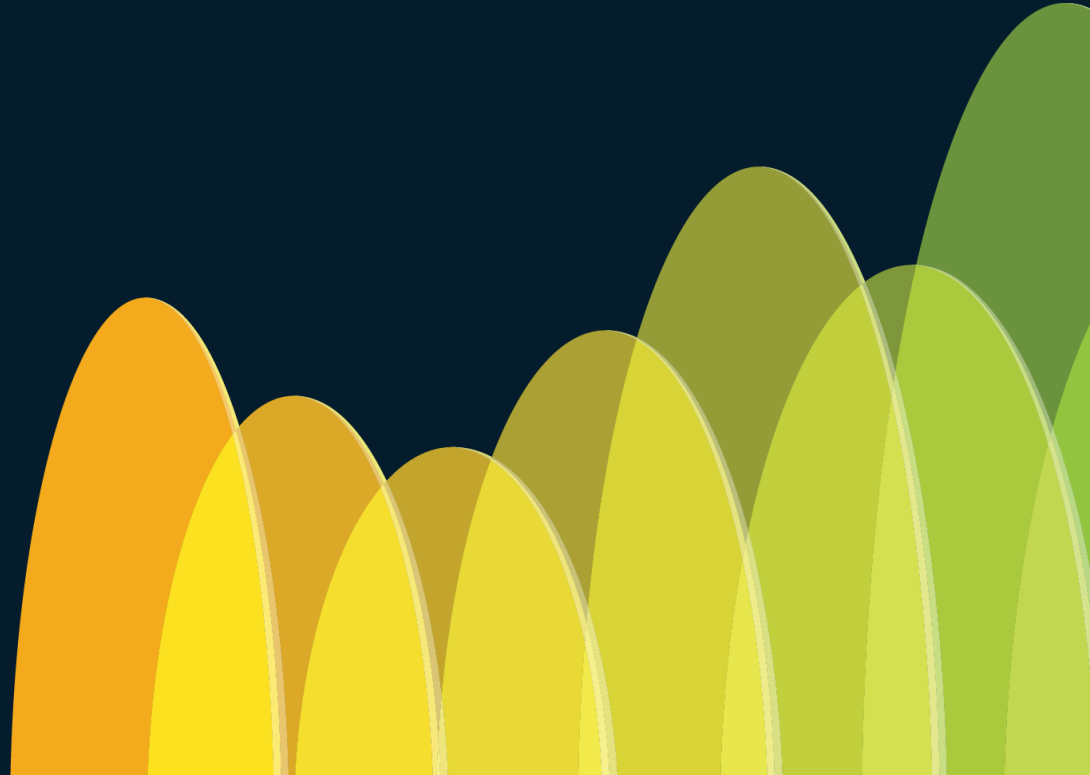
Let's try it!



Cherry Picking



Reference logs



Reflog

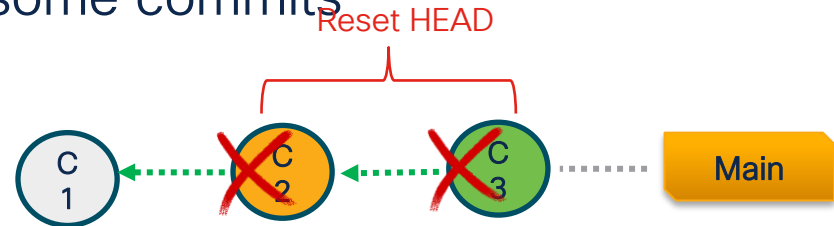
- Reflog is a journal of all the movement
- Reflog is a Protocol of HEAD Pointer Movements
- Merge, Rebase, Cherry Pick, Reset .. All of the movements

```
01-merge-pr
~
~
~
kiskande:01-merge-pr/ (main) $ git reflog
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{0}: checkout: moving from bugfix to main
8cf5672 HEAD@{1}: commit: bug fixes
afe5ba3 HEAD@{2}: checkout: moving from feature to bugfix
afe5ba3 HEAD@{3}: commit: added connection string json
0ef3009 HEAD@{4}: checkout: moving from main to feature
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{5}: checkout: moving from feature to main
0ef3009 HEAD@{6}: commit: update camera deployment code
264dfdc HEAD@{7}: commit: created meraki camera support
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{8}: checkout: moving from main to feature
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{9}: merge feature: Fast-forward
e806b9f HEAD@{10}: checkout: moving from feature to main
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{11}: checkout: moving from main to feature
e806b9f HEAD@{12}: checkout: moving from feature to main
ee864e7 (HEAD -> main) HEAD@{13}: merge main: Merge made by the 'recursive' strategy.
1785fbb HEAD@{14}: checkout: moving from main to feature
e806b9f HEAD@{15}: commit: updated the main automation lib
7816048 HEAD@{16}: checkout: moving from feature to main
1785fbb HEAD@{17}: commit: added meraki camera support
7816048 HEAD@{18}: checkout: moving from main to feature
7816048 HEAD@{19}: commit: added DNAC automation
a827df1 HEAD@{20}: commit: added XE ZTP support
e2e52b1 HEAD@{21}: commit: created and tested automation script
5be16ca HEAD@{22}: commit (initial): init commit of automation.py
(END)
```

