



*TOMORROW
starts here.*

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Real World ACI Deployment and Migration

BRKACI-2601



Kannan Ponnuswamy
Solution Architect
Cisco Advanced Services

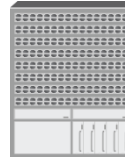
#clmel

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Icons and Terms



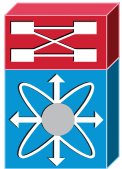
Application Policy Infrastructure Controller
(APIC)



Cisco Nexus 9500



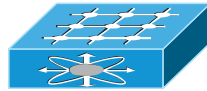
Cisco Nexus 9300



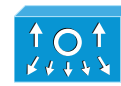
Nexus 7000



Nexus 5000



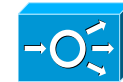
Nexus 2000 / FEX



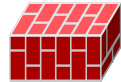
Nexus 1000



Router



Load Balancer



Firewall



Storage



Virtual Machine



VMware
vCenter



Microsoft®
System Center

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Agenda

- Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) Overview
- ACI Adoption and Migration Strategies
 - Network Centric
 - Hybrid Approach
 - Application Centric



Nexus 9000 Series

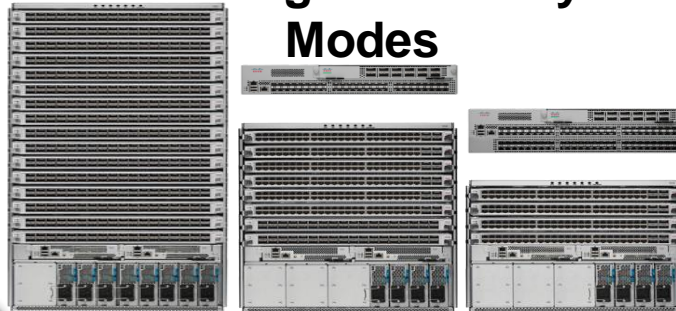
Network Ops Driven, Switch Automation

Per-Box Programmability

NX-API



Open, Flexible, & Choice of Programmability Modes



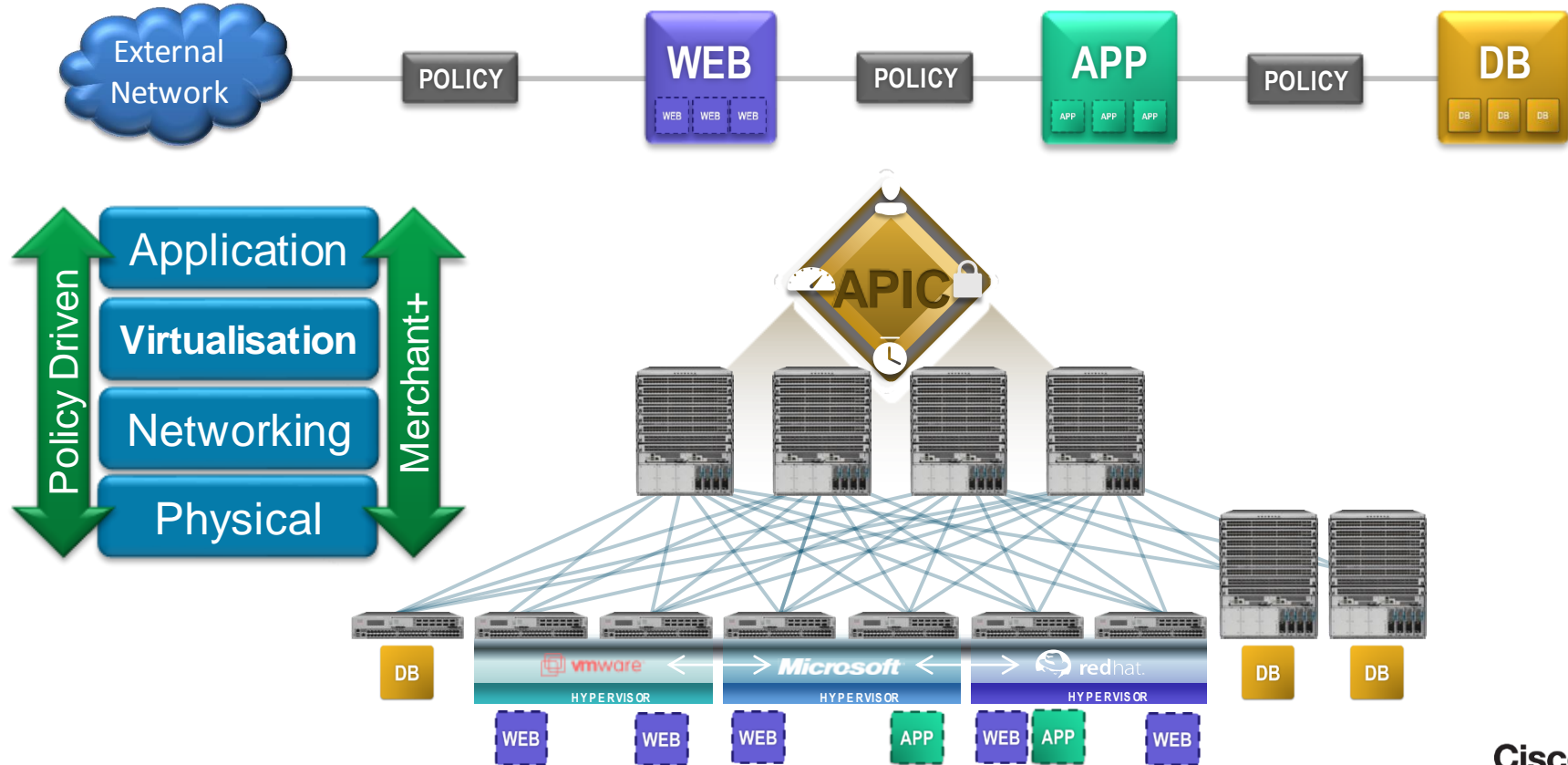
1/10/40/100GE
Common Platform

User Driven, Policy Based Fabric Automation

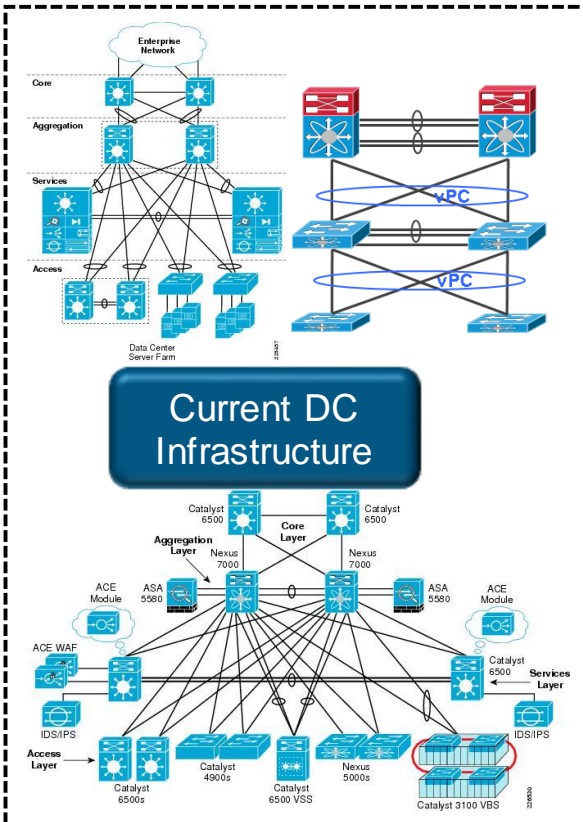
Policy Controller, Centralised Fabric Programmability



ACI Overview

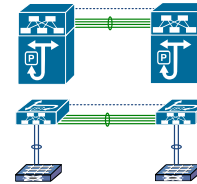


Migration Paths to ACI



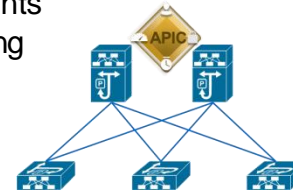
Classic mode

- Growth – Addition
- Network refresh



ACI Integration

- New environments
- Service Chaining
- Dev, Test



ACI Migration

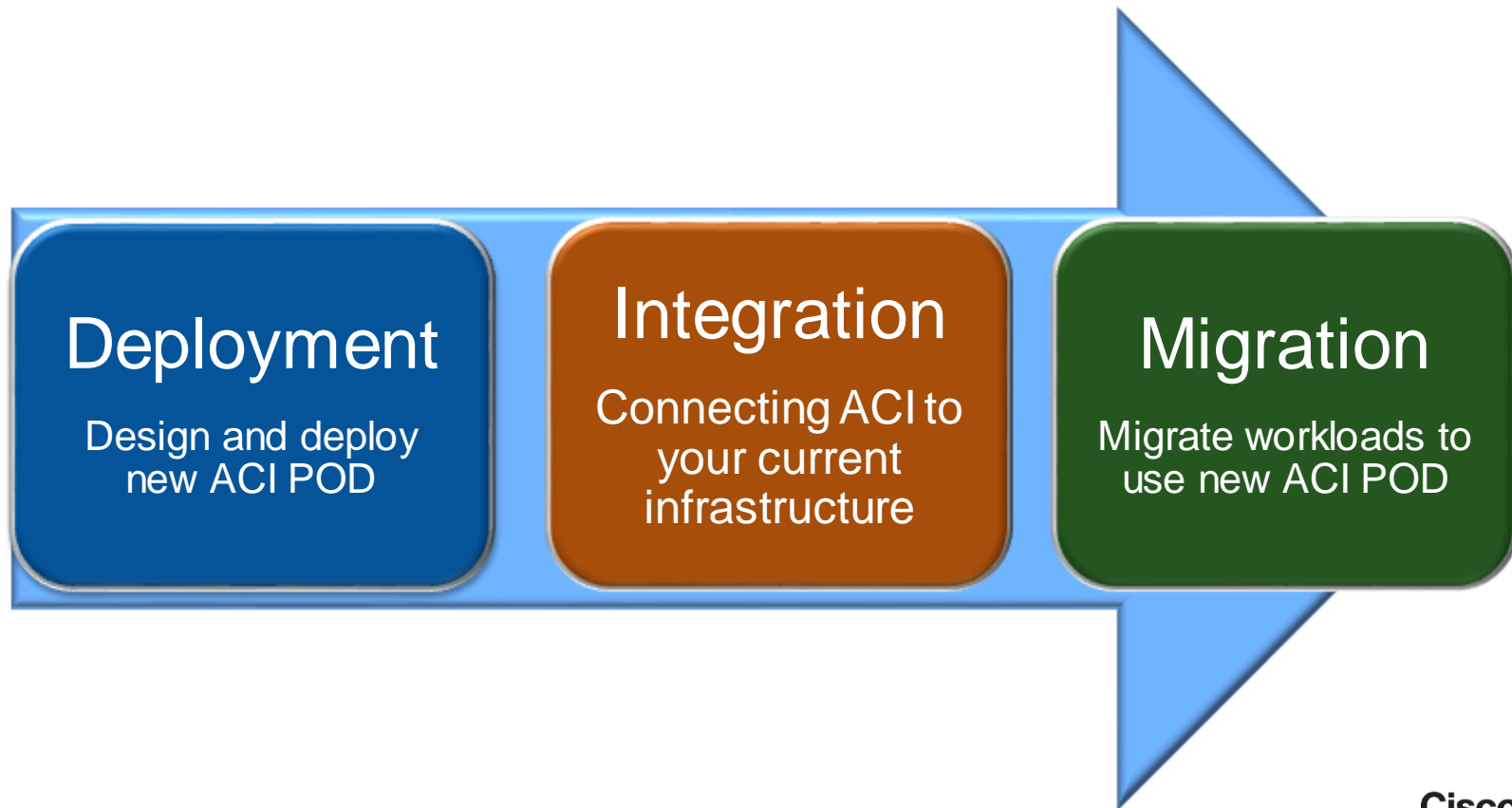
- Business drivers
- Security, Compliance, TCO, Programmability, Operations etc.



