

The background features a vibrant, abstract design. On the left, there are horizontal, wavy bands of color in shades of red, orange, yellow, and green. On the right, a bright white light source emits a series of colorful rays in shades of blue, cyan, and yellow, creating a sunburst effect.

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Let's go

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The bridge to possible

Architecting Hybrid Multi-Cloud Infrastructures

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Distinguished, Solutions Engineer
BRKDCN-2616

CISCO *Live!*

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A little bit about David...



Cisco role: Distinguished, Solutions Engineer, Cross domain architecture, strategic customer engagements, Technology Strategy, Senior Technical Talent

Unofficial Title: “A person that needs to learn how to say, “No.”

Experience: been at Cisco 1/2 my life.

Fun fact 1: An awesome husband; Father of a daughter and twin boys

Fun fact 2: Written / published 4 books; 4 video series and working on my last one 😊

Fun fact 3: Enjoy the outdoors, music, working out, running, etc.

Cisco Webex App

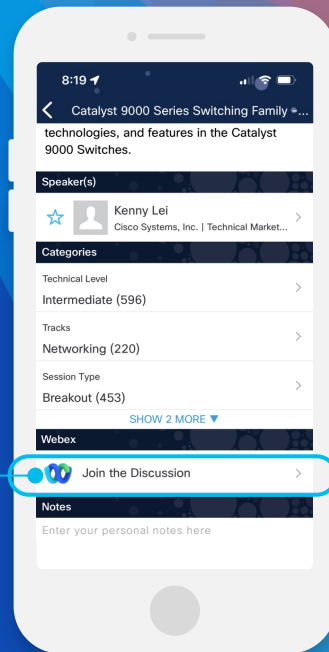
Questions?

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Abstract

Architecting Hybrid / Multi-Cloud Infrastructures

Abstract: Cloud continues to be the disruptor; customers have been on the Cloud Journey for several years. This session will address the following Architectural trends and provide guidance for the growing demand of Users and Applications being Everywhere in a Multi-Cloud world. As applications and data are moving from the traditional private data centers to public clouds; private Data Center(s) and Applications are still critical.

This session will provide architectural guidance to help customers optimize and understand traffic flows, operational efficiencies and visibility in a Multi-Cloud world.

Goals of this session:

- Provide you an understanding of the following and provide use-cases:
 - Understanding of the current Cloud Networking deployment options
 - Explain current challenges and use-cases
 - Provide In-Region, Intra-Region and Inter-Cloud Connectivity Options Visibility
 - Articulate a consistent and uniform Cloud networking / segmentation / security solution
 - Visibility across entire solution

So many solutions, so many options – want to provide discussion, what I have seen and conversations with customers and the engagements with Engineering.

Agenda

- Current Challenges, Issues, Administration and Options
- Multi-Cloud Networking: Cisco Cloud Network Controller
 - Single region connectivity
 - Multi-region connectivity
 - Multi-Cloud connectivity
 - Private Data Center connectivity
- Branch to Cloud
- Cisco Cloud Network Controller Configuration
- New capabilities / features
- Visibility
- Summary

Taxonomy

- Hybrid-Cloud: Public-Cloud and Private-Cloud
- Multi-Cloud: Hybrid-Cloud + 2 or more CSP(s)
- East / West Traffic Flows within (intra) across Cloud Regions/Branches
- North / South Traffic Flows across (inter) Clouds and on-prem Data Center as well as user to app flows
- I will be using AWS terminology but applies to other Cloud Providers (CSP):
 - IGW: Internet Gateway
 - DX-Gateway: Direct Connect Gateway
 - TGW: Transit Gateway
 - vPC: Virtual Private Cloud

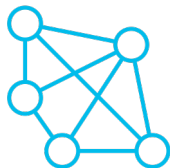


Cloud Terminology Matrix

Area	AWS service	Azure service	GCP Service
Cloud virtual networking	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)	Virtual Network (VNet)	Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
NAT gateways	NAT Gateways	Virtual Network NAT	Cloud NAT
Cross-premises connectivity	VPN Gateway	VPN Gateway	Cloud VPN Gateway
DNS management	Route 53	DNS	Cloud DNS
DNS-based routing	Route 53	Traffic Manager	Cloud DNS
Dedicated network	Direct Connect	ExpressRoute	Cloud Interconnect
Load balancing	Network Load Balancer	Load Balancer	Network Load Balancing
Application-level load balancing	Application Load Balancer	Application Gateway	Global Load Balancing
Route table	Custom Route Tables	User Defined Routes	Routes
Private link	PrivateLink	Azure Private Link	Private Service Connect
Private PaaS connectivity	VPC endpoints	Private Endpoint	Private Service Connect
Virtual network peering	VPC Peering Transit Gateway	VNet Peering	VPC Network Peering
Content delivery networks	Cloud Front	Azure CDN	Cloud CDN
Network Monitoring	VPC Flow Logs	Azure Network Watcher	Network Intelligence Center

Current Challenges, Issues, Administration and Options

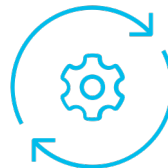
Challenges to solve



Network
connectivity



Operations
and visibility



Services
integration



Segmentation
and security

Need For Homogenous Experience Across
Heterogenous Cloud Environments

Creating two VPC(s) in one Region

1

- Create VPC 1
- Create IP CIDR blocks

2

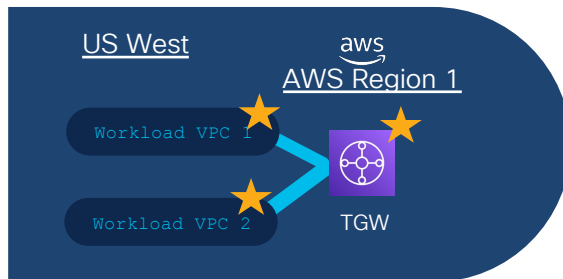
- Create VPC 2
- Create IP CIDR blocks

3

- Create TGW in Region 1

4

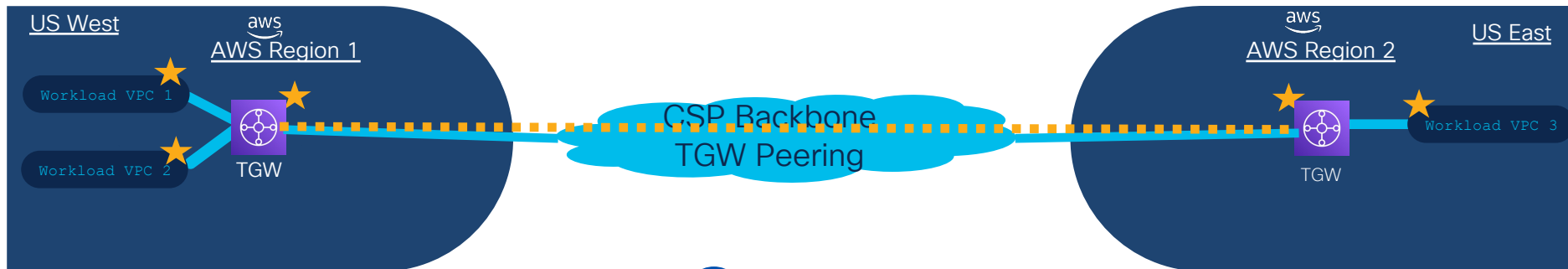
- Set up VPC to TGW attachment
- Create and associate routing table for VRFs VPC 1 and VPC2 in TGW
- Create all the relevant routes for VRFs in each of the component routing tables
- VPC routing table, TGW VPC attachment



★ Administrative touch points,
routing controls and visibility

```
"TransitGatewayId": "tgw-0262a0e521EXAMPLE"  
"TransitGatewayArn": "arn:aws:ec2:us-east-  
2:111122223333:transit-gateway/tgw-0262a0e521EXAMPLE",  
"AssociationDefaultRouteTableId": "tgw-rtb-018774adf3EXAMPLE"  
"PropagationDefaultRouteTableId": "tgw-rtb-018774adf3EXAMPLE"
```

Adding a third VPC in a Second Region



- 1 - Create VPC 3 in region 2
- Create IP CIDR blocks
- 2 - Create TGW in Region 2
- 3 - Set up VPC to TGW attachment
- 4 - Tell VPC 3 about VPC 1 and VPC 2
- Creates and associates routing table for VRFs VPC 3 in the relevant TGWs
- Set up all the relevant routes for VRFs in each of the component routing tables
- VPC routing table, TGW VPC attachment
- 5 - Go to VPC 1 and VPC 2 and tell about VPC 3
- 6 - Set up TGW to TGW peering across regions
- VPC routing table, TGW VPC attachment, TGW peering attachment & routing tables

★ Administrative touch points,
routing controls and visibility

Cloud Native Routing

- **Intent:** Reach 10.1.1.0/24 over all possible paths (ECMP) and Path Failure(s)
- Think of each Cloud as a distributed router
 - How do we know about path failures?
 - How do we have a backup path?
 - ECMP?



Inter-Region Connectivity Options

Connectivity Options



- 1) Leverage a WAN carrier
- 2) Leverage Colo (Equinix Fabric) + MACsec
- 3) Leverage Cloud Native TGW peering
- 4) Middle Mile
- 5) AWS Cloud WAN
- 6) Azure Virtual WAN

Customers are looking to build and create an environment they can switch out of easy (options) based on cost / pricing / charges.

Cloud Connectivity between same CSP

CSP Backbone – Different Regions

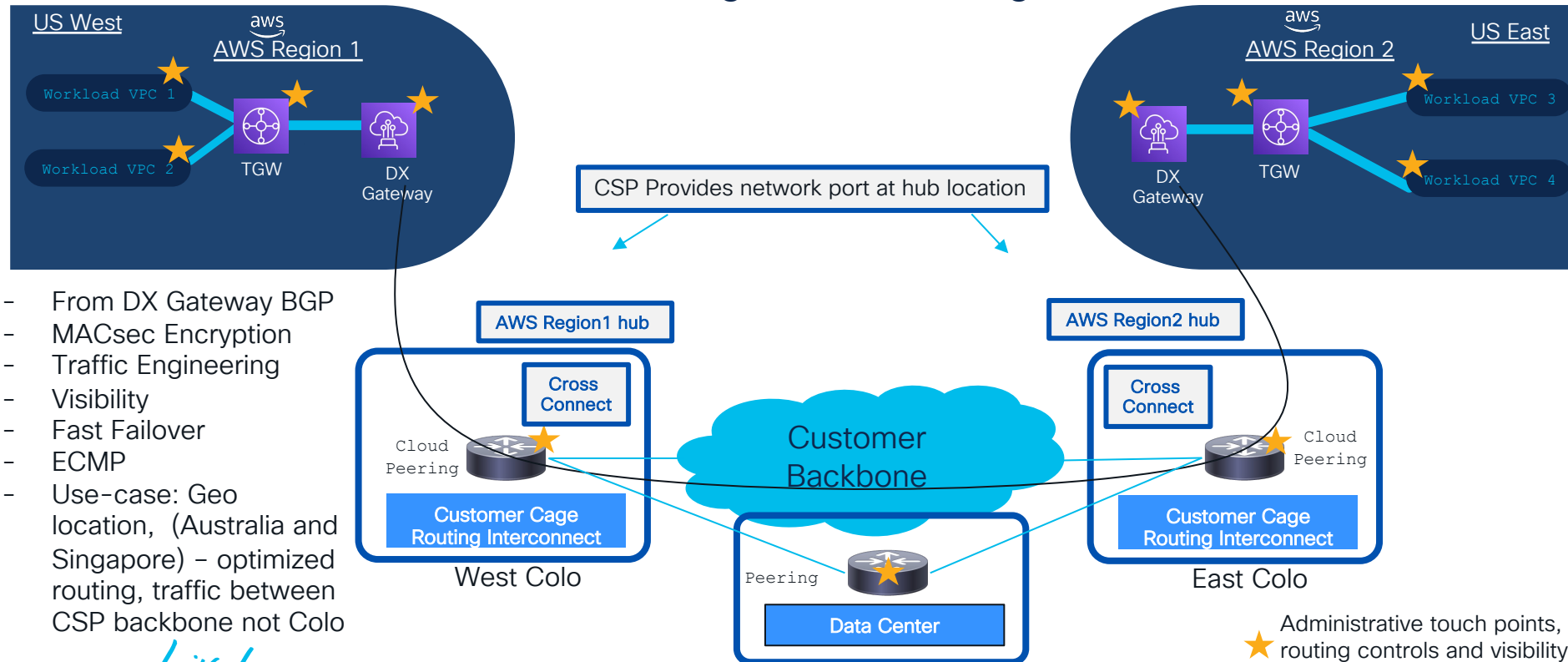


- No Routing protocol
- Leverage CSP Backbone
 - Each region is few hundred miles away. If Internet has latency of 500ms between the region; AWS backbone will offer less than 255ms
- No ECMP Path
- No Feedback mechanism for path-failures
- Misconfigurations

★ Administrative touch points,
routing controls and visibility

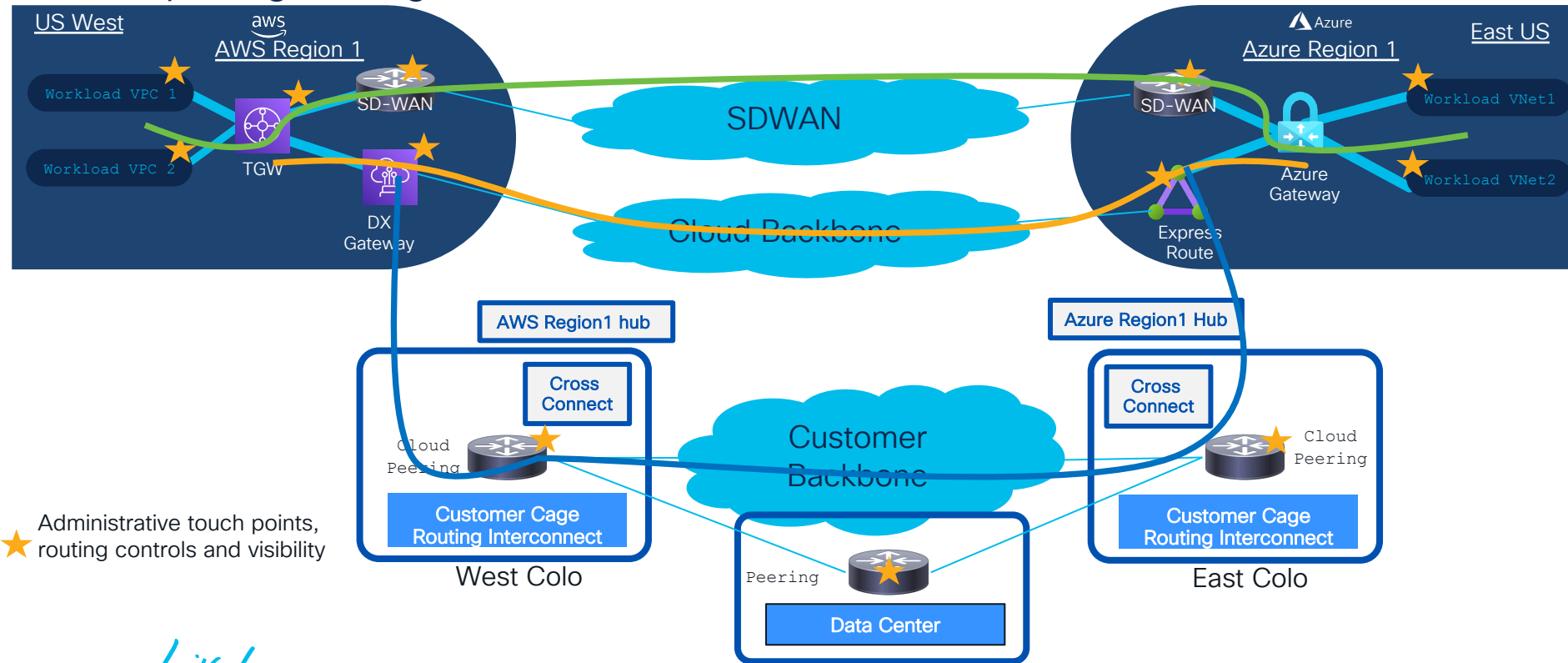
Cloud Connectivity between same CSP

Customer Backbone/Private Peering – Different Regions



Multi-Cloud Connectivity and Routing

Multiple Ingress/Egress



★ Administrative touch points,
routing controls and visibility

Resulting in...