Reflog

Use Case

- You are working on the **Feature** to expand your Meraki site automation
- You have gone “commit-crazy”
- You think you want to get rid of some commits
- You use “git reset”
- You delete an important commit
- Panic Mode 🤖



Reflog - Steps

1. Reflog are in chronological order



```
git reflog --oneline
```

2. Find the catastrophic reset and copy the state before into new Branch

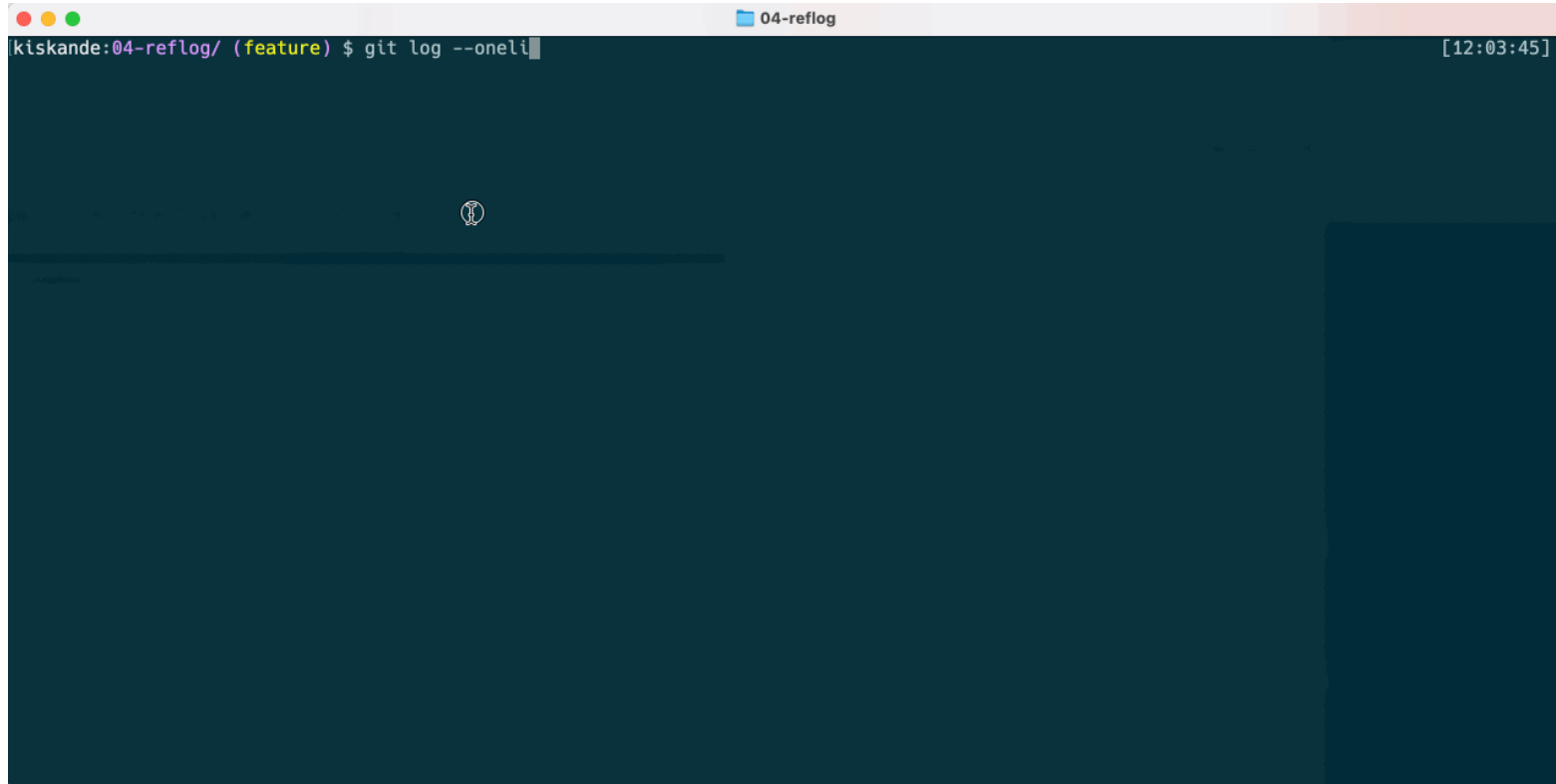


```
git branch recovery 8cf5672
```

Let's try it!



Reflog - Recover Commits



A terminal window titled "04-reflog" is shown. The prompt is "kiskande:04-reflog/ (feature) \$". The command "git log --oneli" has been entered. The terminal output is mostly obscured by a large, dark, semi-transparent rectangular box. A small icon of a person is visible in the upper left area of the terminal window. The top right corner of the terminal window shows the time "[12:03:45]".

Submodules



Submodules

- Git Repo inside Git Repo
- Submodule is a standard git repo which means you can add, commit, pull ..
- Difference is that it is nested within a parent repo
- Important to know:
 - Submodule content are not stored in the parent repository