ACI Fabric

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ACI Migration Methodology



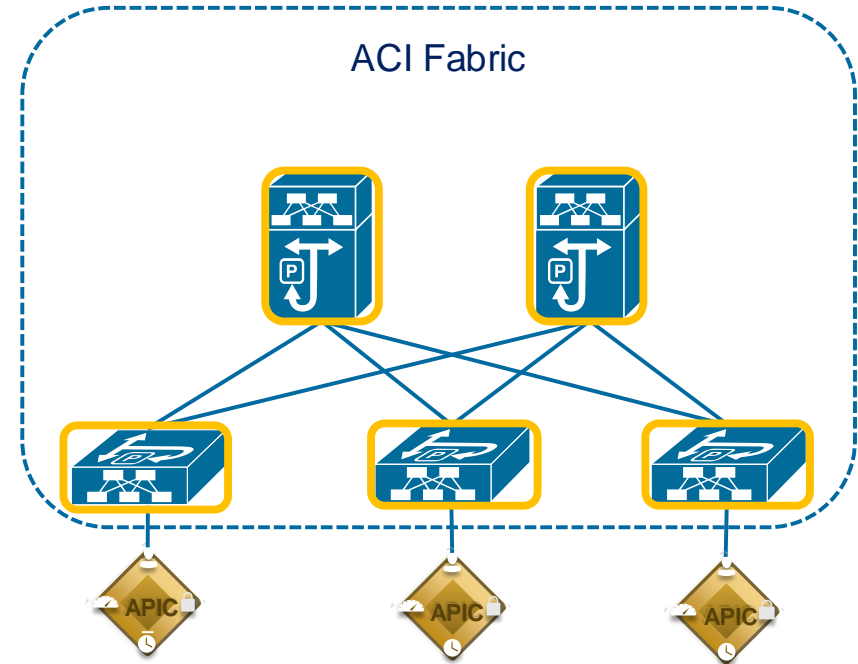
ACI Fabric Initialisation

ACI Fabric supports discovery, boot, inventory and systems maintenance processes via the APIC

- Fabric Discovery and Addressing:

Fabric Discovery is through LLDP and is done automatically and progresses as administrator registers the switches to join the fabric. Once a switch is registered, its LLDP neighbours are now visible for the admin to approve for them to join the fabric.

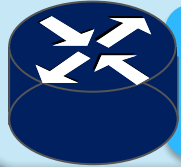
- Commissioning, Decommissioning, Image Management
- Lifecycle management of switches
- Topology validation through wiring diagram and systems checks



ACI Forwarding Model

Tenant

VRF_Context_One



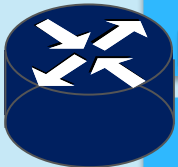
Bridge Domain One

10.10.0.0/16

EPG_1

EPG_N

VRF_Context_N



Bridge Domain One

192.168.1.0/24

10.10.0.0/16

EPG1A

EPGNA

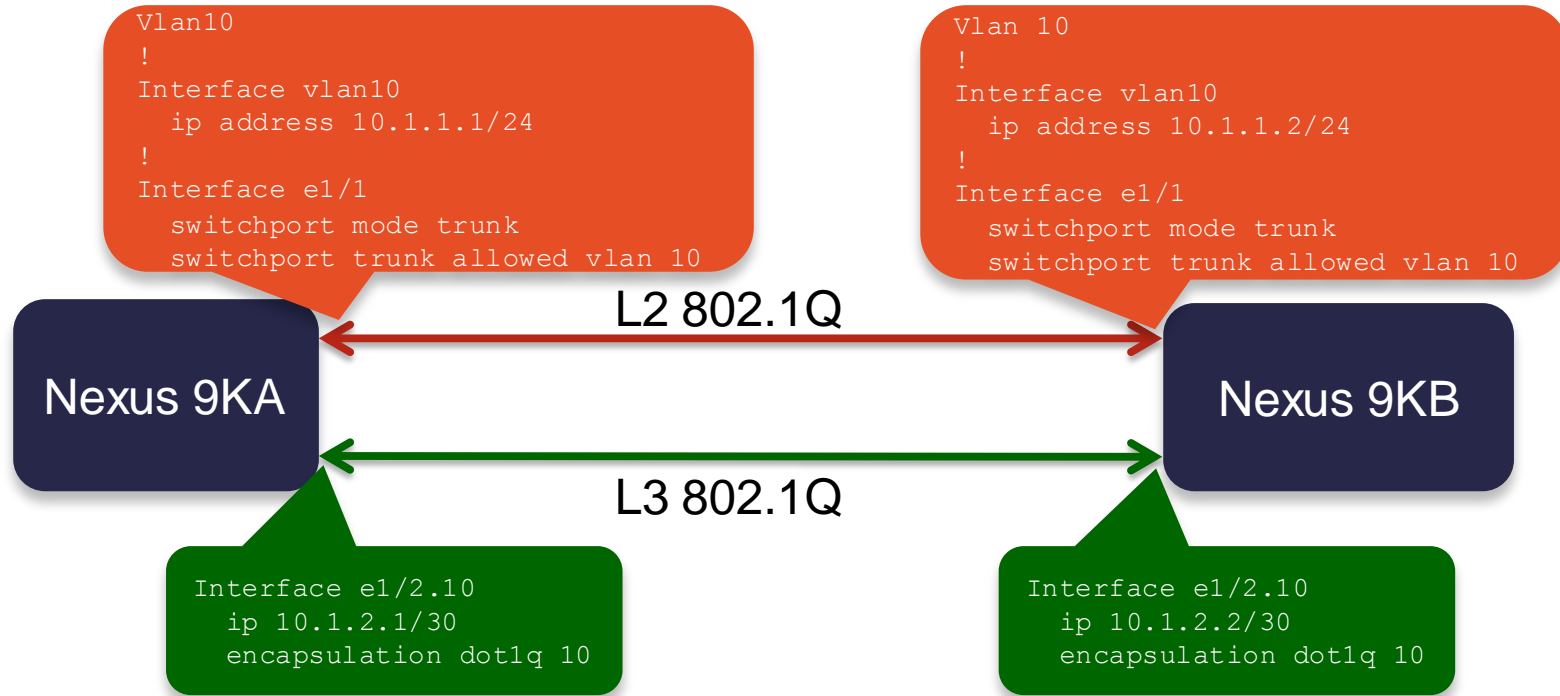
Bridge Domain N

Non-IP, L2 forwarding only

EPG_Legacy

- A Tenant is referred to by one or more VRFs/Contexts
- A Context/VRF is referred to by one or more Bridge Domains (BD)
- Bridge Domains identify properties influencing forwarding behaviour. One or more subnets, ARP handling, Multicast etc.
- A collection of end-points form an **end-point group (EPG)**. EPG associates to a BD.
- EndPoint Groups Identified by:
 - Physical or Virtual Switch ports, VLAN ID, VNID
 - Future - NVGRE (VSID), DNS hostname, IP address

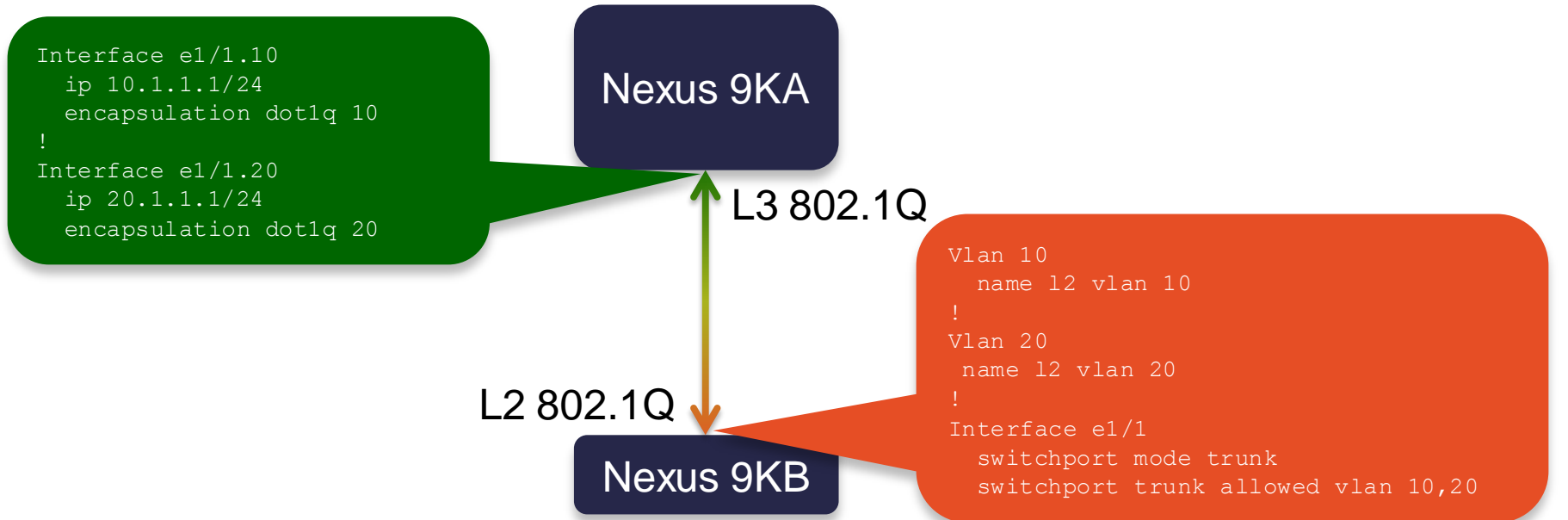
L3 Sub-Interfaces...Key Concept to Understand



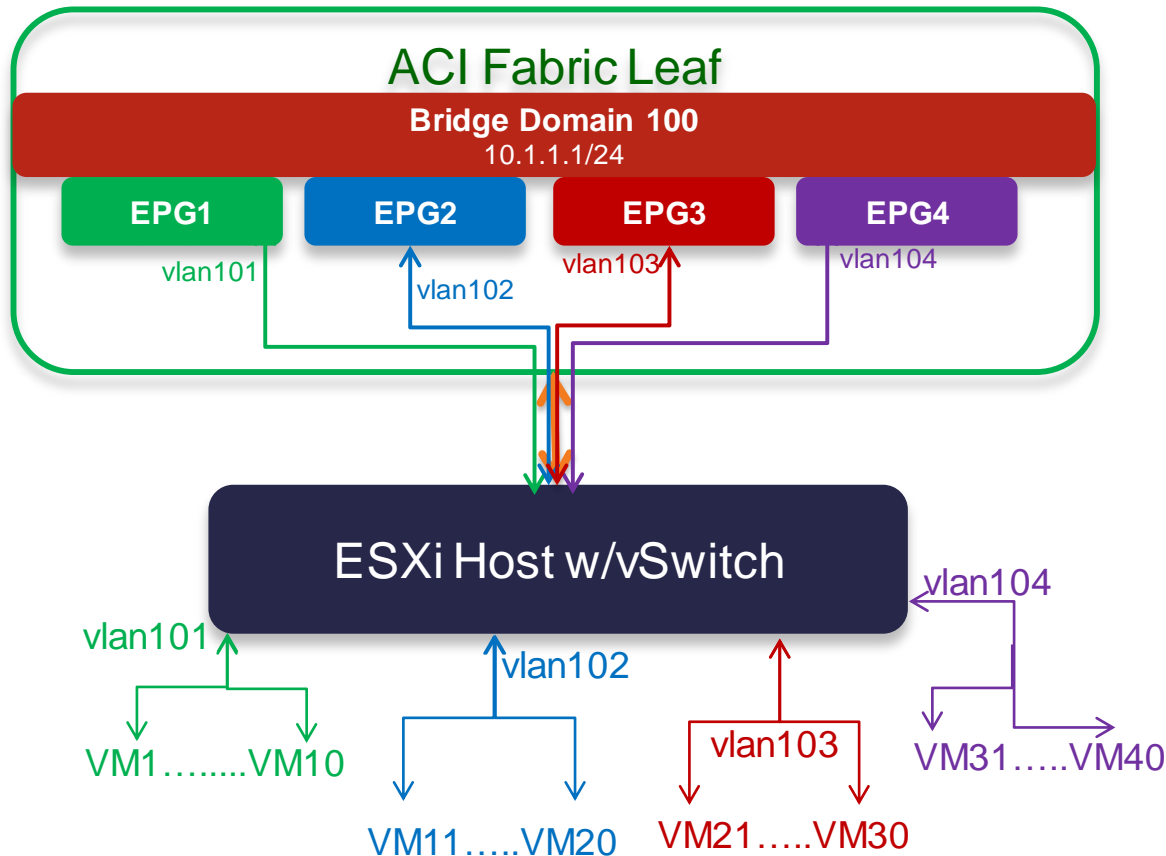
- When configuring L3 Sub-interfaces on a Nexus Switch, The 802.1Q tag is local to the interface and has no relevance to a VLAN with same number on the same switch.
- Eventhough L3 subinterface uses 802.1Q, the 802.1q tag determines the IP L3 interface and not the L2 vlan.