- Three different paths between Region 1 and Region 2
 - SD-WAN/Internet
 - CSP Backbone
 - Private-peering
- Which path with the traffic flow?
- Is ECMP possible?
- Multiple administrative touchpoints
- Failover?
- Path Failure detection and re-routing to a new / backup path?
- What about visibility?

Multi-Cloud Networking: Cisco Cloud Network Controller

Cisco Cloud Network Controller



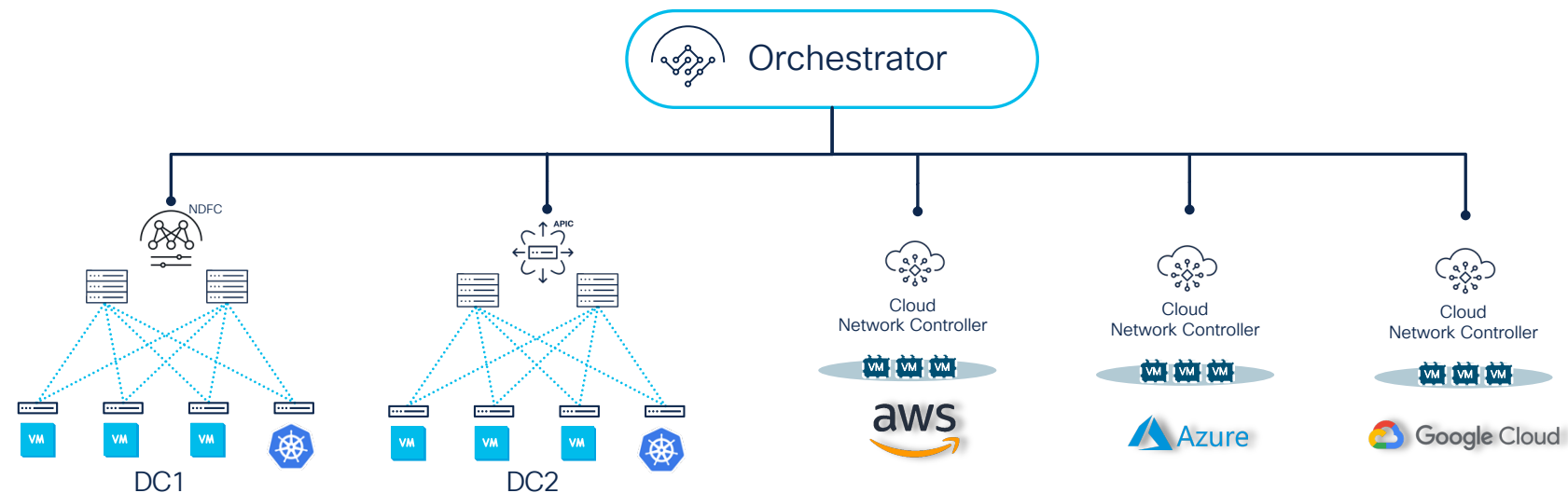
De-Coupled: Security Policy and Network Connectivity

Specify Security Policy
Using Contracts

Network Connectivity
Enabled Per VRF, Route Maps

Multi-cloud Networking

Automate connectivity & segmentation, with full visibility across hybrid cloud



Automated connectivity
and routing

Consistent security and
segmentation

Single Point of Orchestration
Visibility & Troubleshooting

Automated insertion of L4-7
services

Solution Building Blocks



Cloud Network Controller

Region Management
Network and App Policy
Cloud Resources: Inventory,
Visibility, Topology View



Catalyst 8000v Or Cloud Native Router

Intra-Cloud Connectivity
Inter-Cloud Connectivity
External Network Connectivity
BGP Routing (IPv4, EVPN*)



Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator

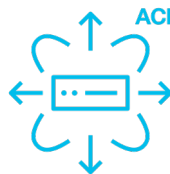
Secure Cloud Inter-Connect
Multi-Tenancy
Networking & Segmentation
L4-L7 Service Insertion

Multi-Cloud: Flexible Deployment Models



Cloud only

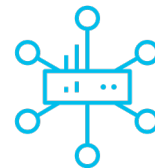
- Intra-cloud single region
- Intra-cloud multi-region
- Inter-clouds



Hybrid with on-premises ACI



Hybrid with on-premises NDFC

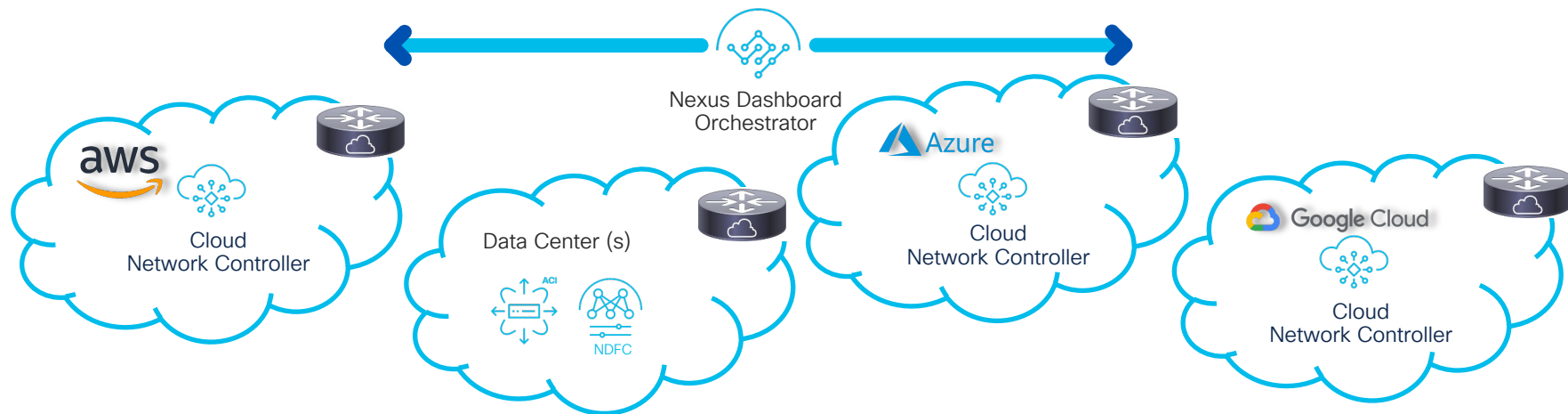


Connect to external networks

- SD-WAN router
- Branch router
- Data Center edge router

Distributed Cloud Networking

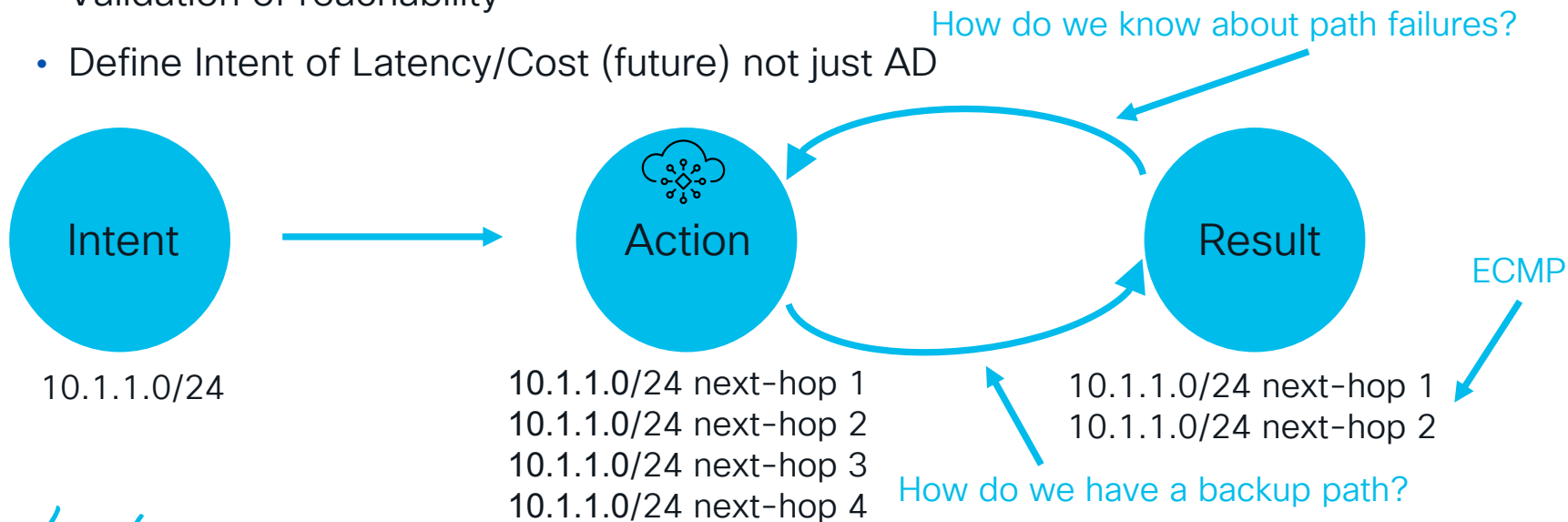
Cloud Network Controller / One per CSP



- The Cloud Network Controller per CSP is the Supervisor Module
 - Intent is stored in the Cloud Network Controller
- Each Cloud is a distributed router
- Leverage SLA probes to monitor Cloud Objects / Path Selection

Cloud Networking with Cloud Network Controller

- **Intent:** Reach 10.1.1.0/24 over all possible paths (ECMP) and Path Failure(s)
- Administrator expresses the Routing Intent (NetOps / Cloud NetOps)
- Validation of reachability
- Define Intent of Latency/Cost (future) not just AD



Connectivity between same CSP: Different Regions

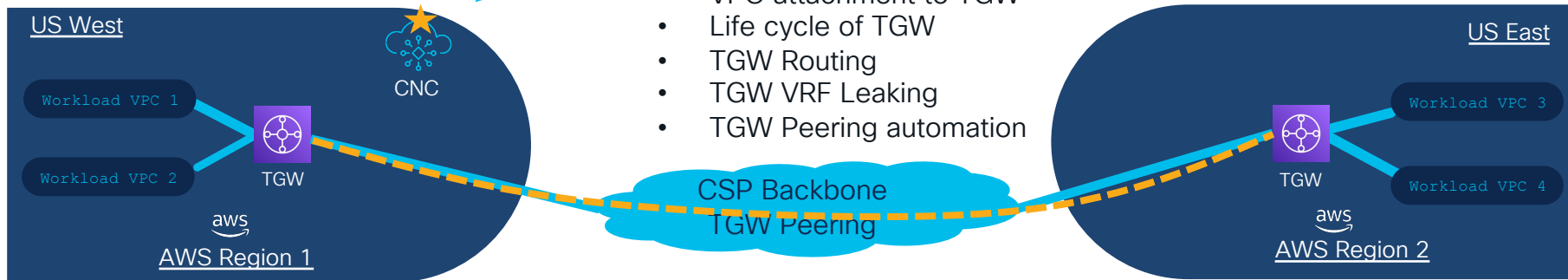
Native TGW Peering



NetOps Operator: David

Intent:

- Create two regions
- Four VPC(s)
- Subnets per VPC / CIDR(s)
- VRF per VPC
- VPC attachment to TGW
- Life cycle of TGW
- TGW Routing
- TGW VRF Leaking
- TGW Peering automation



★ Administrative touch points,
routing controls and visibility

- Keeps up with any further changes automatically
- Additions/Deletions of Subnets, CIDRs, VPCs, Regions.
- Updates to the network policy
- Selective Route Exchange between different routing domains VRF (i.e.: Shared Services)

Connectivity between same CSP: Different Regions

IPSec or Backbone Peering



NetOps Operator: David

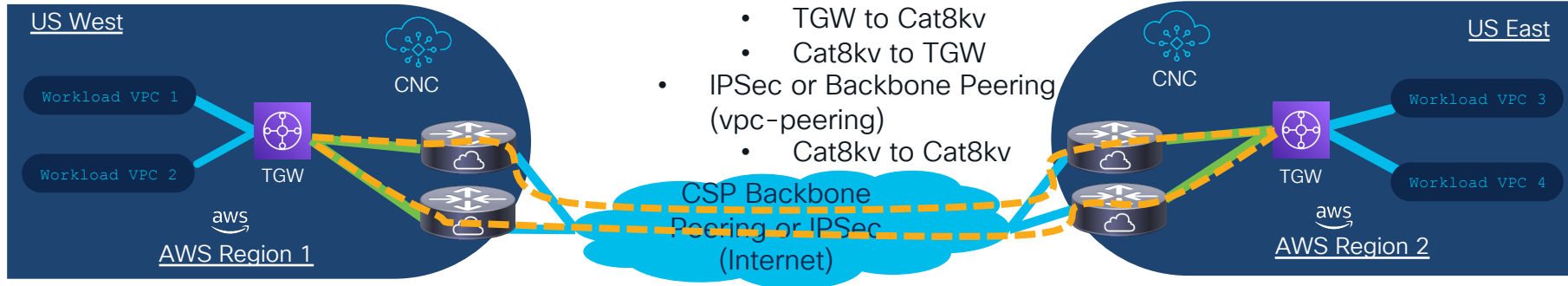
Intent:

- Require Encryption
- Require ECMP
- Insert Cat8kv
- TGW Connect to Cat8kv
- GRE BGP IPv4
 - TGW to Cat8kv
 - Cat8kv to TGW
- IPSec or Backbone Peering (vpc-peering)
 - Cat8kv to Cat8kv

Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator



GRE/BGP TGW Connect (BGP) / ECMP

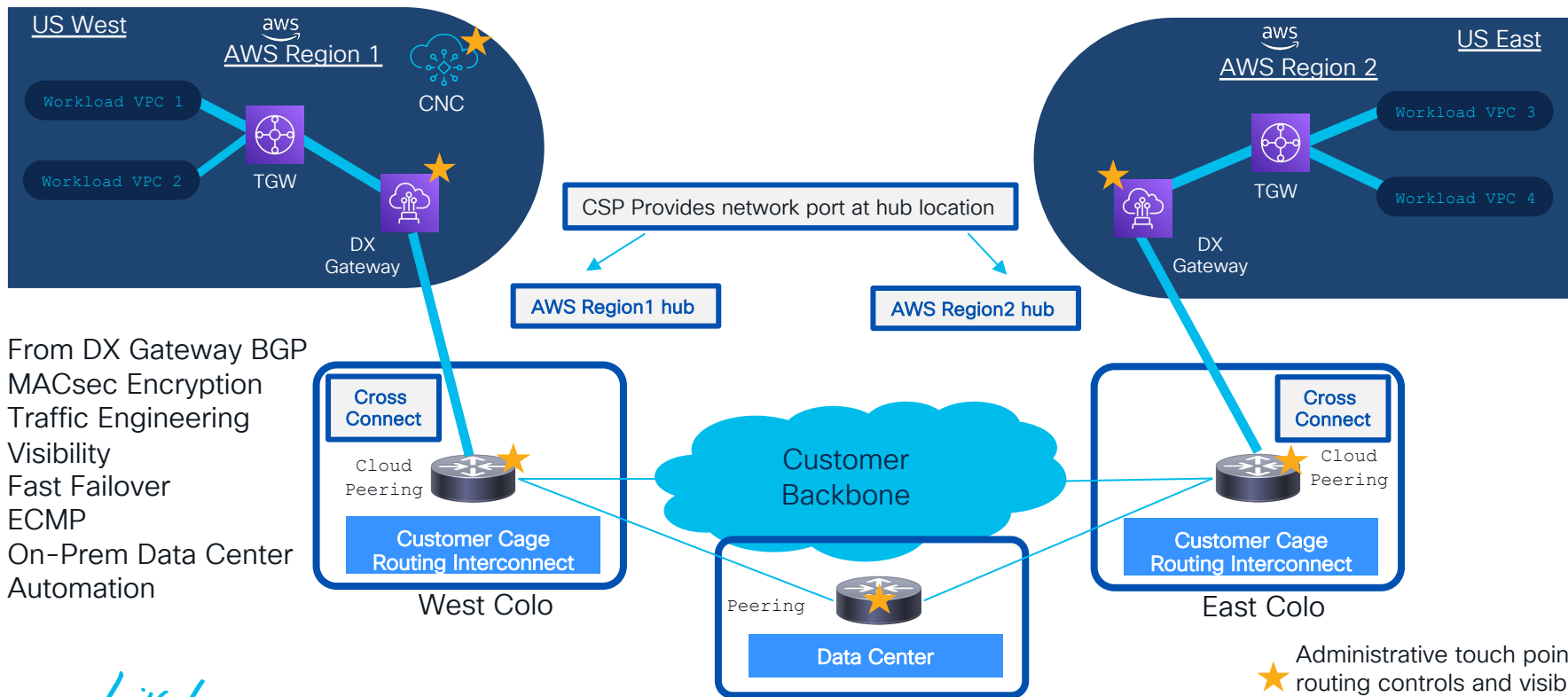


★ Administrative touch points,
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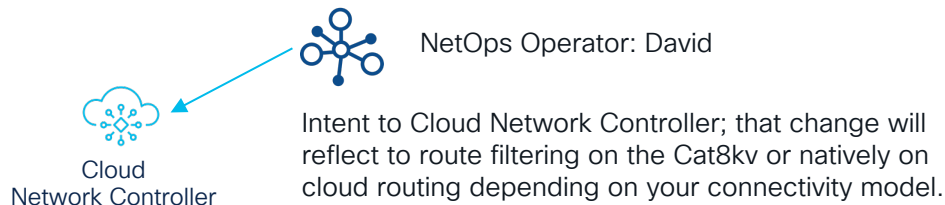
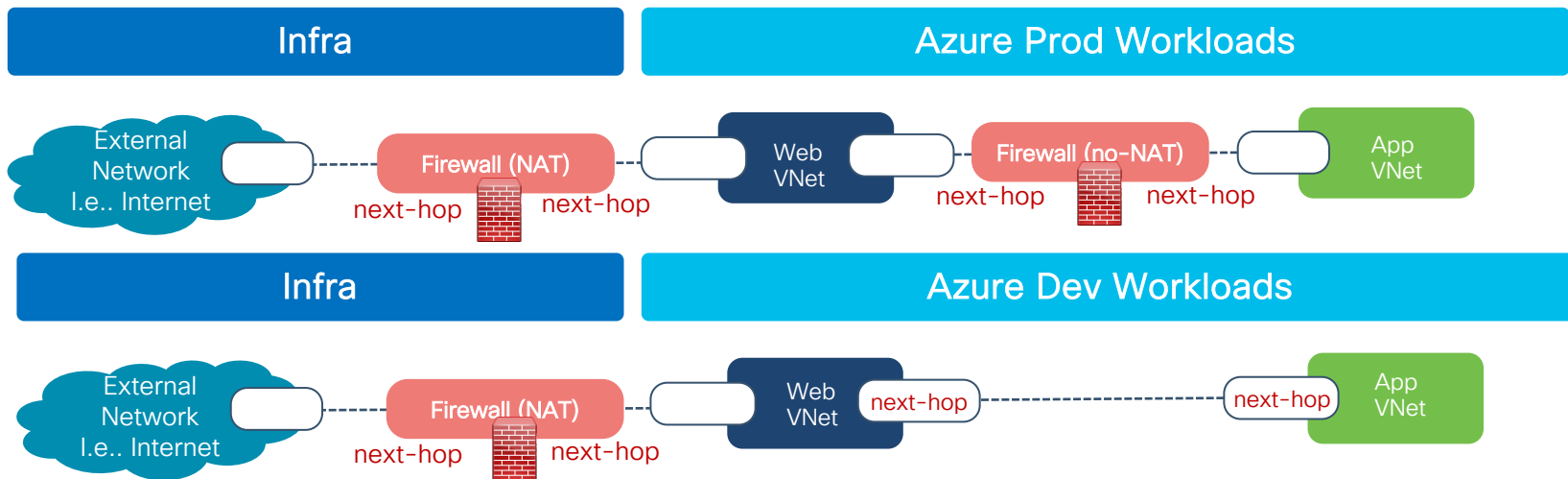
Connectivity between same CSP: Different Regions

Private Peering



L4-L7 Service Insertion

Azure Example



- **Workload(s):**
 - Prod Workloads use firewall as next-hop
 - Dev Workloads Azure "selective" use firewall services/inspection
- **External-Network:**
 - Based on routing policy, i.e. route community
 - route-map and BGP community configuration automatically (route-filtering)

When do you require Cloud Orchestrator?

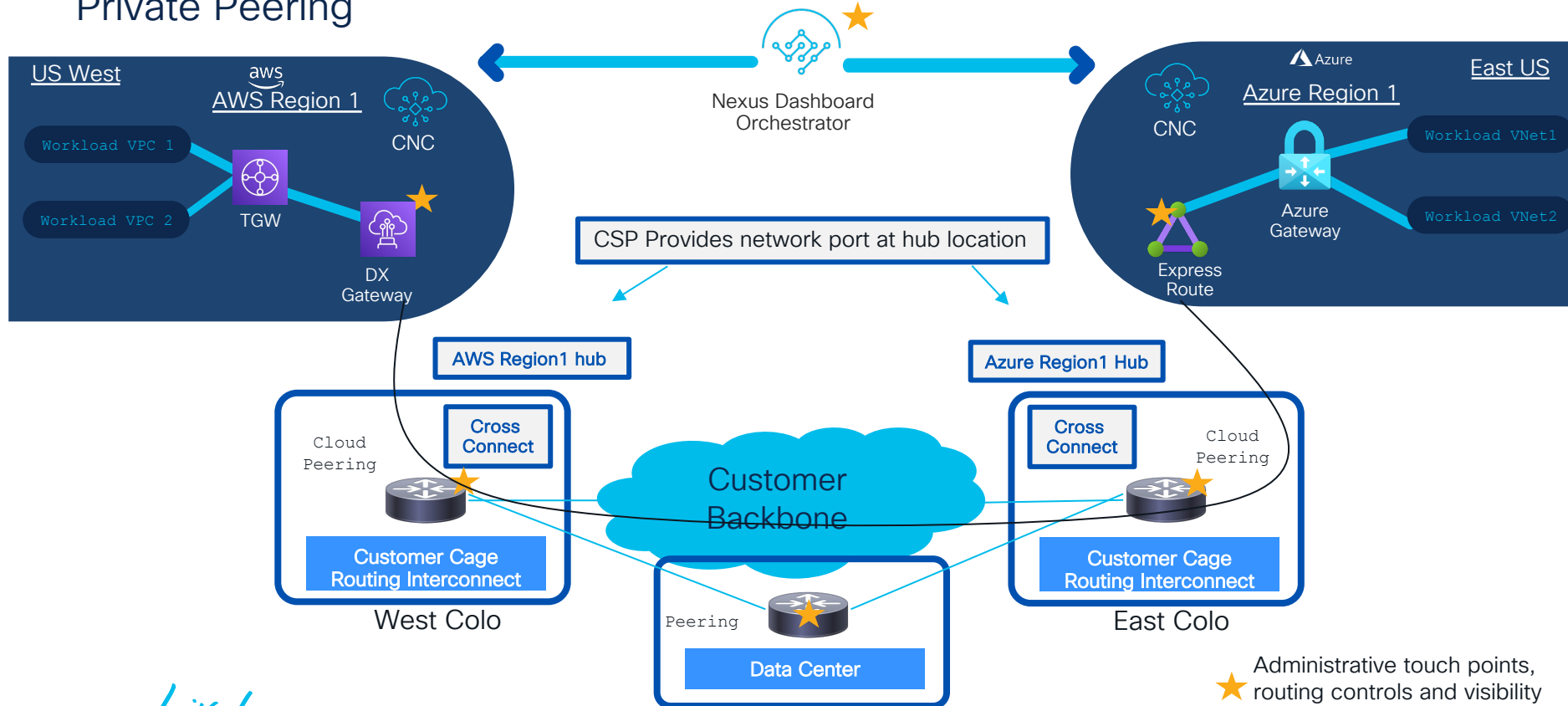


For Your
Reference

Orchestrator	 aws	 Azure	 Google Cloud	On-Prem Data Center
 aws				
 Azure				
 Google Cloud				
On-Prem Data Center				

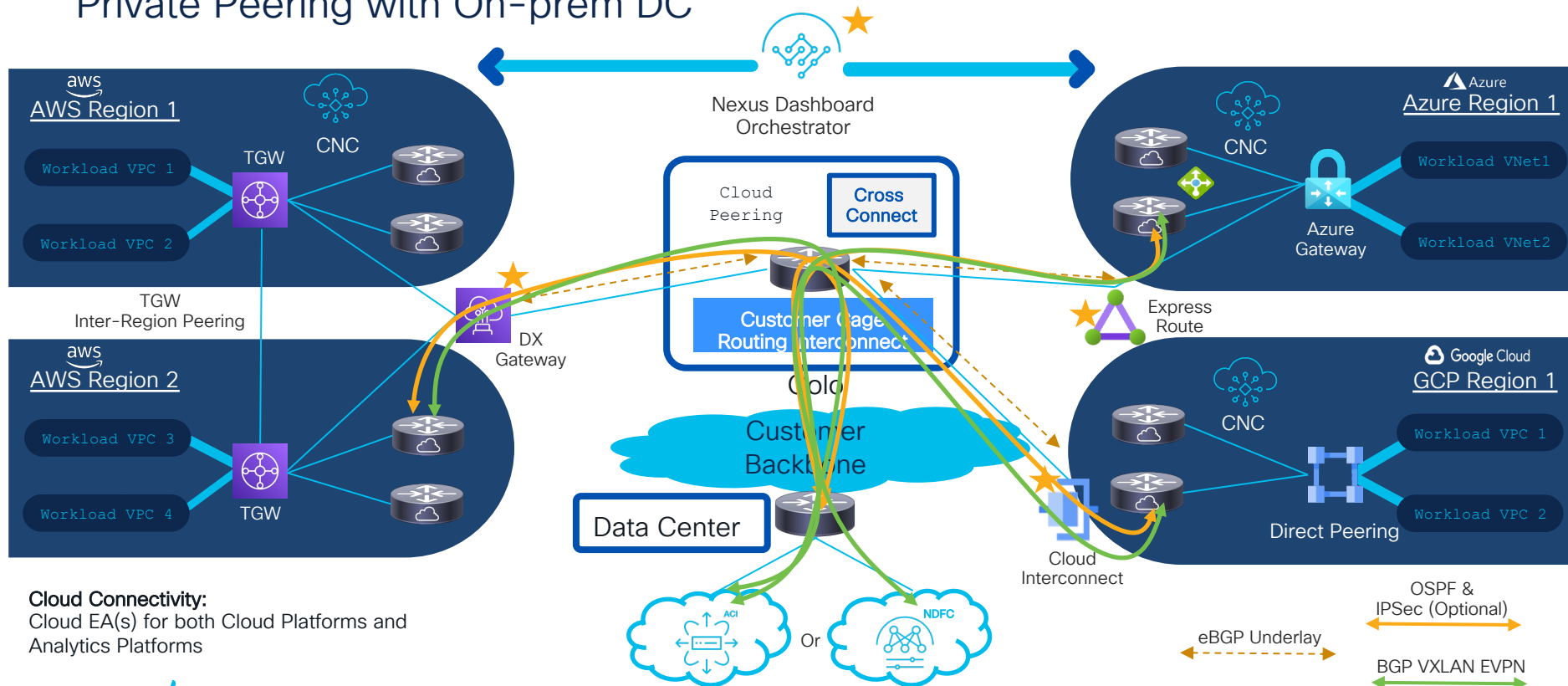
Multi-Cloud Connectivity between different CSPs