 - Parent repo stores:
 - Submodule remote URL
 - Local path
 - Checked out revision

Submodules

Use Case

- You decided to use an SDK to automate your Meraki Deployment
- SDK needs to be embedded into your **Branch**
- **Option 1 (bad):**
 - Download the SDK , Mix it with your code and treat it as one branch
 - Updating the external code is now a manual process
- **Option 2 (good):**
 - Git Submodules

Submodules - Steps - Local Project

1. Let's create a subfolder with our library

```
mkdir lib  
cd lib
```

2. Grab the library as a Git Submodule

```
git submodule add https://github.com/meraki/dashboard-api-python.git
```

3. View system files

```
cat .gitmodules  
cat .git/config
```

⚠ DO NOT forget to commit
the submodule in Parent repo

Submodules - Steps - Cloned Repo

1. Clone Repo with Submodules

```
git clone https://github.com/apache/airflow.git
```

2. Notice the submodules. empty folders

▼ actions	Today at 2:46 PM
▼ breeze	Today at 2:44 PM
action.yml	Today at 2:44 PM
▼ build-ci-images	Today at 2:44 PM
action.yml	Today at 2:44 PM

3. Populate the submodules

```
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

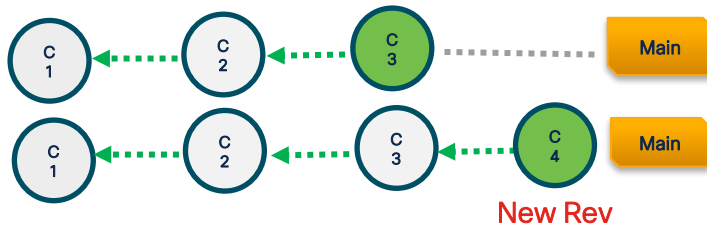
OR