L3 Sub-Interfaces...Key Concept to Understand

- In the following valid topology, N9KA L3 sub-interface is treating 802.Q as just a tag to identify the L3 IP interface, while on the N9KB side, the tags correspond to the L2 VLANs.

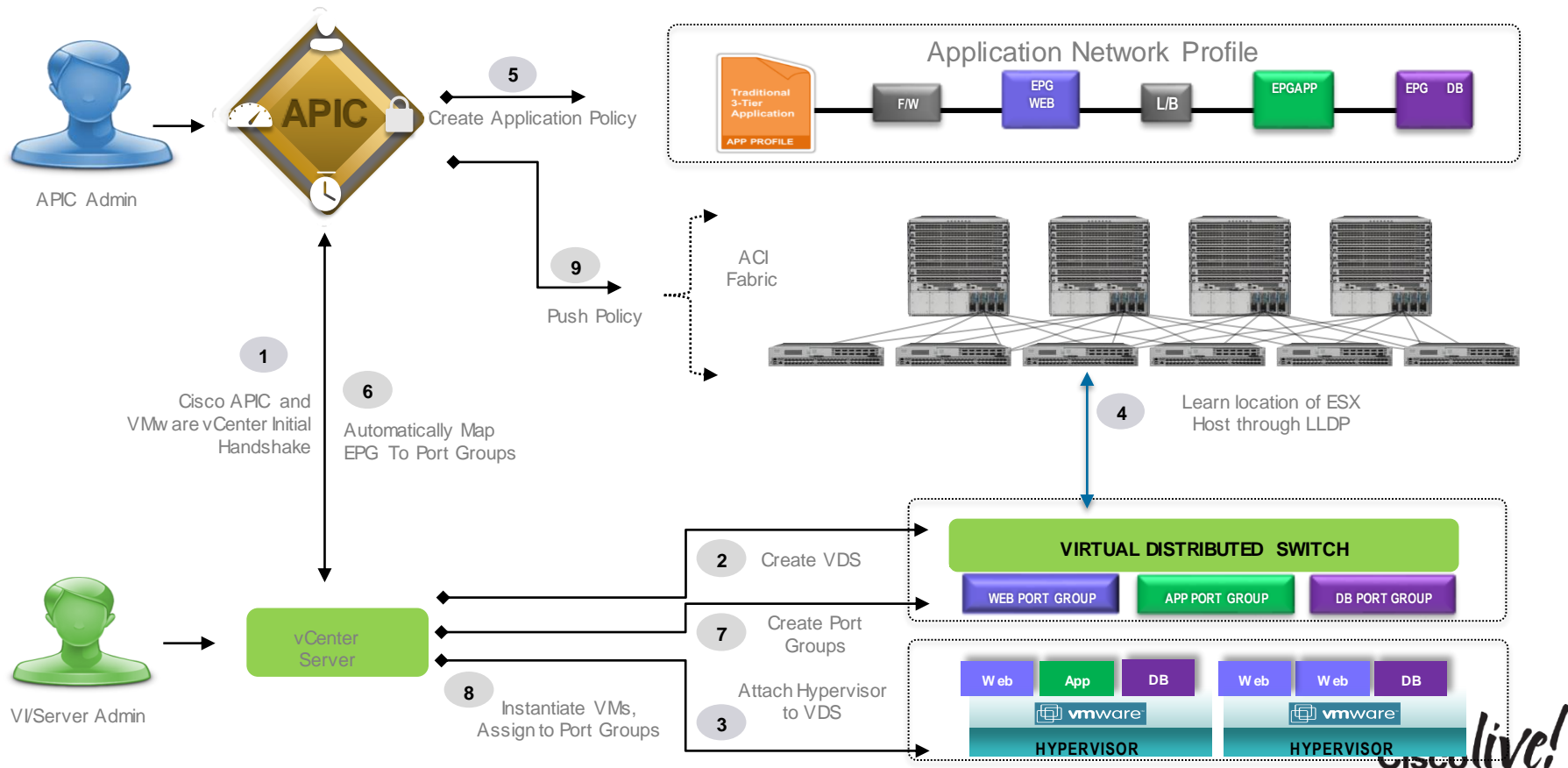


EPG Identification Example



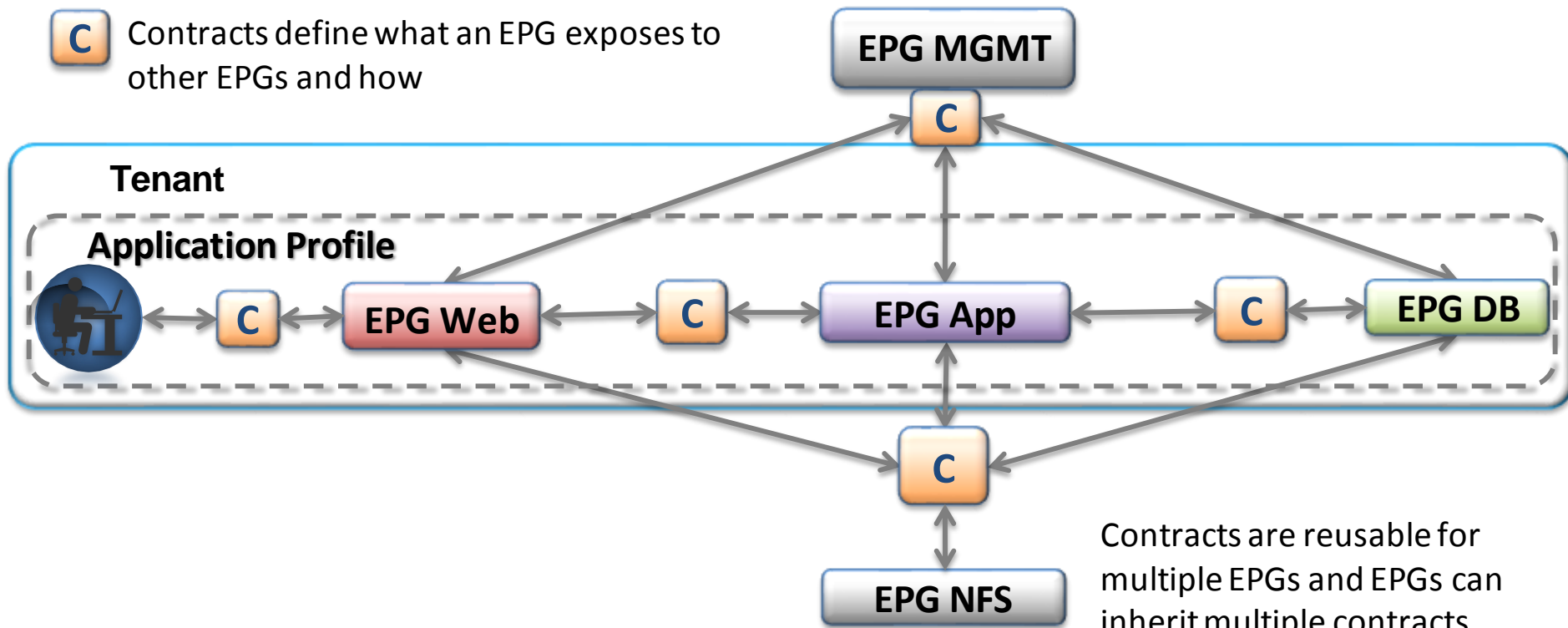
- VLANs outside the ACI Fabric, map to EPGs inside the fabric
- EPGs then map to a BD where the gateway addresses are defined
- Policies are applied to let the VMs communicate

Cisco ACI Hypervisor Integration – VMWare DVS



ACI Policy Model

C Contracts define what an EPG exposes to other EPGs and how



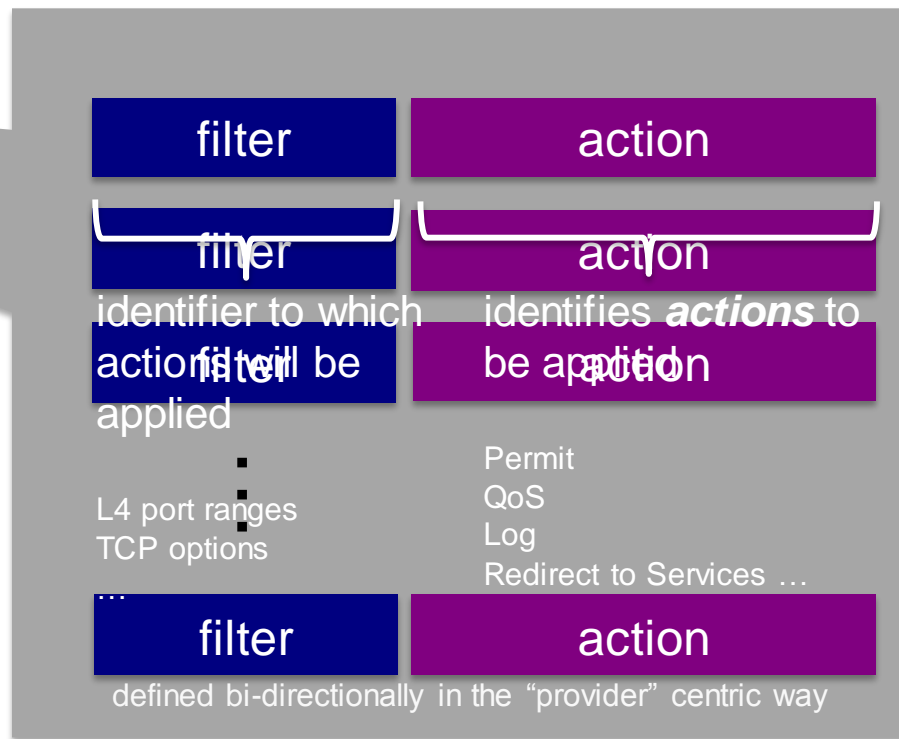
Contracts are reusable for multiple EPGs and EPGs can inherit multiple contracts

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ACI Policy Model – What is a Contract



Allows to specify rules and policies on groups of physical or virtual end-points without understanding of specific identifiers and regardless of physical location.