Private Peering



Multi-Cloud Connectivity between different CSPs

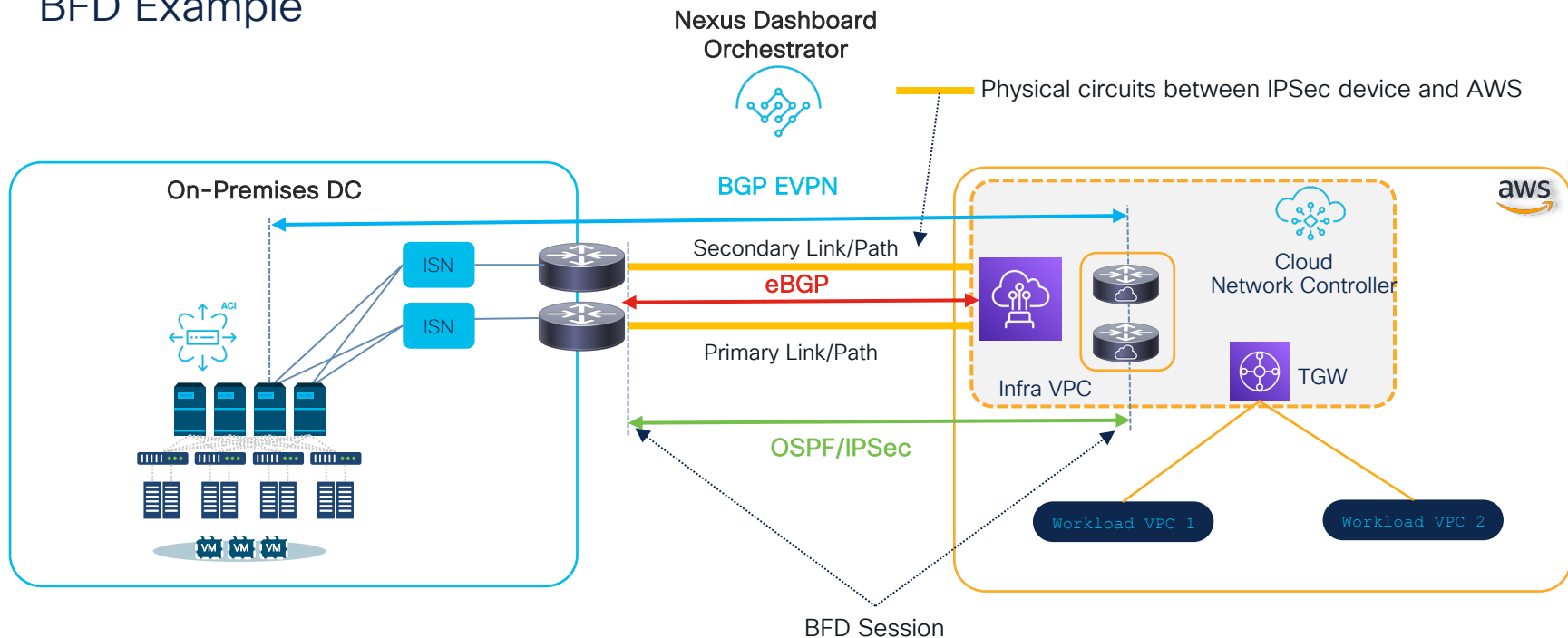
Private Peering with On-prem DC



Cloud Connectivity:
Cloud EA(s) for both Cloud Platforms and Analytics Platforms

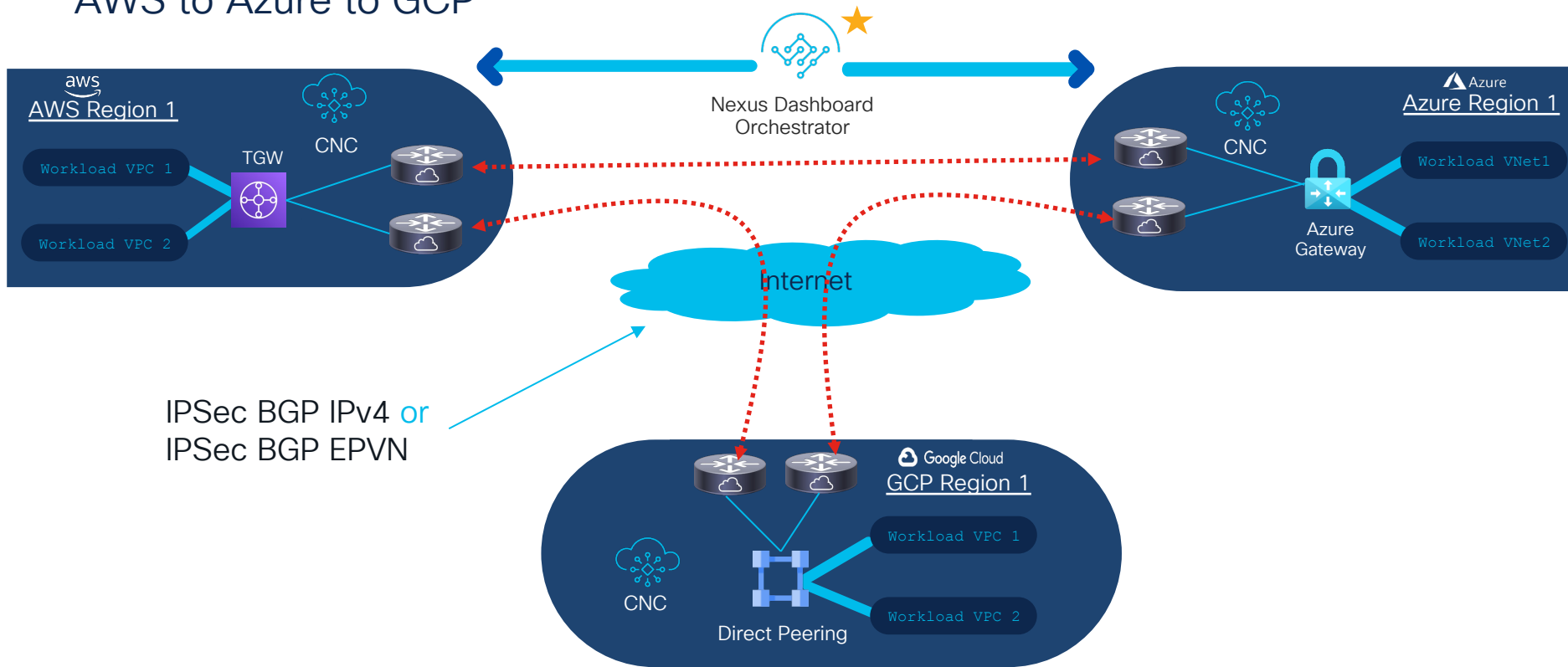
Hybrid Connectivity with AWS Direct Connect

BFD Example



Multi-Cloud Networking

AWS to Azure to GCP



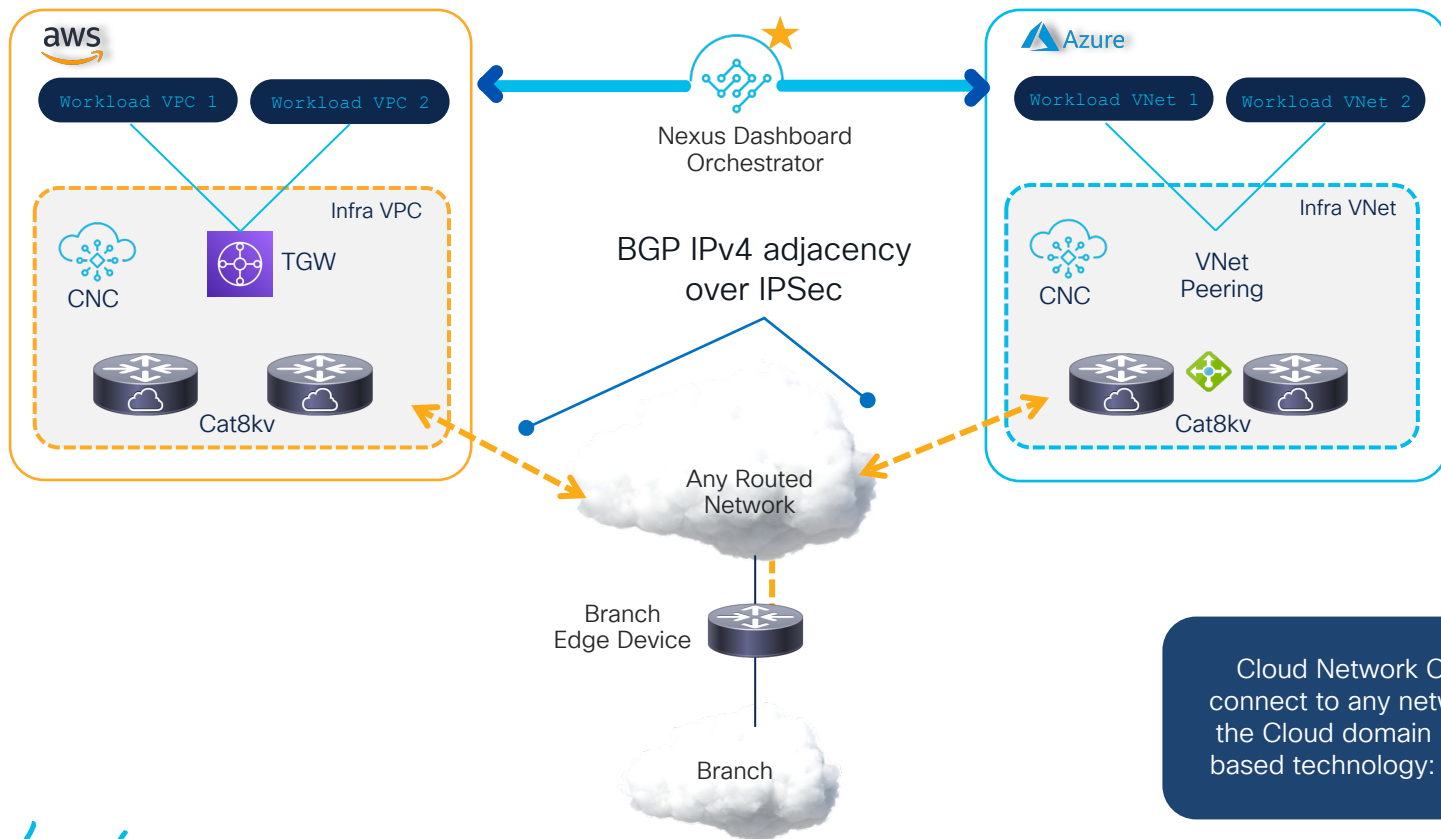
What About Brownfield?



- Connectivity to Azure brownfield VNets
- Connectivity to AWS brownfield VPCs
- Workload VPC / VNet
- VPC / VNet Route Table
- Attachment to new TGWs
- Import of existing VPC/Subnet
- VPCs/Subnets associated to the VRF Routing Domains

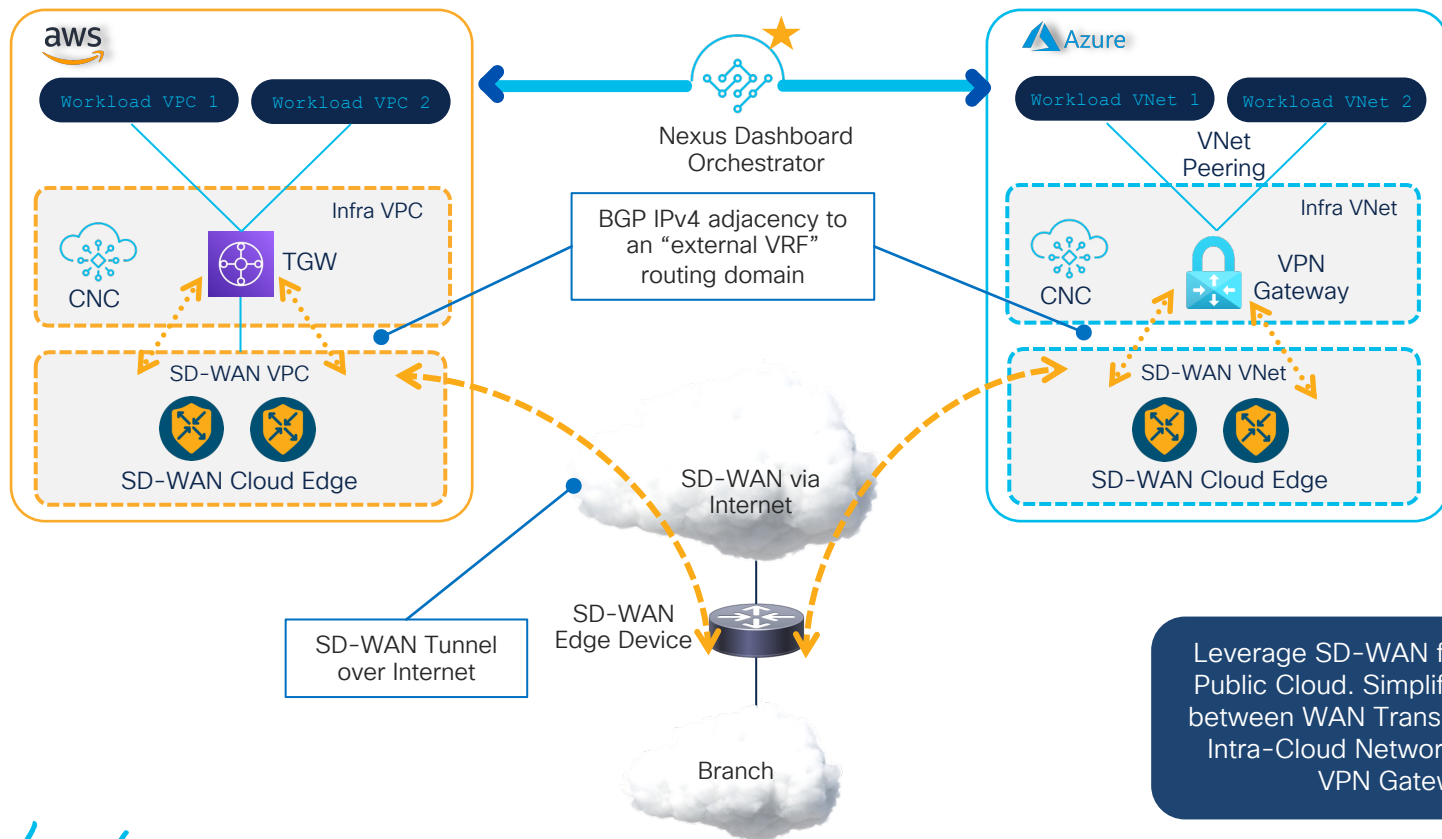
Branch to Cloud

Branch to Cloud Connectivity: Using Cat8kv



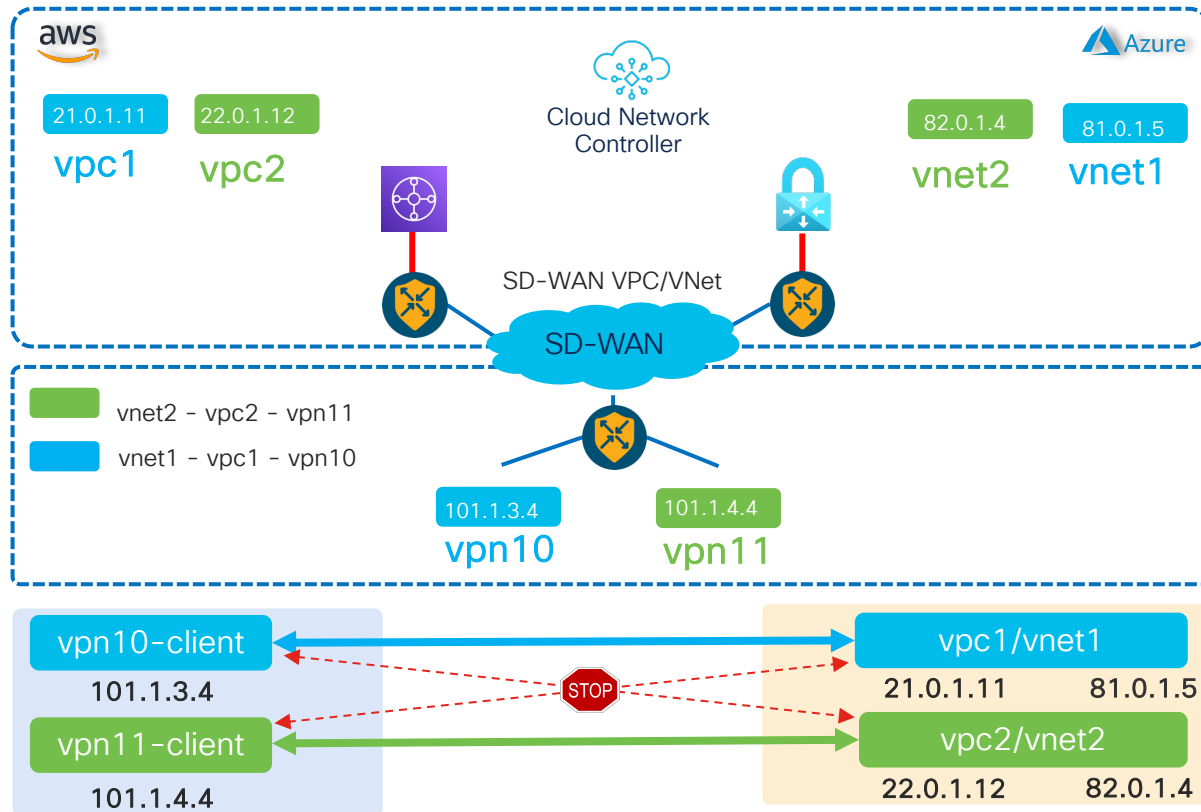
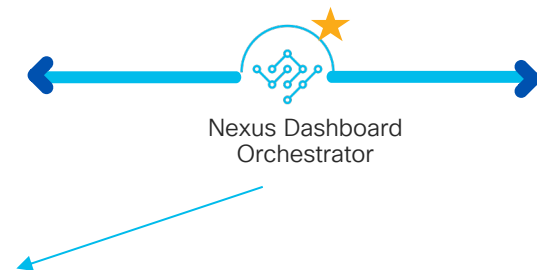
Cloud Network Controller can connect to any network outside of the Cloud domain using standard based technology: IPsec and BGP

Branch to Cloud Connectivity: Using SD-WAN



Leverage SD-WAN from Branch to Public Cloud. Simplified integration between WAN Transport and native Intra-Cloud Networking (TGW or VPN Gateway)