```
git clone --recurse-submodules <url>
```

Submodules - Revision

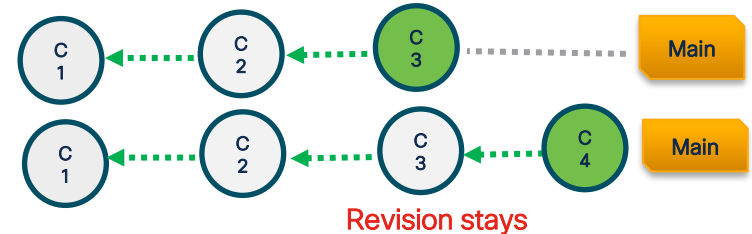
In a “Standard” Git Repo

- You checkout a Branch
- The last commit is your checkout revision
- The new revisions are always the latest commits



In a Submodule Git Repo

- Your last commit is your checkout revision
- You must explicitly update and commit a submodule for the point to move



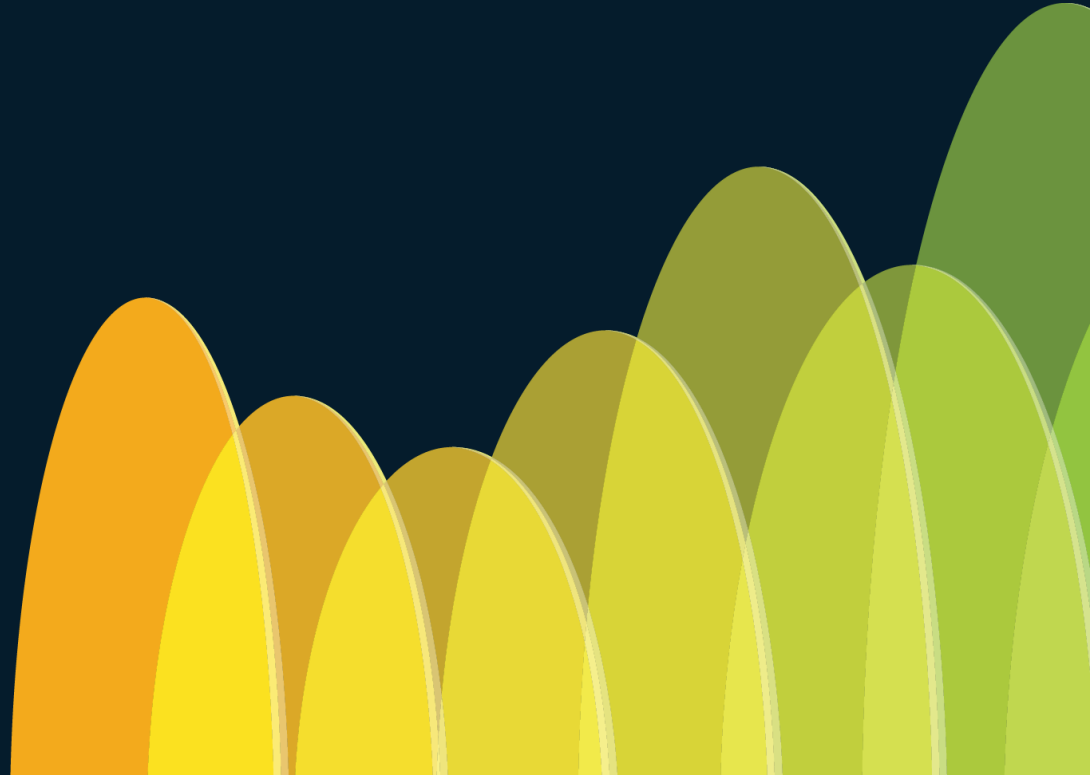
Search and Find



Search & Find

Action	flag	Command
By date	<i>--before / -- after</i>	<i>git log --after="2023-2-1" --before"2023-4-1"</i>
By message	<i>--grep</i>	<i>git log --grep="" (Can use Regex)</i>
By author	<i>--author</i>	<i>git log --author="Kareem iskander"</i>
By file	<i>-- <filename></i>	<i>git log -- README.md</i>
By branch	<i><branch-A></i>	<i>git log feature..main (in main but not in feature)</i>

Resources





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