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ACI Adoption Strategies

ACI Fabric Model

=

New **OPERATIONS** Model

+

DESIGN Model

Leverage Known **APPLICATIONS**
Constructs (decoupled
from Network)

Leverage Known **NETWORKING**
Constructs

HYBRID: Leverage **BOTH**
APPLICATIONS &
NETWORKING
Centric Constructs

OPERATIONS

DESIGN

OPERATIONS

DESIGN

APIC

ACI Fabric

New **ACI Fabric** Operational Model

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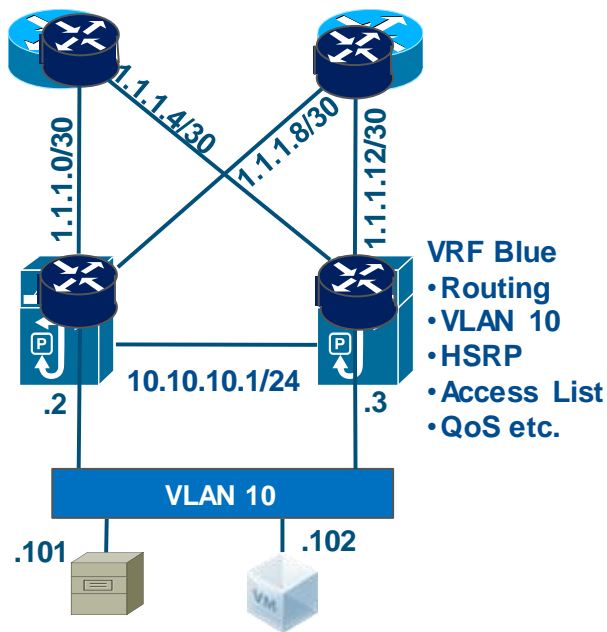


Network Centric

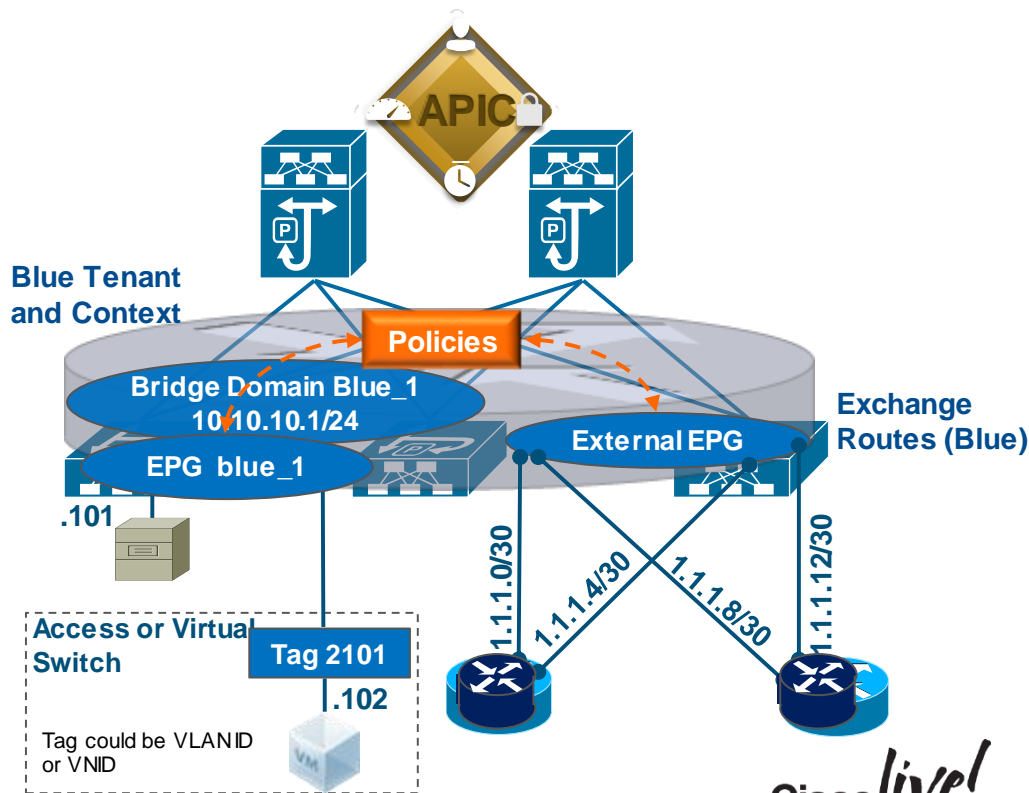
Network Centric Deployment Example

1 VRF + 1 VLAN

Classic mode shown here for Reference



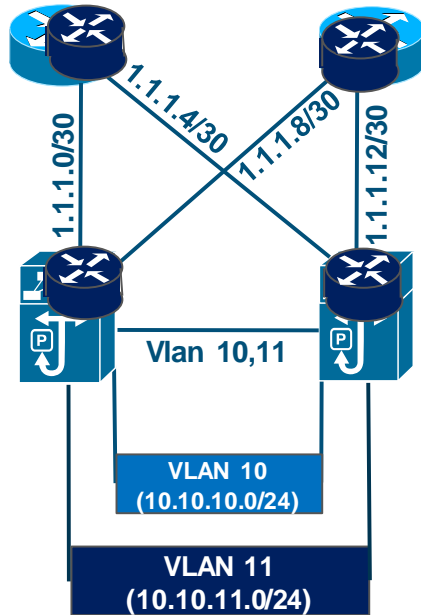
ACI Fabric



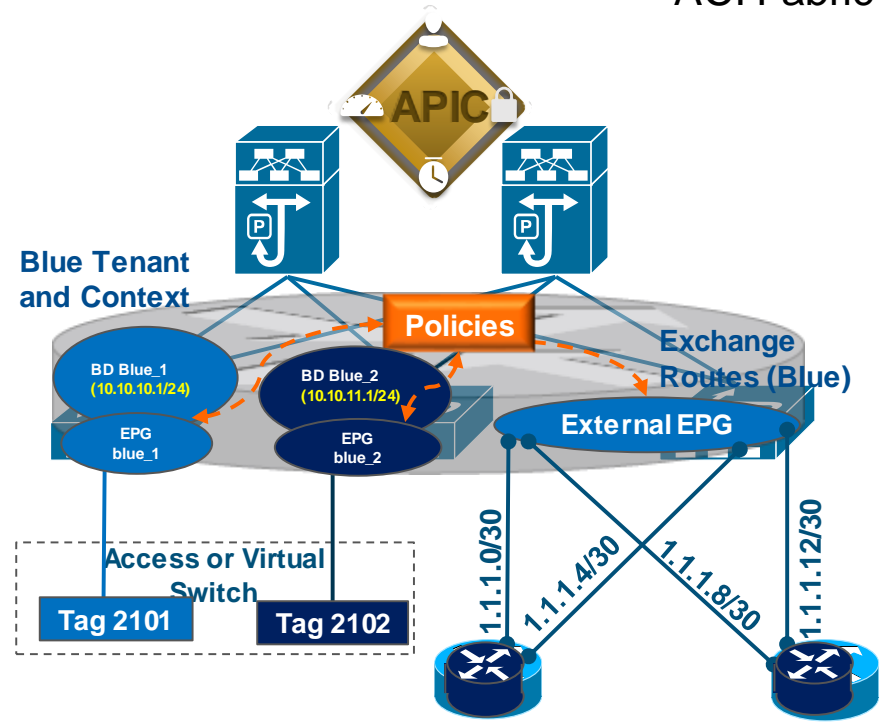
Network Centric Deployment Example

1 VRF + 2 VLANs – Option 1

Classic mode shown here for Reference



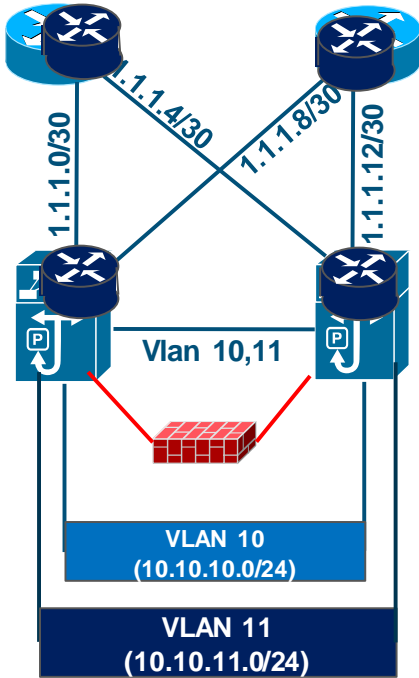
ACI Fabric



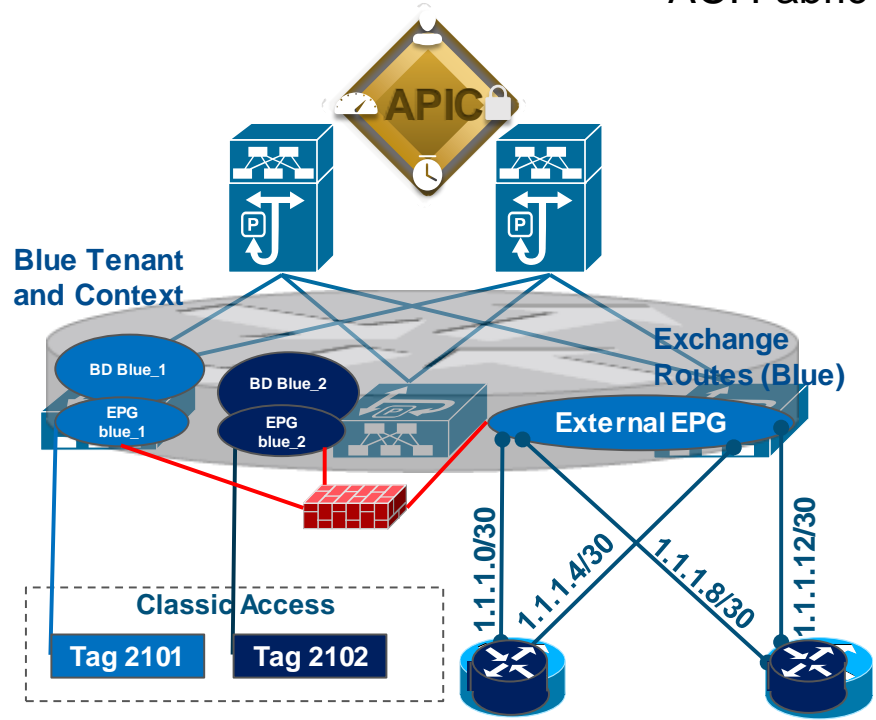
Network Centric Deployment Example

1 VRF + 2 VLANs – FW is the Def. GW

Classic mode shown here for Reference



ACI Fabric



Network Centric Configuration

The screenshot displays the Cisco Network Centric Configuration (NCC) interface. On the left, a navigation pane shows the hierarchy: Tenant Cisco > Networking > Bridge Domains. Two specific items are highlighted with blue boxes: 'Application EPGs' under 'EPG-as-VLAN' and 'bd-vlan100' under 'Bridge Domains'. The main area is titled 'Networking - Bridge Domains' and shows a list of bridge domains. The 'Static Bindings (Leaves)' section is expanded, showing a table of static bindings for two leaf nodes.