Interworking with SD-WAN

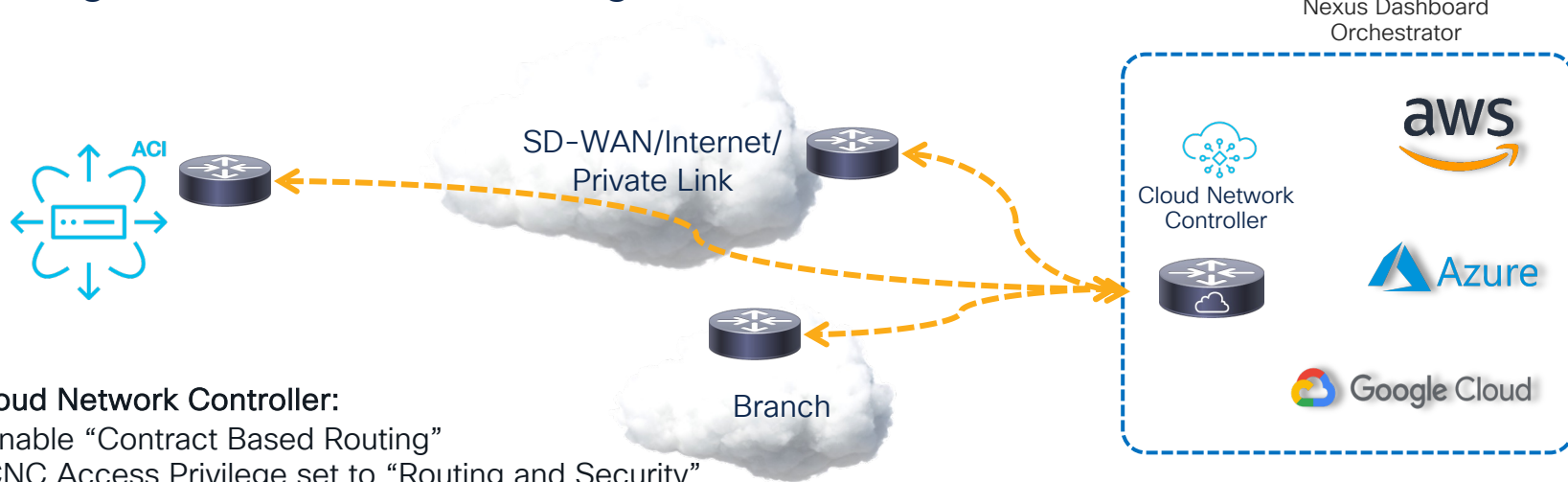


BGP IPsec

Contract-Based Routing or Routing Only with VRF leaking

Cloud Network Controller Implementation / Configuration

Enabling Contract-Based Routing



On Cloud Network Controller:

- 1) Enable “Contract Based Routing”
- 2) CNC Access Privilege set to “Routing and Security”

i When enabled, Contracts will drive routing when route-maps are not configured. When they exist, route-maps will always drive routing.

Contract Based Routing

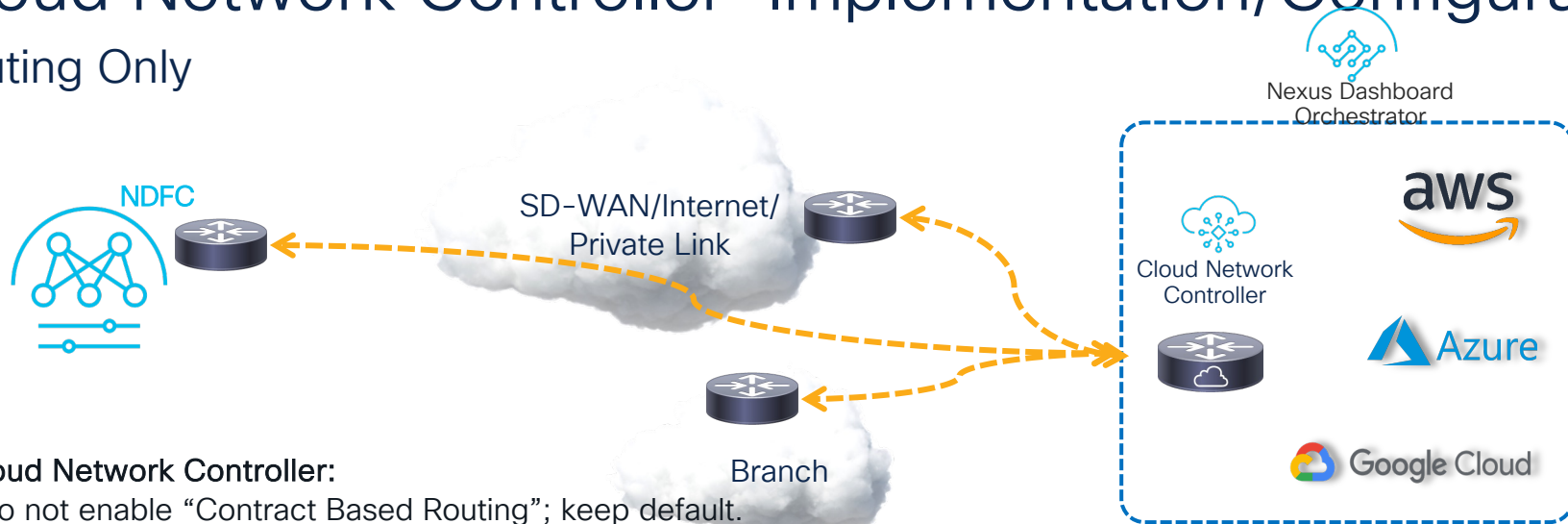
☒ yes

Cloud Network Controller Access Privilege ⓘ

Routing & Security

Cloud Network Controller Implementation/Configuration

Routing Only



On Cloud Network Controller:

- 1) Do not enable "Contract Based Routing"; keep default.
- 2) CNC Access Privilege set to "Routing Only"

i When enabled, Contracts will drive routing when route-maps are not configured. When they exist, route-maps will always drive routing.

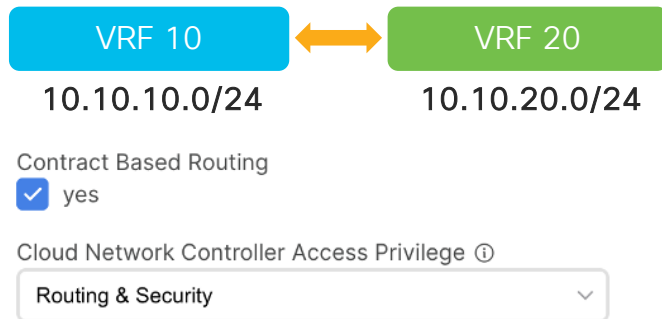
Contract Based Routing

☐ yes

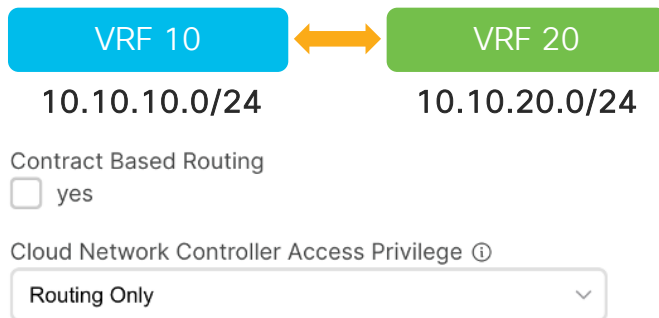
Cloud Network Controller Access Privilege ⓘ

Routing Only

VRF Leak Example



Contract is needed; enable contract-based routing. The contract will do the leaking implicitly.



VRF leaking is still done by networking team but explicitly from CNC GUI; no contract needed/supported. Leaking can be done by FW/ Routing Protocol.

CCNC 26.0.2 New Features

CCNC 26.0.2 New Features

- Multiple VPCs/VNets in a single VRF in a region AWS/Azure
- Per Subnet Route Table - Azure. (AWS next release)
- Multi-Account per tenant for AWS/Azure

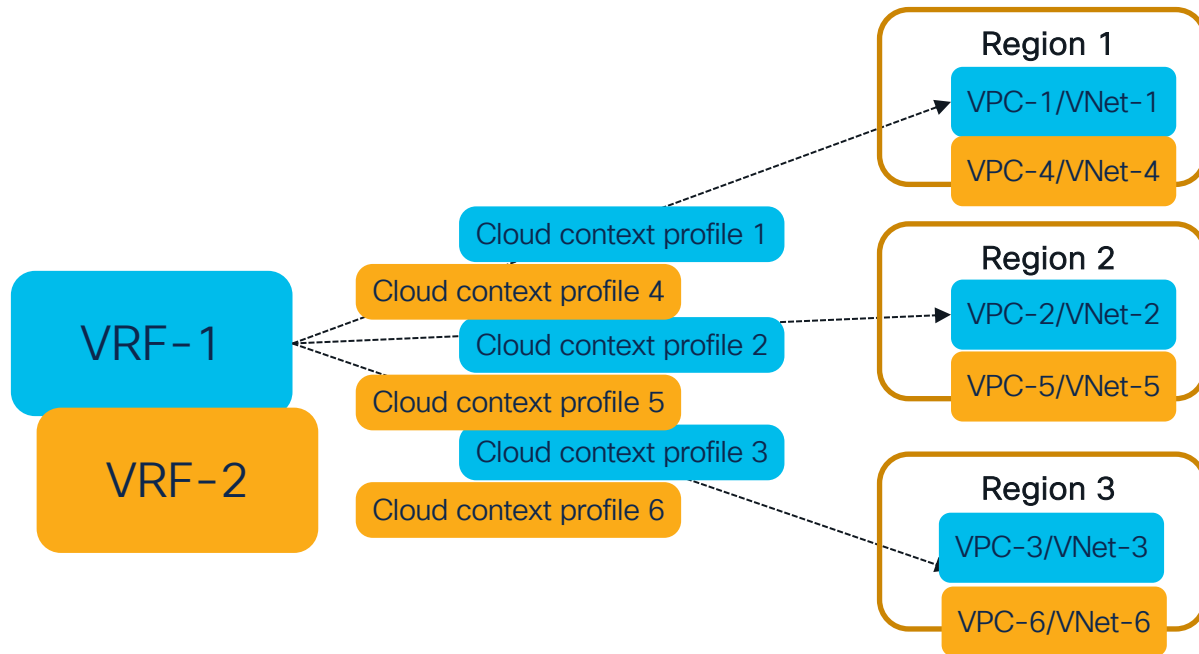
Multiple VPCs/VNets in a single VRF for AWS and Azure in a region

Feature overview

- Prior to CCNC 26.0.2 release, ability have multiple VPCs/VNets map to one VRF in different cloud regions.
- Customers are asking for a smaller number of VRFs for a large number of VPCs/VNets in a single cloud region.
- From CCNC 26.0.2 release, allows customers to create multiple VPCs/VNets in same cloud region associated to one VRF.
- This feature is also supported from NDO 4.2.2e
- The benefits of this new feature:
 - Reduce VRF management complex
 - Flexibility in building routing domain with a group of VPCs/VNets

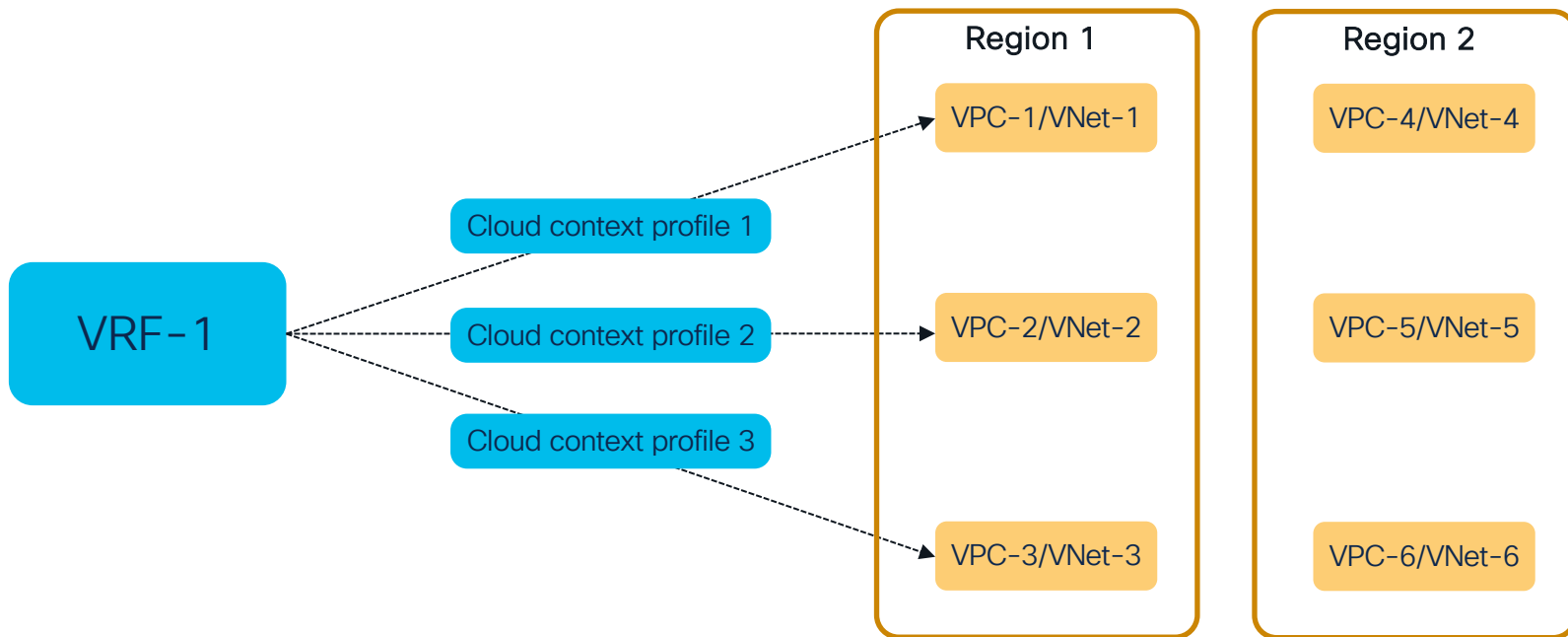
Prior to CCNC release 26.0.2

One VRF maps to multiple VPCs/VNets in different cloud regions.