Networking - Bridge Domains

Static Bindings (Leaves)

| NODE | ENCAP | DEPLOYMENT IMMEDIACY | MODE |
|------------------|----------|----------------------|---------|
| Node-101 (leaf1) | vlan-100 | lazy | regular |
| Node-102 (leaf2) | vlan-100 | lazy | regular |

Configuring ACI Forwarding

- **Unicast Routing:** Enable both L3 and L2 Forwarding (IP or MAC address). Enabled by default.
- **L2 Unknown Unicast:** forwarding method for unknown layer 2 destinations. The method can be flood or proxy (default)
- **ARP Flooding:** Specifies whether ARP flooding is enabled. If flooding is disabled, unicast routing will be performed on the target IP address. Can be on or off (default)

CREATE BRIDGE DOMAIN

Specify Bridge Domain for the Network

Name:

Description:

Network:

Forwarding:

L2 Unknown Unicast: ☐ Flood ☒ Hardware Proxy

ARP Flooding: ☐ Enabled

Unicast Routing: ☒ Enabled

Config BD MAC Address: ☐

CREATE BRIDGE DOMAIN

Specify Bridge Domain for the Network

Name:

Description:

Network:

Forwarding:

L2 Unknown Unicast: ☒ Flood ☐ Hardware Proxy

ARP Flooding: ☒ Enabled

Unicast Routing: ☐ Enabled

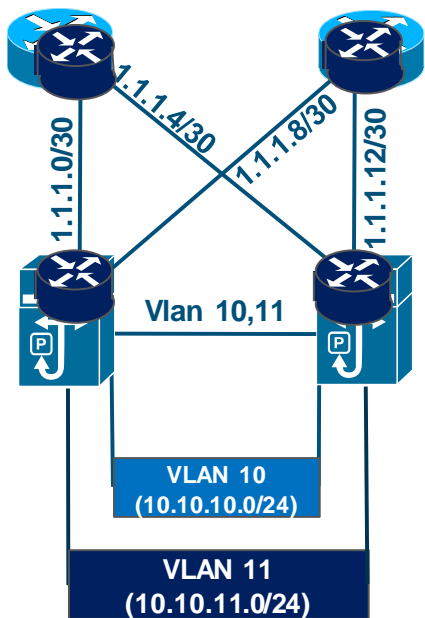
Config BD MAC Address: ☐

Network Centric Deployment Example

1 VRF + 2 VLANs – Option 2

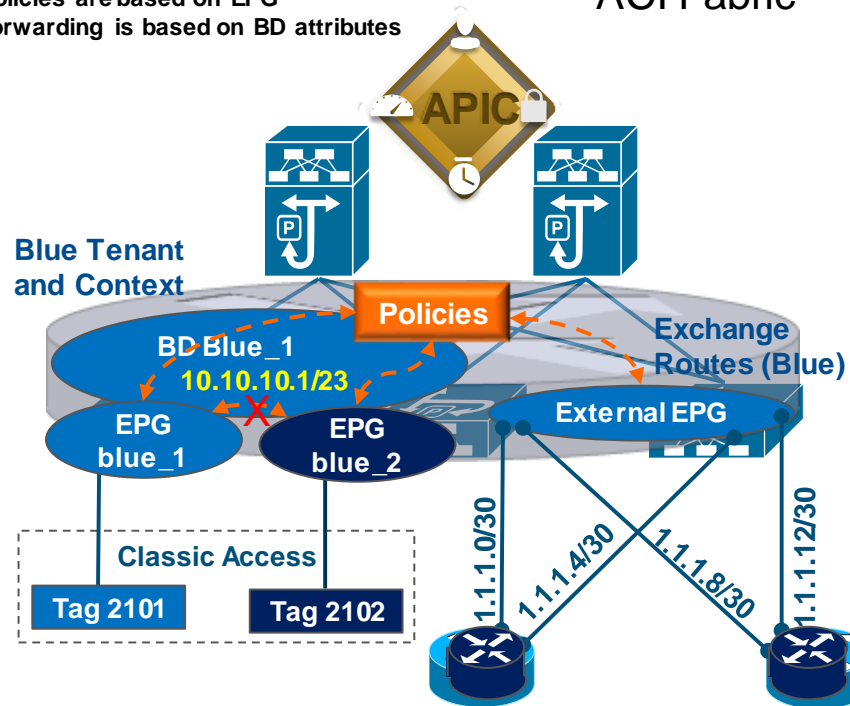
Classic mode shown here for Reference

What if different policies between two groups mandated separate VLANs in Classic Networks.



1. Policies are based on EPG
2. Forwarding is based on BD attributes

ACI Fabric

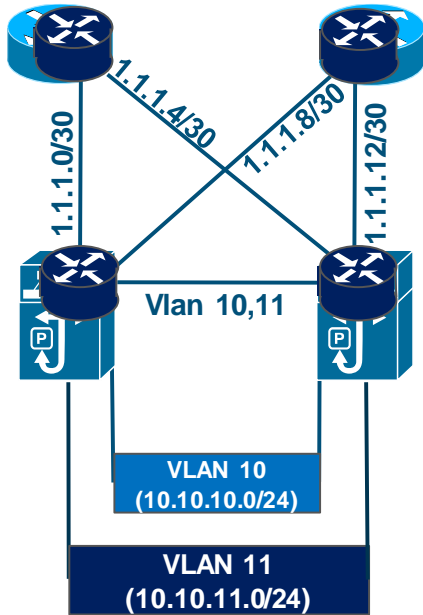


Network Centric Deployment Example

1 VRF + 2 VLANs – Option 3

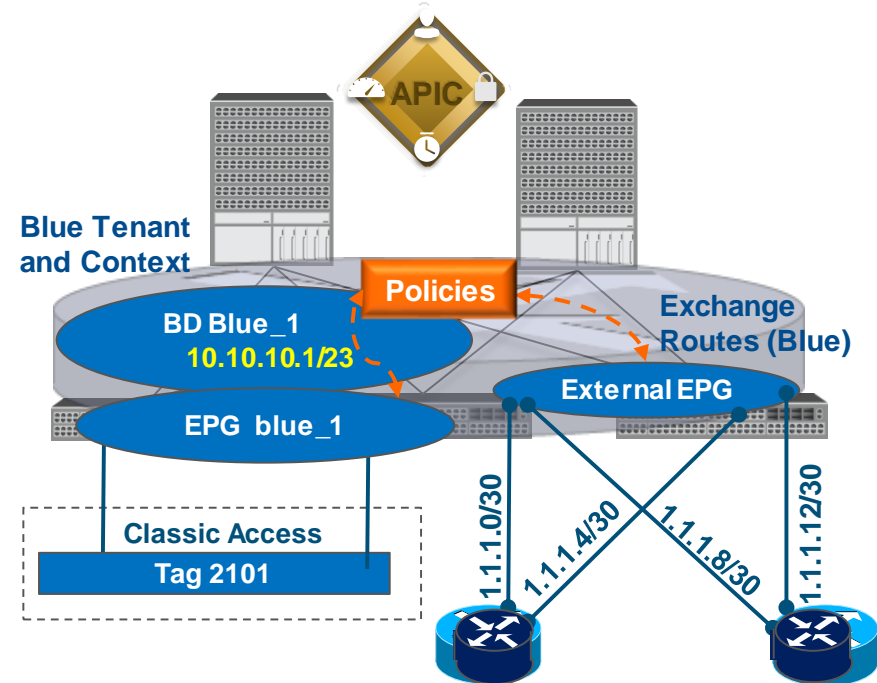
Classic mode shown here for Reference

What if two VLANs was only due to ARP broadcast concerns.



Hardware based directed ARP forwarding

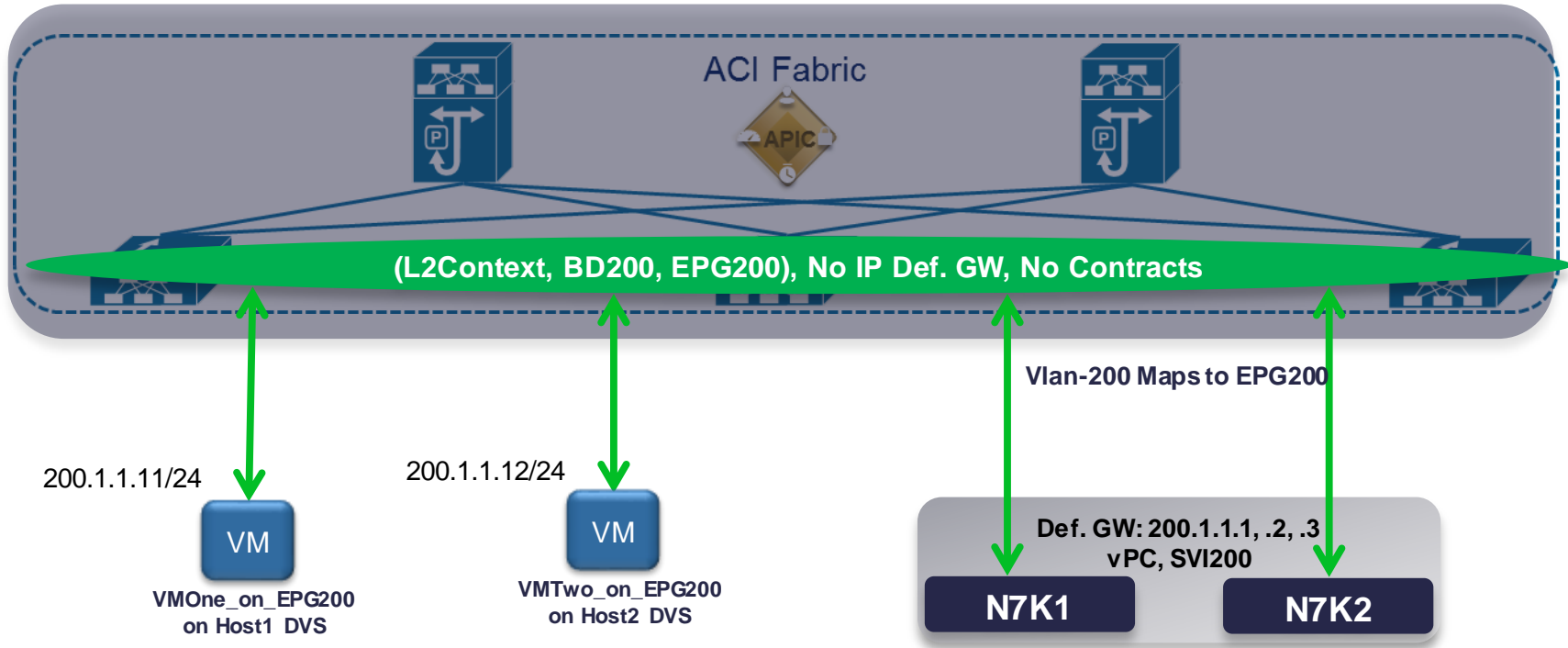
ACI Fabric



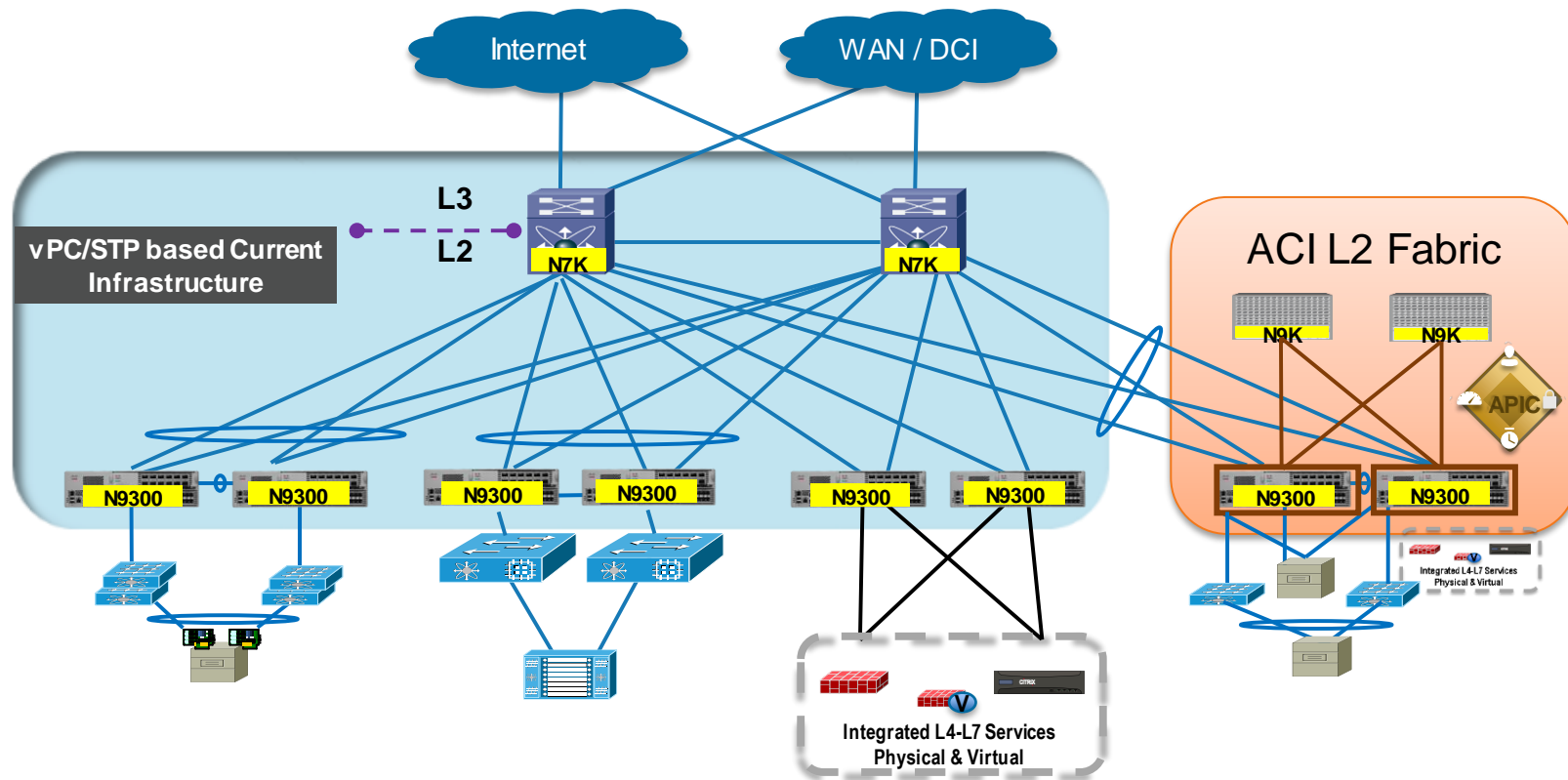
A long-exposure photograph of a city street at night. The background shows tall buildings with lit windows and a pedestrian bridge. The foreground is dominated by vibrant, multi-colored light trails from moving vehicles, creating a sense of motion and energy.

Network Centric - ACI Deployment as a L2 Fabric

ACI as a Layer 2 Fabric

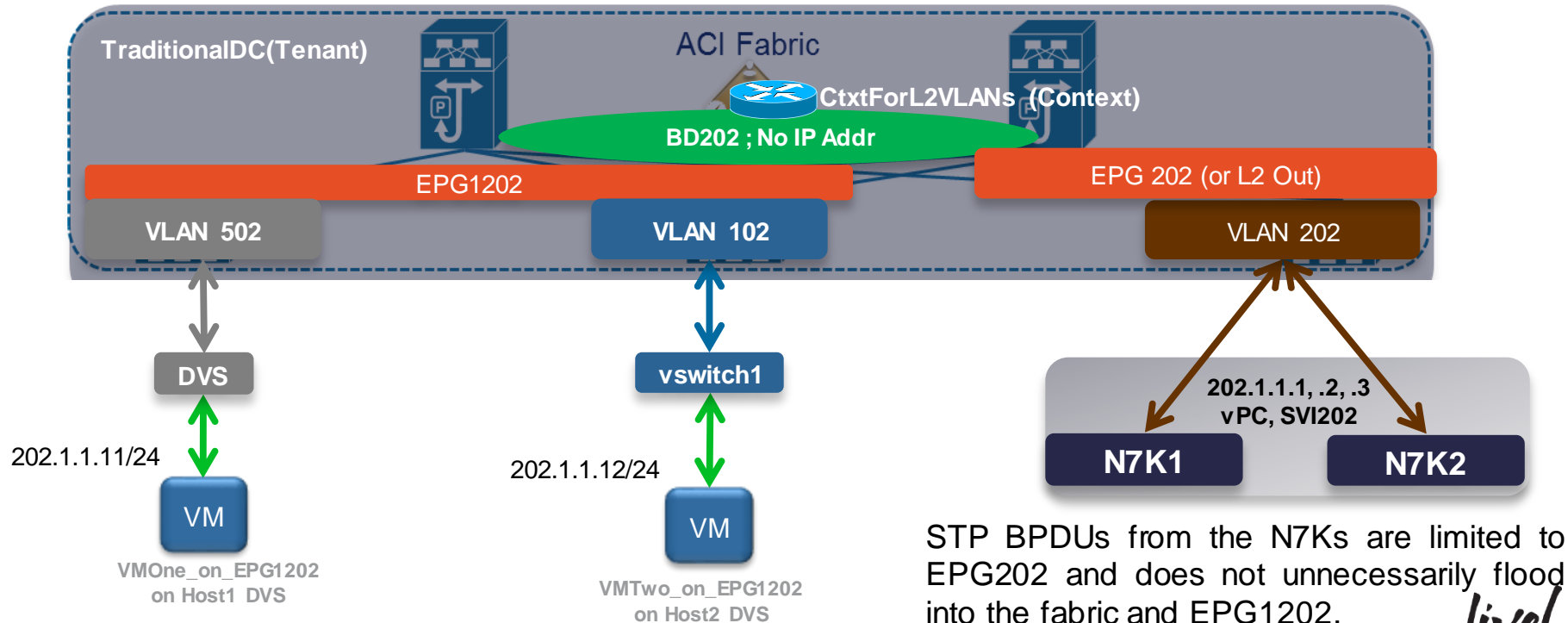


Extending Current Infrastructure with Layer 2 ACI Fabric



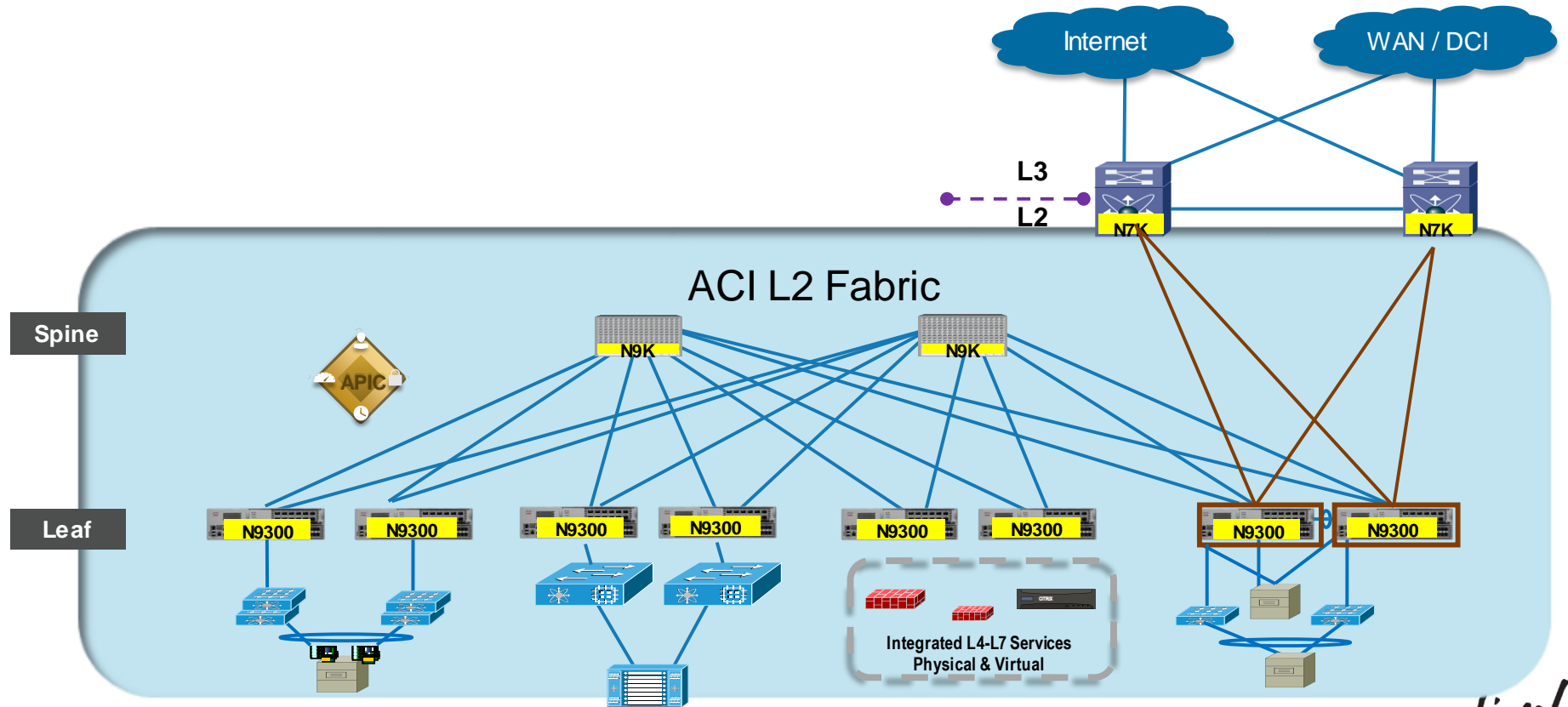
Layer 2 Fabric STP Containment

- Tenant(TraditionalIDC)→Context(CtxtForL2VLANs)→BridgeDomain(BD202)→EPG(EPG202, EPG1202)
- If Context is in enforced mode, Contracts are needed to communicate between EPG202 and 1202 even though they are on same Subnet.

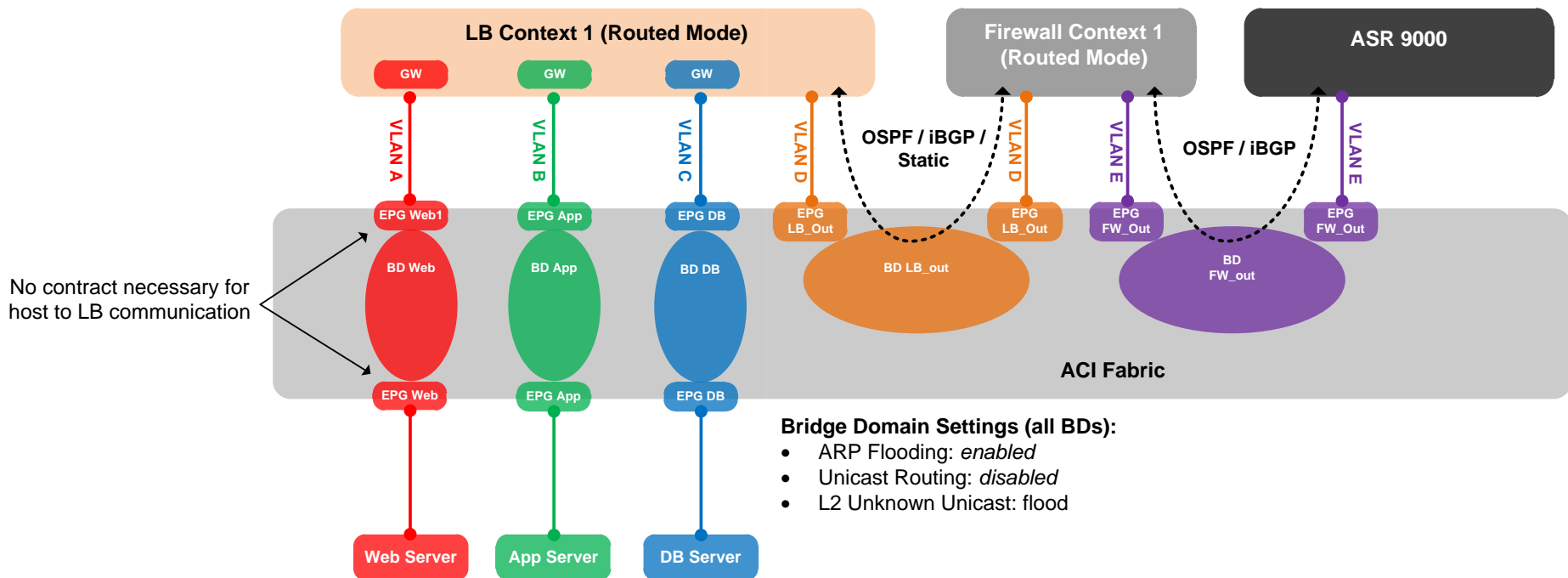


STP BPDUs from the N7Ks are limited to EPG202 and does not unnecessarily flood into the fabric and EPG1202.