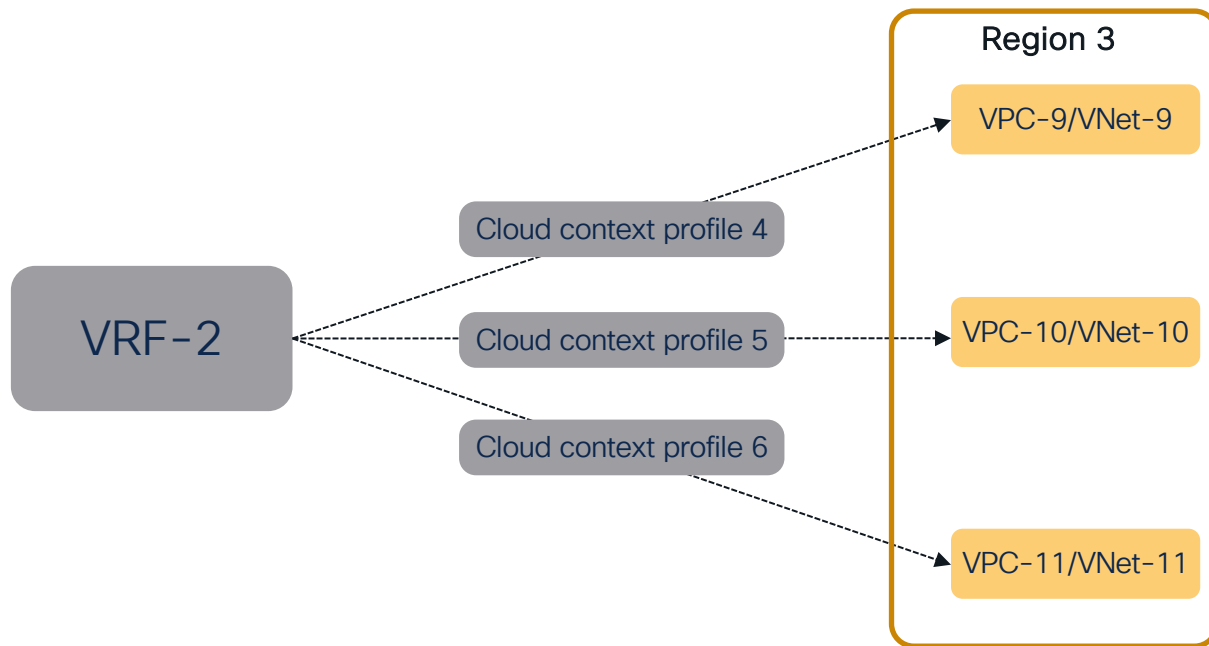
From CCNC release 26.0.2

One VRF maps to multiple VPCs/VNets in “Region 1” and “Region 2”



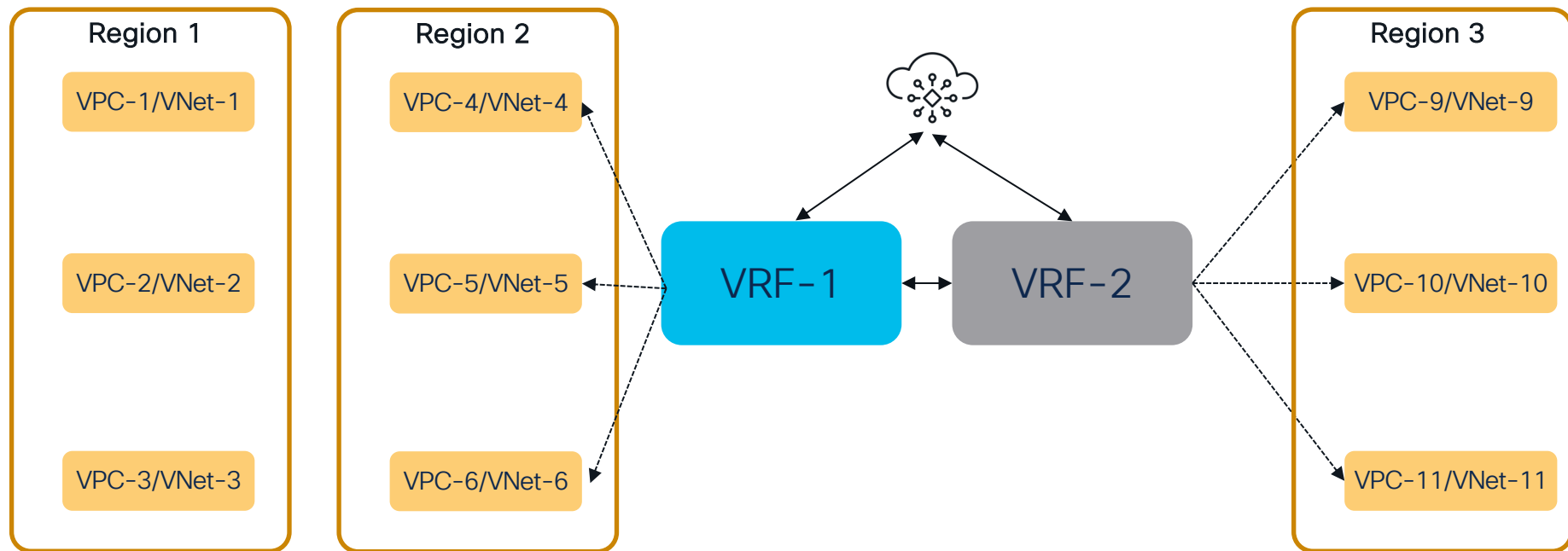
From CCNC release 26.0.2

One VRF maps to multiple VPCs/VNets in “Region 3”



CCNC Routing Automation

NDO/CNC Allows "VRF-1" and "VRF-2" Communicate

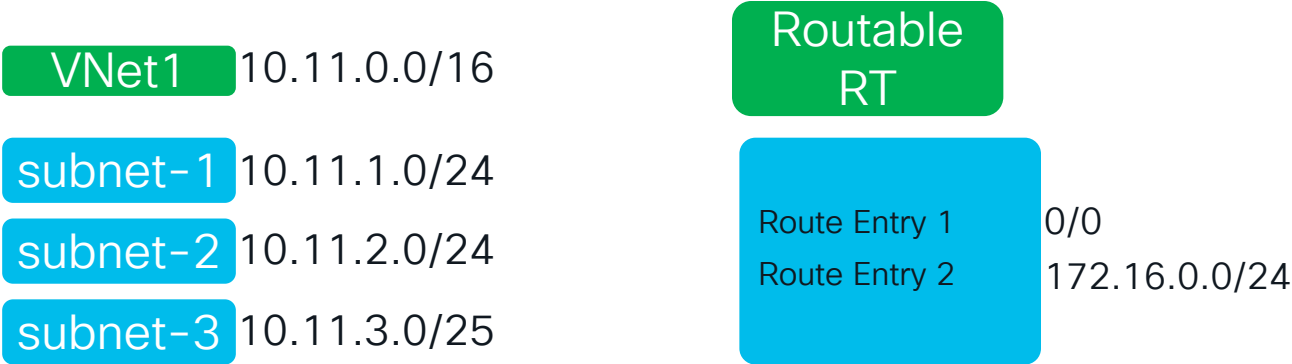


Per Subnet Route Table Azure (AWS next release)

Feature Overview

- Per Subnet Route Table allows us to create a VNet with multiple subnets, where **each subnet can map to its own Route Table**, or we can group some subnets to map to the same Route Table.
- The benefit of this solution is allowing **different routing treatments for different VNet's subnets**. It also paves the way for other useful features in the future. For example, the insertion of a Firewall between 2 subnets.

Previously, all subnets were associated to one route table

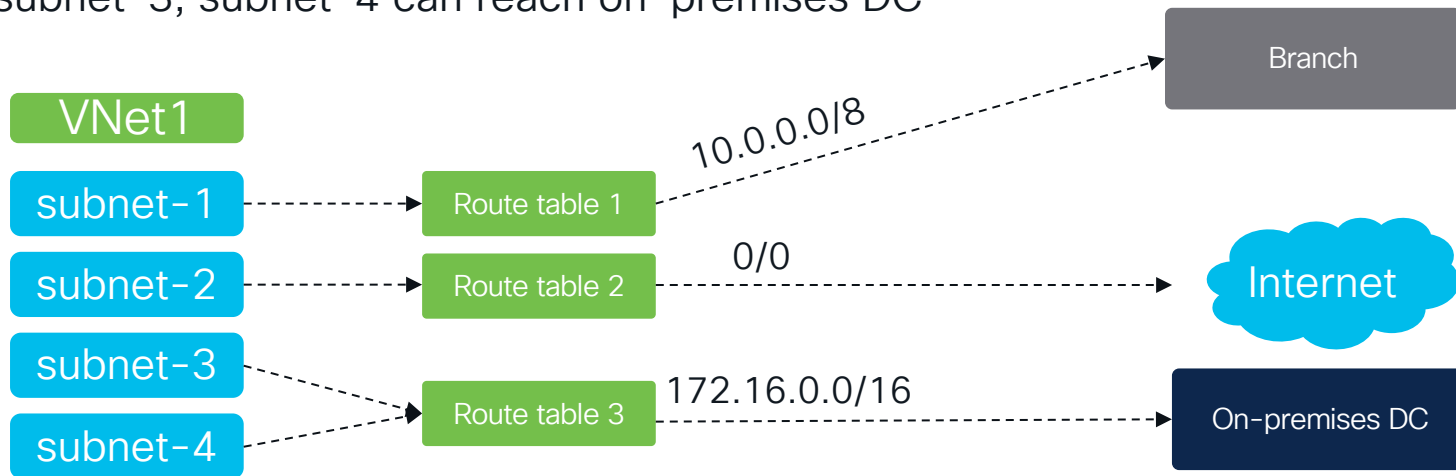


Per Subnet Route Table: Flexibility

Azure UDR

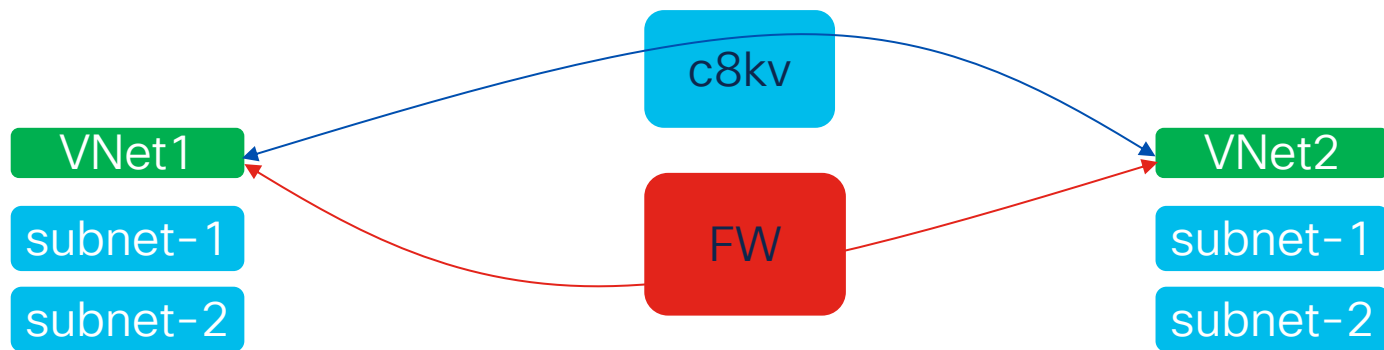
In the below example:

- 1) Subnets belong to the same VNet1
- 2) Different routing policy based its own route table
- 3) Subnet-1 cannot go to Internet; just Branch
- 4) Subnet-2 can reach Internet directly
- 5) Only subnet-3, subnet-4 can reach on-premises DC



Per Subnet Route Table (Per Subnet UDR)

- Subnet-1 to Subnet-2 must go through a Firewall
- You need to have different route tables; otherwise, subnet-1 would just talk to subnet-2 w/o Firewall
- Granularity at the subnet level



Per Subnet Route Table (Per Subnet UDR)

VNet1 -> VNet2:

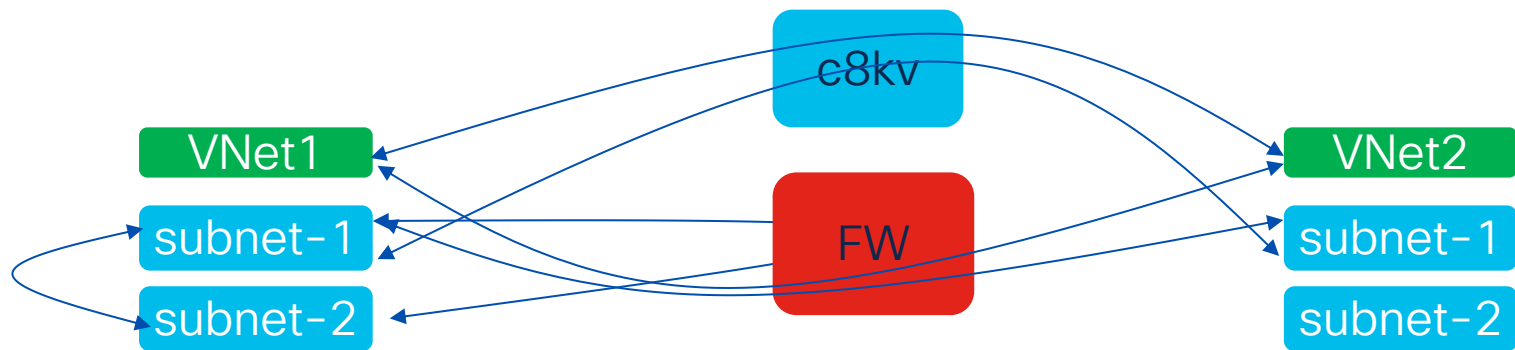
- 1) c8Kv
- 2) FW

Within VNet1 subnet1 -> subnet 2:

- 1) cloud native

VNet1 subnet1-> VNet2

- 1) c8KV
- 2) FW



within VNet1 Subnet1 - subnet 2:

- 1) FW

Vnet1 -> VNet2:

- 1) cloud native

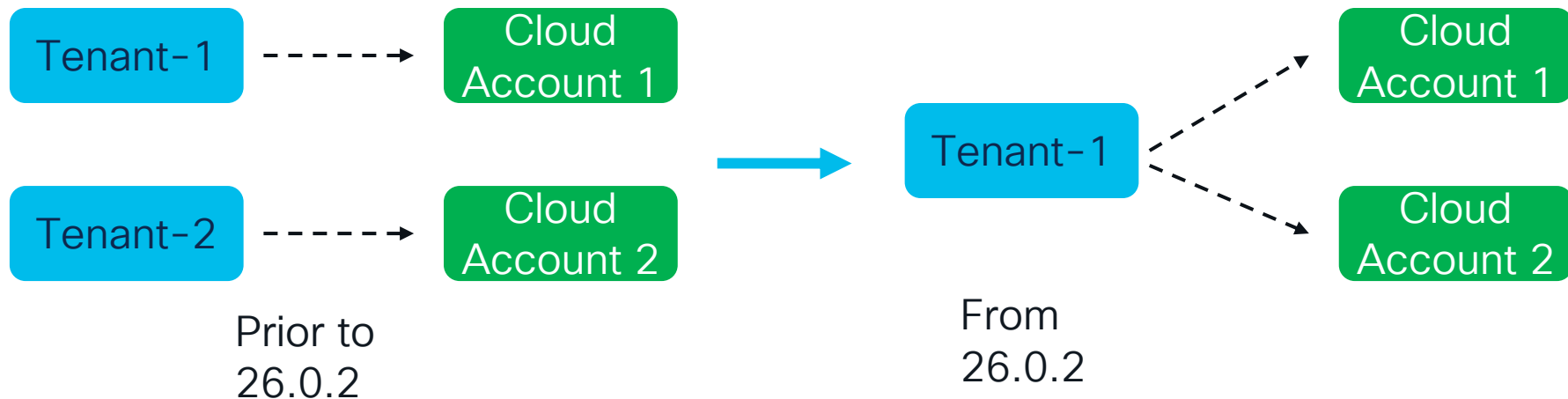
Multi-Account for AWS/Azure

Multi-Account

Prior to CCNC 26.0.2 release, each tenant would require one cloud account. Cloud account refers to AWS account ID or Azure subscription or GCP project.

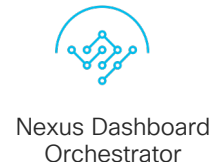
This mapping model does not always match customers' cloud environments. Usually, customers use a tenant (Cloud terminology) with multiple Cloud accounts. For example, a Marketing tenant (under Azure directory on Azure) with multiple Azure subscriptions.

From CCNC 26.0.2 release, it is possible to create one tenant and associate it to multiple cloud accounts.