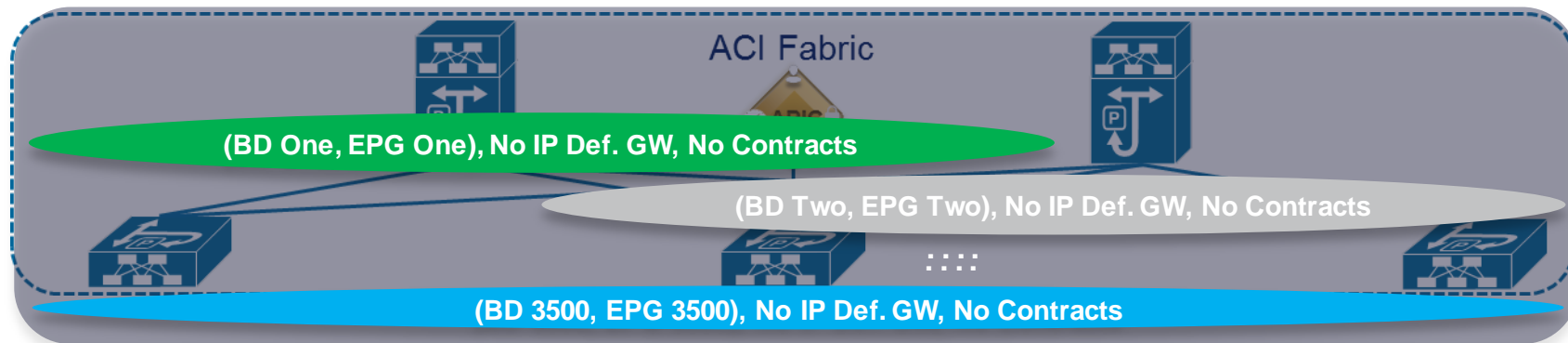
Layer 2 ACI Fabric with External GW



ACI as L2 Fabric – With Services



Layer 2 ACI Fabric

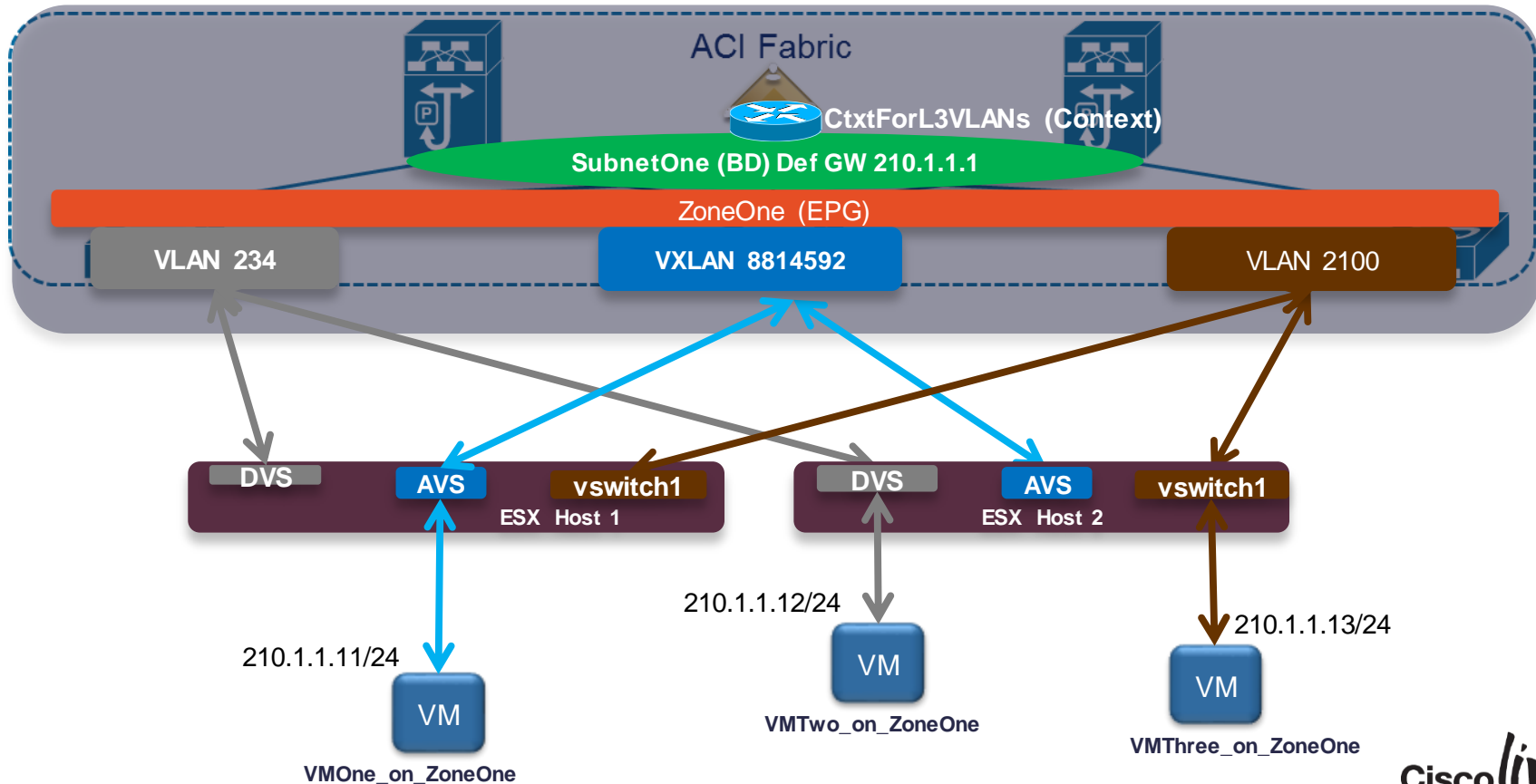


- How?
 - 1 BD and 1 EPG per Current Infrastructure VLAN
 - Also available is BD in legacy mode which preserves VLAN resources to allow for 3500 BDs per Leaf.
- Who are deploying ?
 - Customers who want to slowly introduce ACI
 - NFV or Virtual Overlay Use Case
- Benefits:
 - Network Operations, Network Automation
 - Any VLAN, Any Workload, Any Where
 - Network Capacity and Bandwidth

A long-exposure photograph of a city street at night. The foreground is filled with vibrant, multi-colored light trails from moving vehicles, creating a sense of motion. In the background, a modern cityscape is visible with illuminated buildings and a pedestrian bridge spanning the street. The overall scene is a blend of urban architecture and dynamic light patterns.

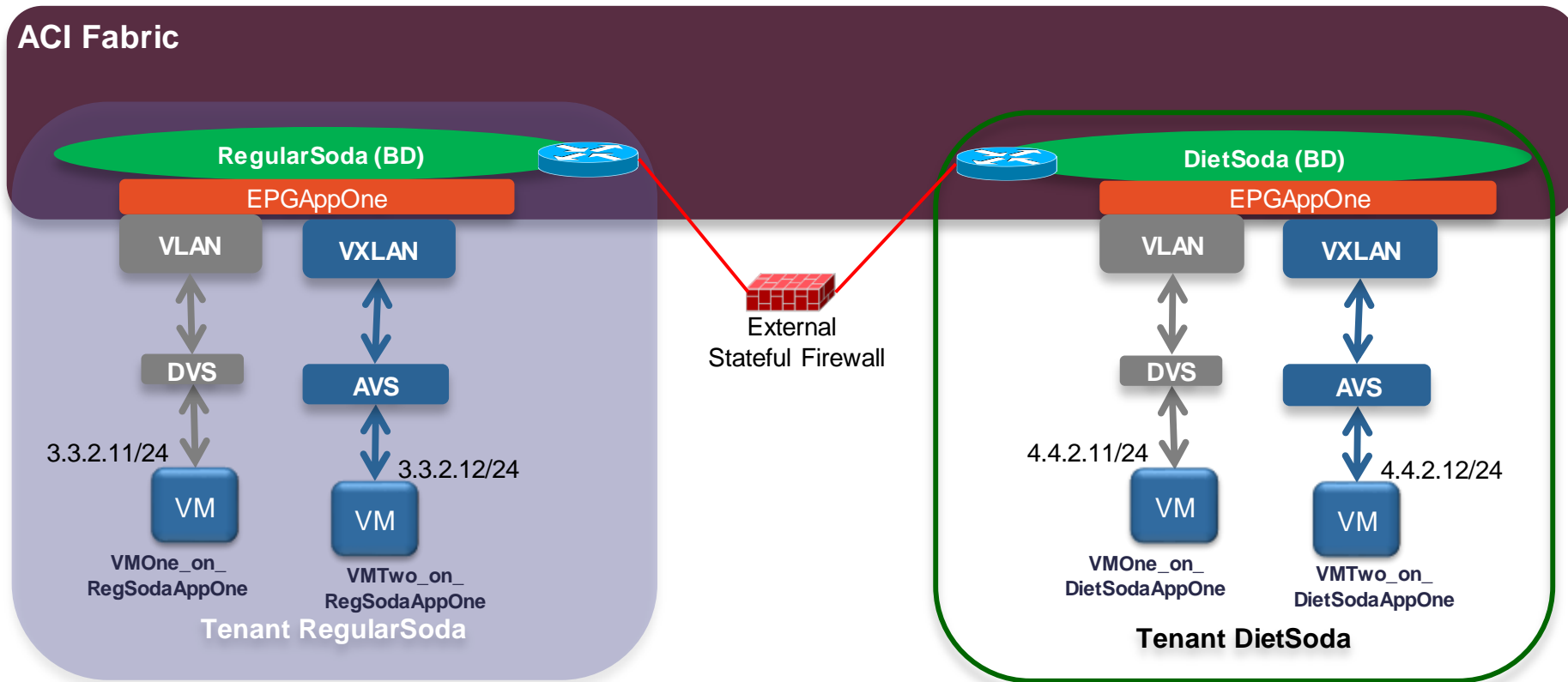
Network Centric - ACI Deployment as a L3 Fabric