Visibility

Visibility Capabilities



- **Nexus Dashboard Orchestrator and CNC:**
 - Inventory
 - Topology (Underlay / Overlay)
 - Statistics and Bandwidth
 - L4-L7 Statistics
 - Troubleshooting tools
 - Raise faults (API failures, delays, resource constraints, state changes)
 - Provides visibility to cloud resources and the correlation with the configuration.
 - Drift Detection – Reconcile with cloud state across reboots, software upgrades
 - Event Analytics Tab in CNC (Account permissions, Licensing subscription, protocols down)
 - IP Connectivity Analysis
 - Site Details

This view is on CCNC on Azure

Cloud Network Controller

Topology

Inventory

Account's Cloud Provider ID: a8eae744-e477-43fe-b5bb-b997b6cfe6d8

Search by Name, Cloud Provider ID, ...

All Regions / 1 australiaeast

Cloud regions

australiaeast

australiacen... eastus eastus2

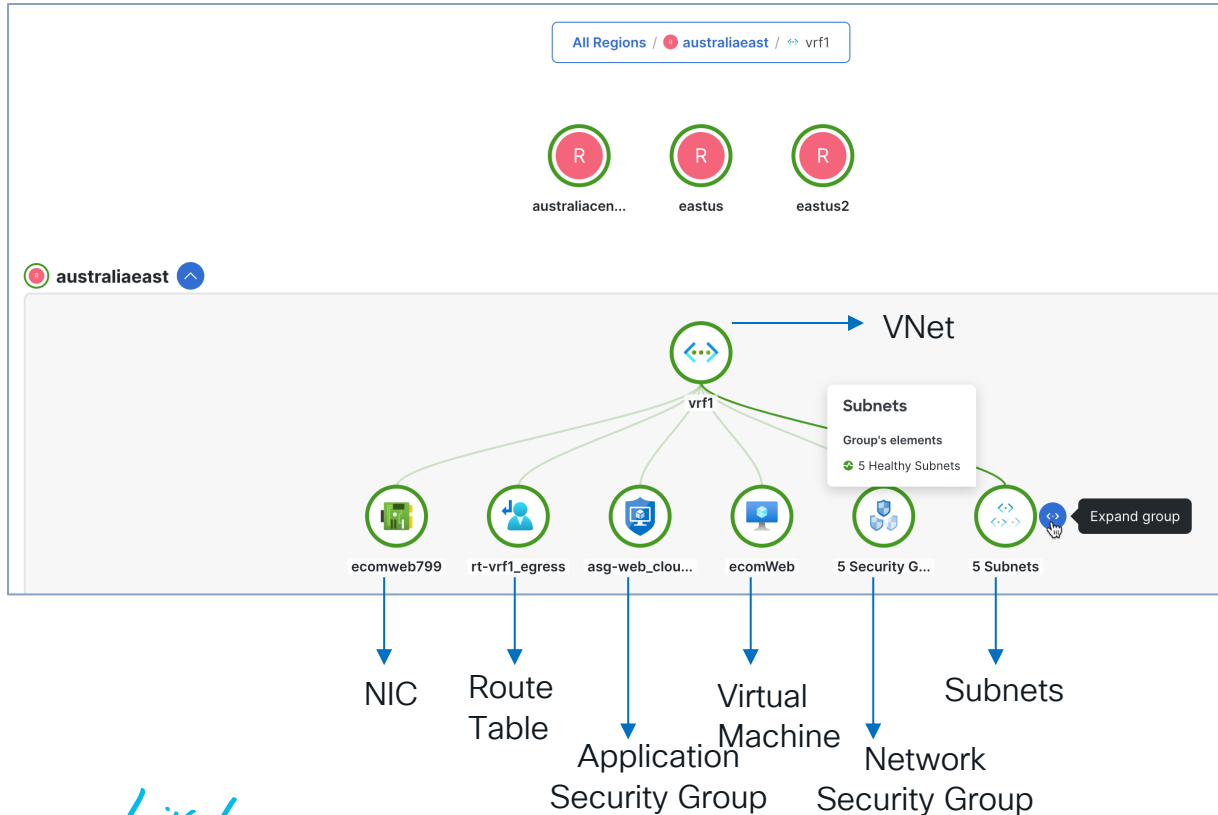
overlay-1 azVrf1 azVrf2 azVrf3 vrf1 vrf100 vrf2 vrf2

VNETs

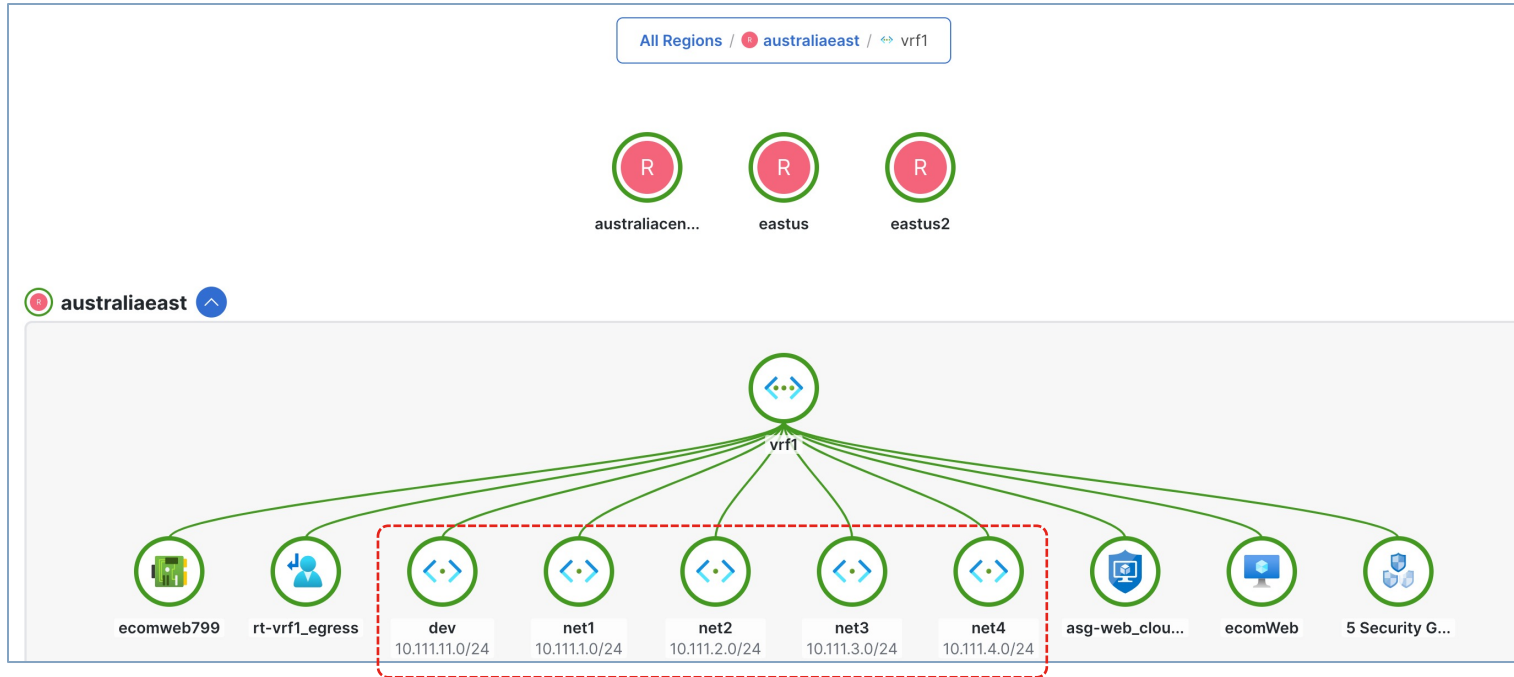
Virtual Networks

The screenshot displays the Cisco Cloud Managed Network (CMN) interface. At the top right, there is a search bar labeled "Search by Name". Below it, a filter bar shows "All Regions / australiaeast". The main content area displays a list of Virtual Networks (VNFs) under the "australiaeast" region. A tooltip is visible over the "vrf1" VNF, showing details: "Virtual Network vrf1", "Healthy" status, "Resource Group CAPIC_Tenant1_vrf1_australiaeast_vrf1-australiaeast", and "Resource Deploy Type greenfield". The VNFs listed are: overlay-1, azVrf1, azVrf2, azVrf3, vrf1, vrf100, vrf2, and vrf2. A "Drill-down" button is visible over the "vrf100" VNF. A red circle with an 'R' is also visible, labeled "eastus2".

Subnets

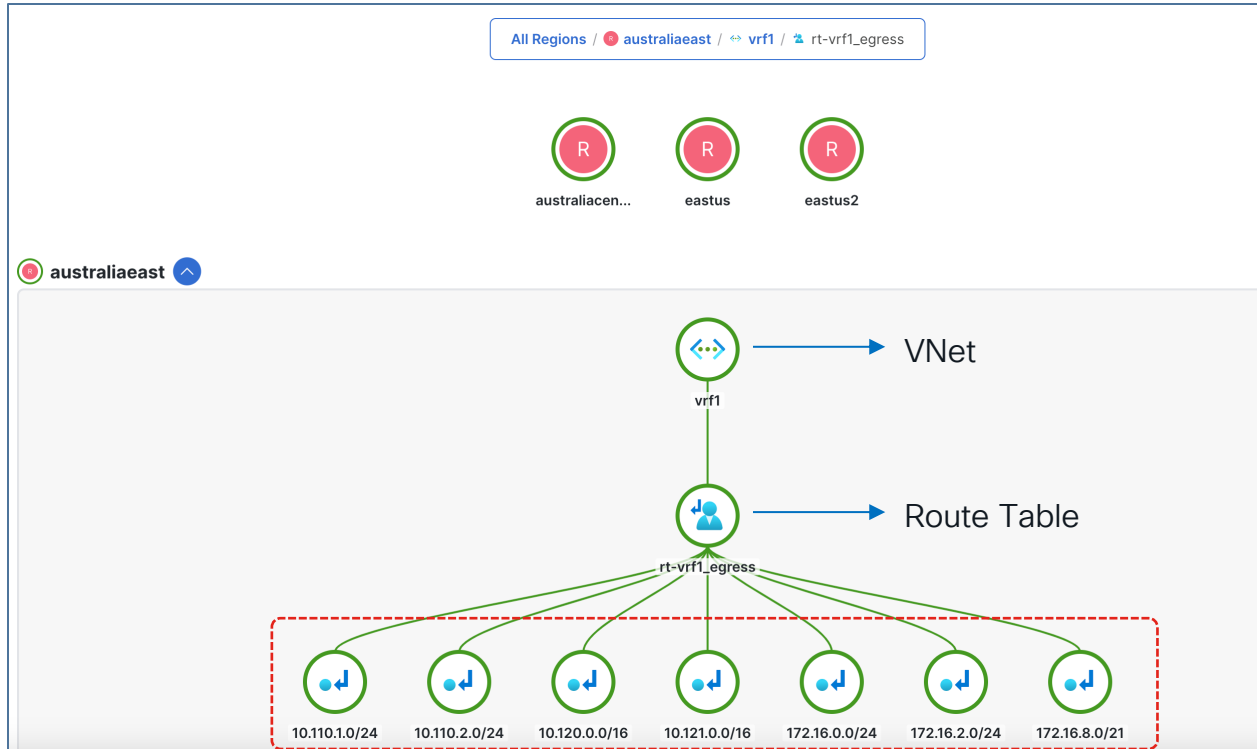


VNet detail



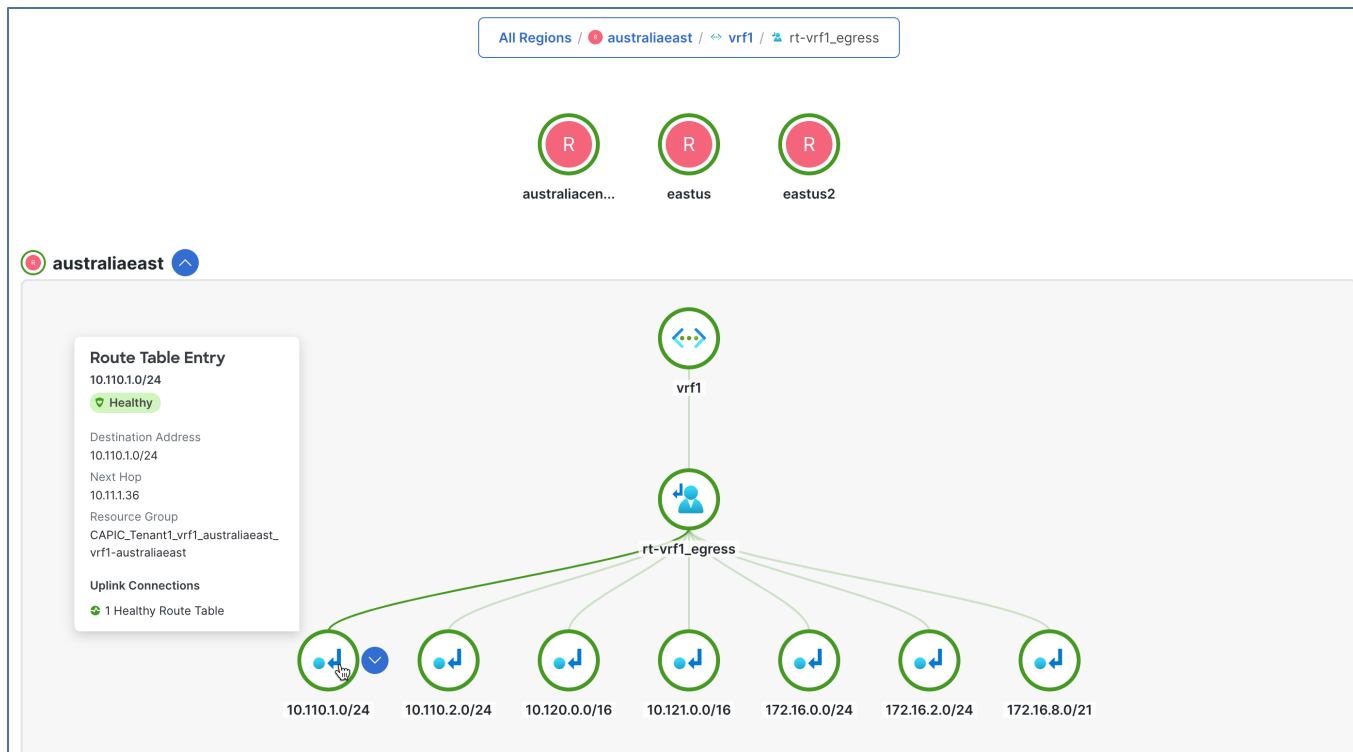
Subnets

Route table detail



Route Table entries

Route table entry detail



Search

Inventory

Account's Cloud Provider ID

[All Regions](#) / australiaeast

australiacen...

eastus

eastus2

australiaeast

overlay-1

azVrf1

azVrf2

azVrf3

vrf1

vrf100

vrf2

vrf2

vrf1

inventory/provider-[AZURE]/account-[a8eae744-e477-43fe-b5bb-b997b6cfe6d8]/resourcegrp-[CAPIC_Tenant1_vrf1_australiaeast_vrf1-australiaeast]/ctx-vrf1

rt-hv2_ingress

inventory/provider-[AZURE]/account-[a8eae744-e477-43fe-b5bb-b997b6cfe6d8]/resourcegrp-[CAPIC_Tenant1_vrf100_australiaeast_vnet100]/rt-rt-hv2_ingress

net2

10 / 52 results

Visibility: AWS Inter Region

Thousand Eyes: Dallas, TX to Ashburn, VA

Path Visualization

Showing: 1 of 1 Test ▾ 1 of 12 Agents ▾ (Show All) Show IP Address labels ▾

Grouping: Agents by Agent ▾ Interfaces by Network & Location ▾

Highlighting: Forwarding Loss > 5 % (0 nodes) ▾ **Link Delay > 40 ms (3 links) ▾**

Selecting: Click a node or link Info (1) ▾

3 hops

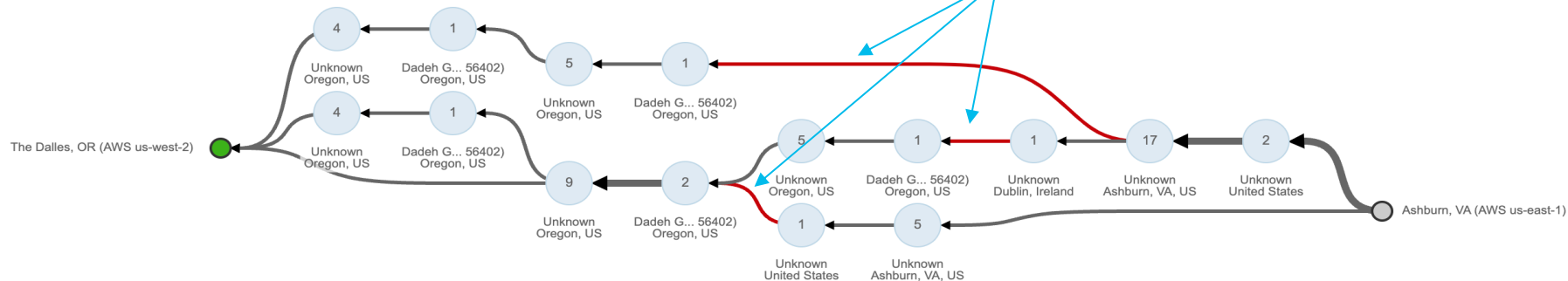
1 hop

Highlight nodes that match all / any

Search on Network, Country, IP address, Prefix, or Title...



< Undo



Visibility: AWS/Azure Inter Cloud

Thousand Eyes – Frankfurt, Germany AWS to Richmond, VA US Azure

Path Visualization

3 hops

1 hop

Showing: 1 of 1 Test ▾ 1 of 52 Agents ▾ (Show All) Show IP Address labels ▾

Grouping: Agents by Agent ▾ Interfaces by Network & Location ▾

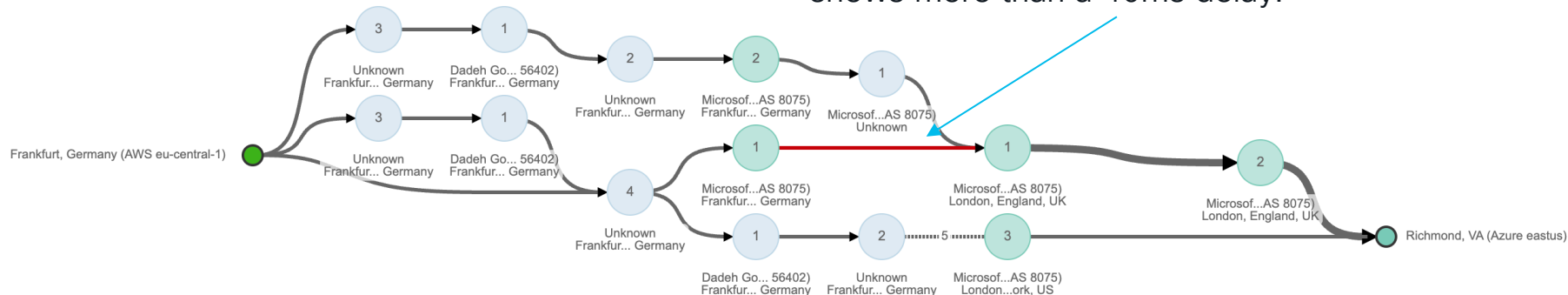
Highlighting: Forwarding Loss > 5 % (0 nodes) Link Delay > 40 ms (1 link) ▾

Selecting: Click a node or link Info (2) ▾

Highlight nodes that match all / any

Search on Network, Country, IP address, Prefix, or Title...

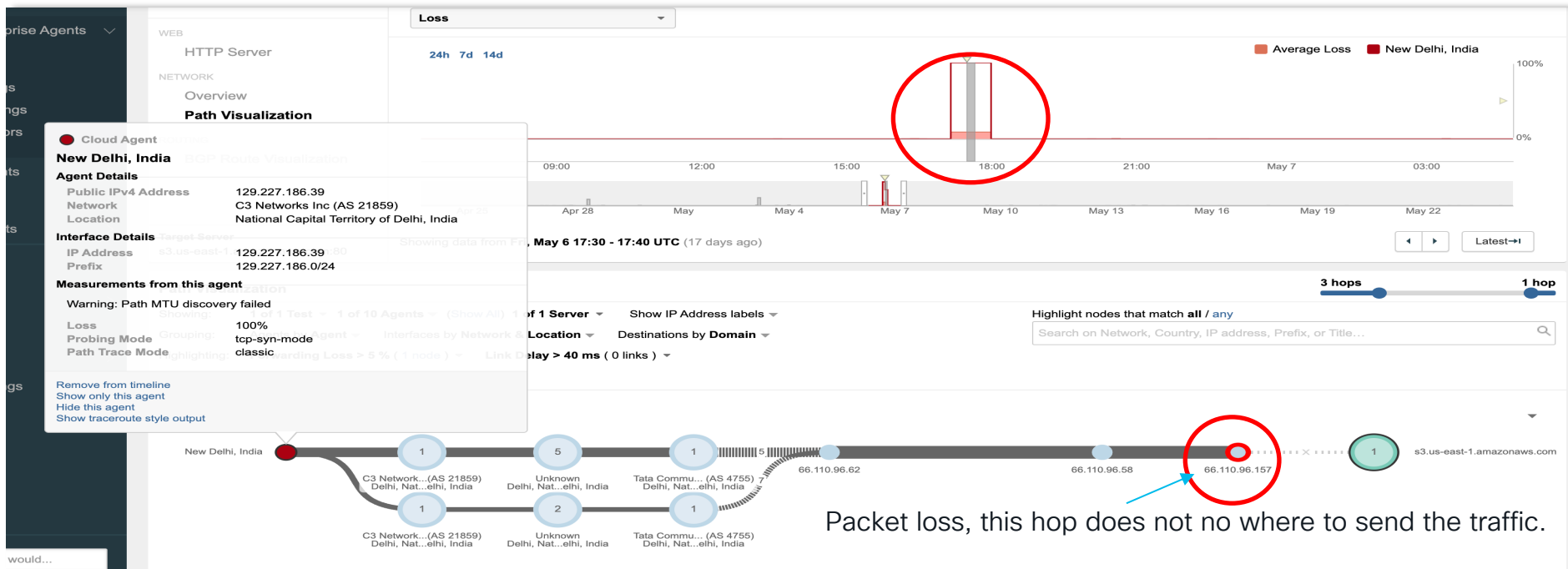
< Undo



- Provider-to-provider path analysis w/ direct peering relationships.
- Traffic from AWS through an intermediate provider but still gets on the Azure backbone before leaving Frankfurt

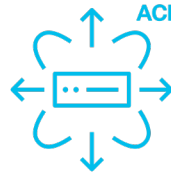
Visibility: AWS/Azure Inter Cloud

Thousand Eyes - End user perspective from New Delhi to S3 Service



Depicted above is the loss of service, source of loss and time of outage.

Finally, what About Infrastructure as Code?



<https://registry.terraform.io/namespaces/CiscoDevNet>

<https://galaxy.ansible.com/cisco>



Summary

Cloud Network Controller



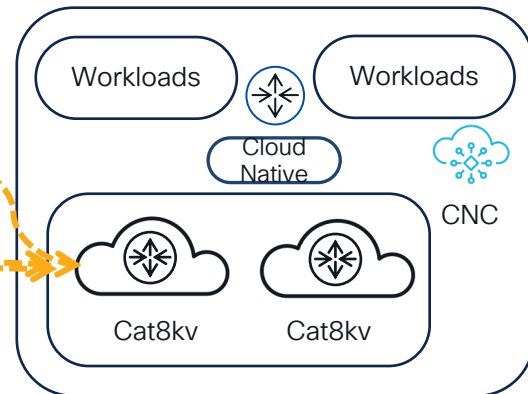
 On-premises data center



SD-WAN/Internet/
Private Link



Branch



Cloud Networking:

- Intra-Cloud : TGW, VNET Peering
- Inter-Cloud : C8Kv automation
- Connectivity: IPSEC, Direct Connect, Express Rt
- End Point Discovery

Visibility:

- View and connect to brownfield VPC networks
- Inventory and topology view

L4-L7 Services:

- Automate service insertion and service chaining (Load balancers, Firewalls, ...)



Segmentation:

- Extend segments from On-Premises to cloud
- Extend segments from cloud to cloud
- Security Group rule management

Public Cloud:

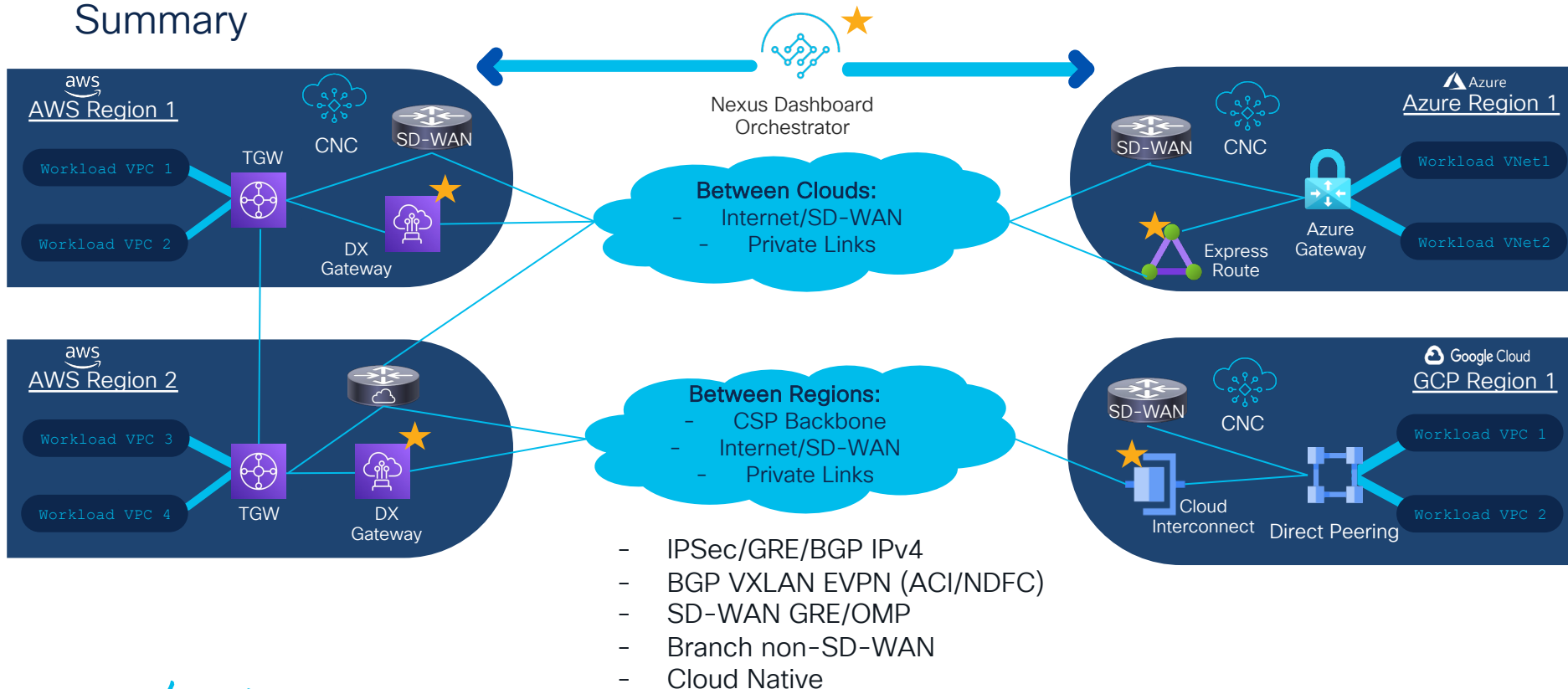
- AWS, Azure, Google Cloud

Open APIs:

- Enable automation using Terraform and Ansible

Multi-Cloud Options with Cloud Network Controller

Summary



Additional Information

- Equinix and Cisco are Enabling Cybersecurity on a Global Scale

<https://blog.equinix.com/blog/2022/06/06/equinix-and-cisco-are-enabling-cybersecurity-on-a-global-scale/>

- Cisco Hybrid Multi-Cloud Networking Design Guide

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/dcn/whitepapers/cisco-cloud-aci-hybrid-multicloud-design-guide.html>

- Network Service Mesh: Linking multi-cloud workloads

<https://www.networkworld.com/article/3662750/network-service-mesh-linking-multicloud-workloads.html>

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Thursday	9:30am – 4:00pm
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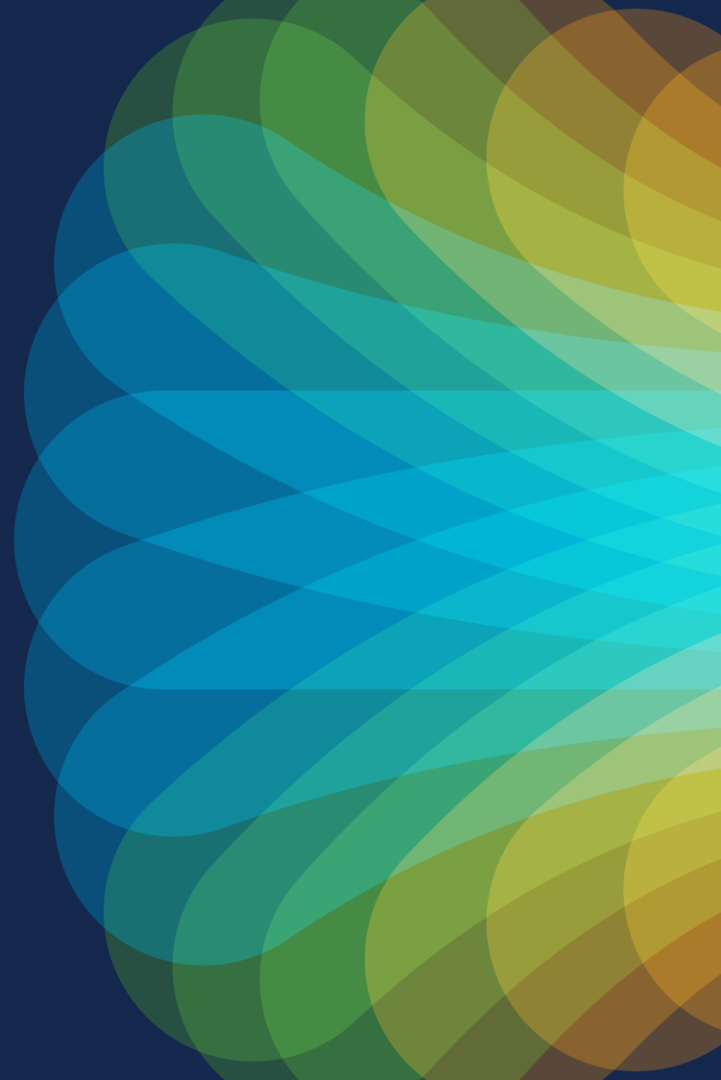


The bridge to possible

Thank you

CISCO *Live!*

#CiscoLiveAPJC



The background features a vibrant, multi-colored abstract design. On the left, there are horizontal, wavy bands of color in shades of red, orange, yellow, and green. On the right, a bright white light source emits a series of colorful rays in shades of blue, green, and yellow, creating a sunburst effect.

cisco *Live!*

Let's go

#CiscoLiveAPJC