ACI as a Layer 3 Fabric

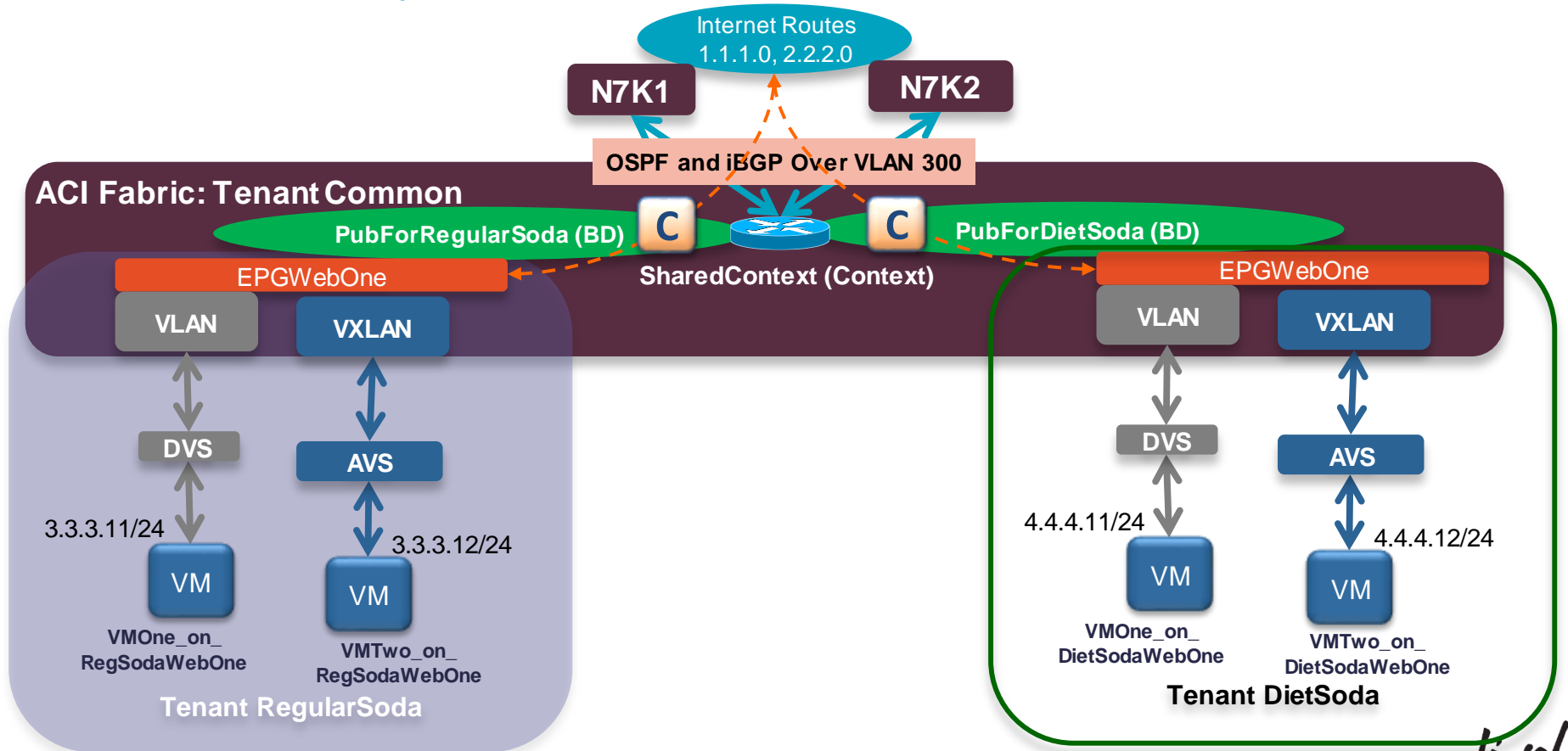


Multi-Tenancy with Services

ACI Fabric



Multi-Tenancy: Shared External Routes Example



Layer 3 ACI Fabric



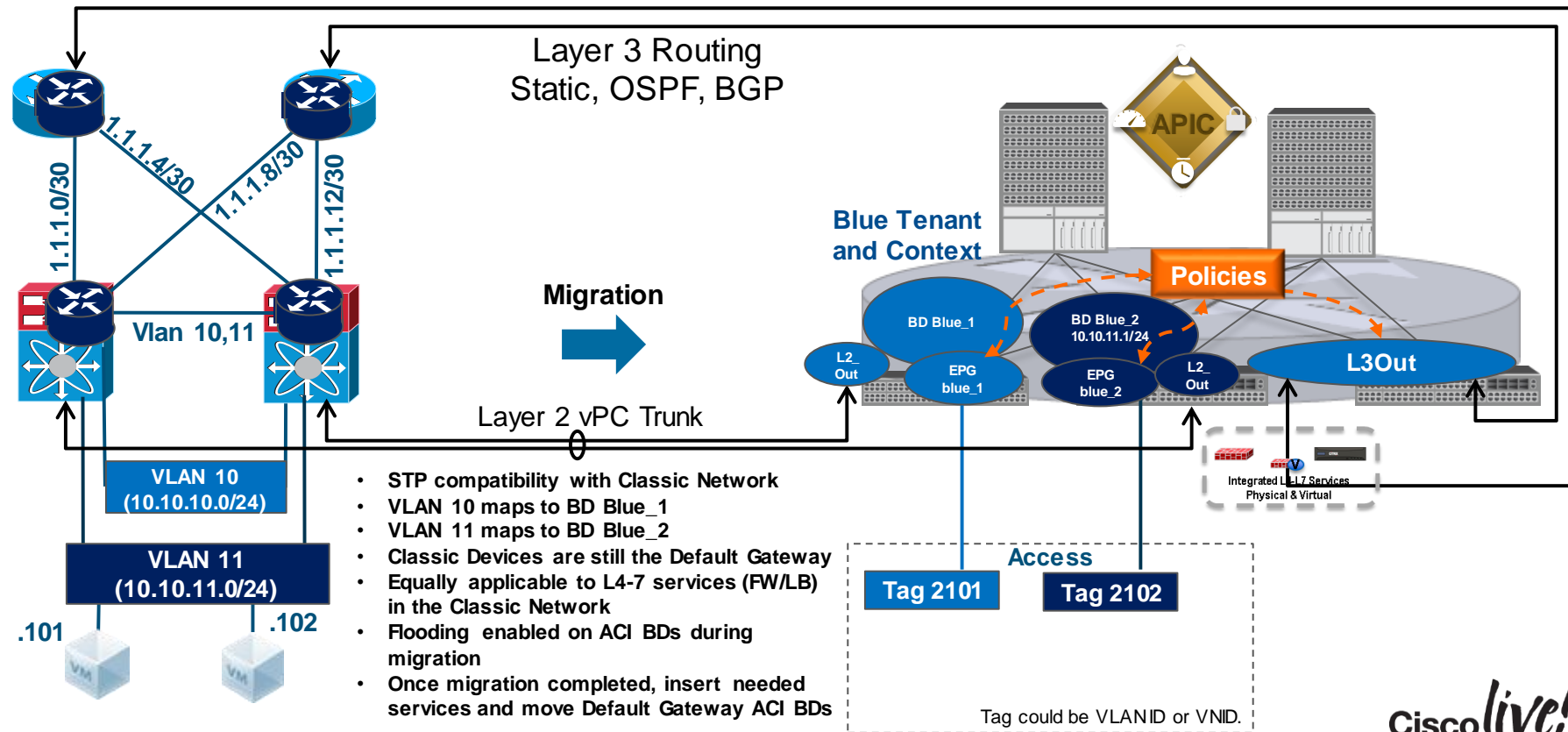
- How?
 - 1 BD and 1 EPG per Current Infrastructure VLAN
 - Fabric as default gateway **with or without policy enforcement.**
- Who are deploying ?
 - Customers who want basic L3 ACI Features, and adopt ACI Fabric as a single DC switching system
- Benefits:
 - Pervasive Gateway, Directed ARP and other features
 - Network Operations, Network Automation
 - Any VLAN, Any Workload, Any Where
 - Network Capacity and Bandwidth

A long-exposure photograph of a city street at night. The foreground is filled with vibrant, multi-colored light trails from moving vehicles, creating a sense of motion. In the background, a modern city skyline is visible with illuminated buildings and a pedestrian bridge crossing the street.

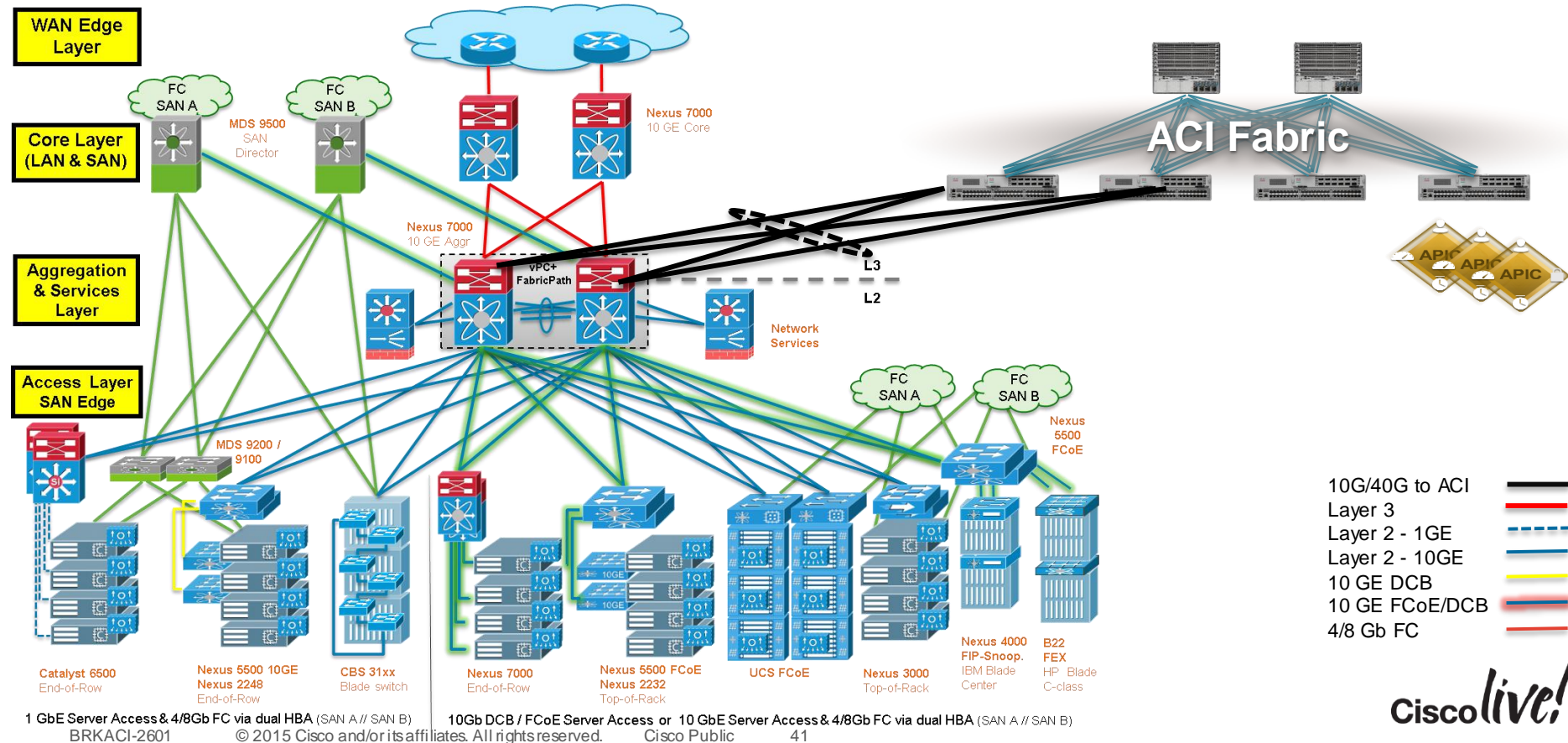
Network Centric ACI Migration

Network Centric Migration Example

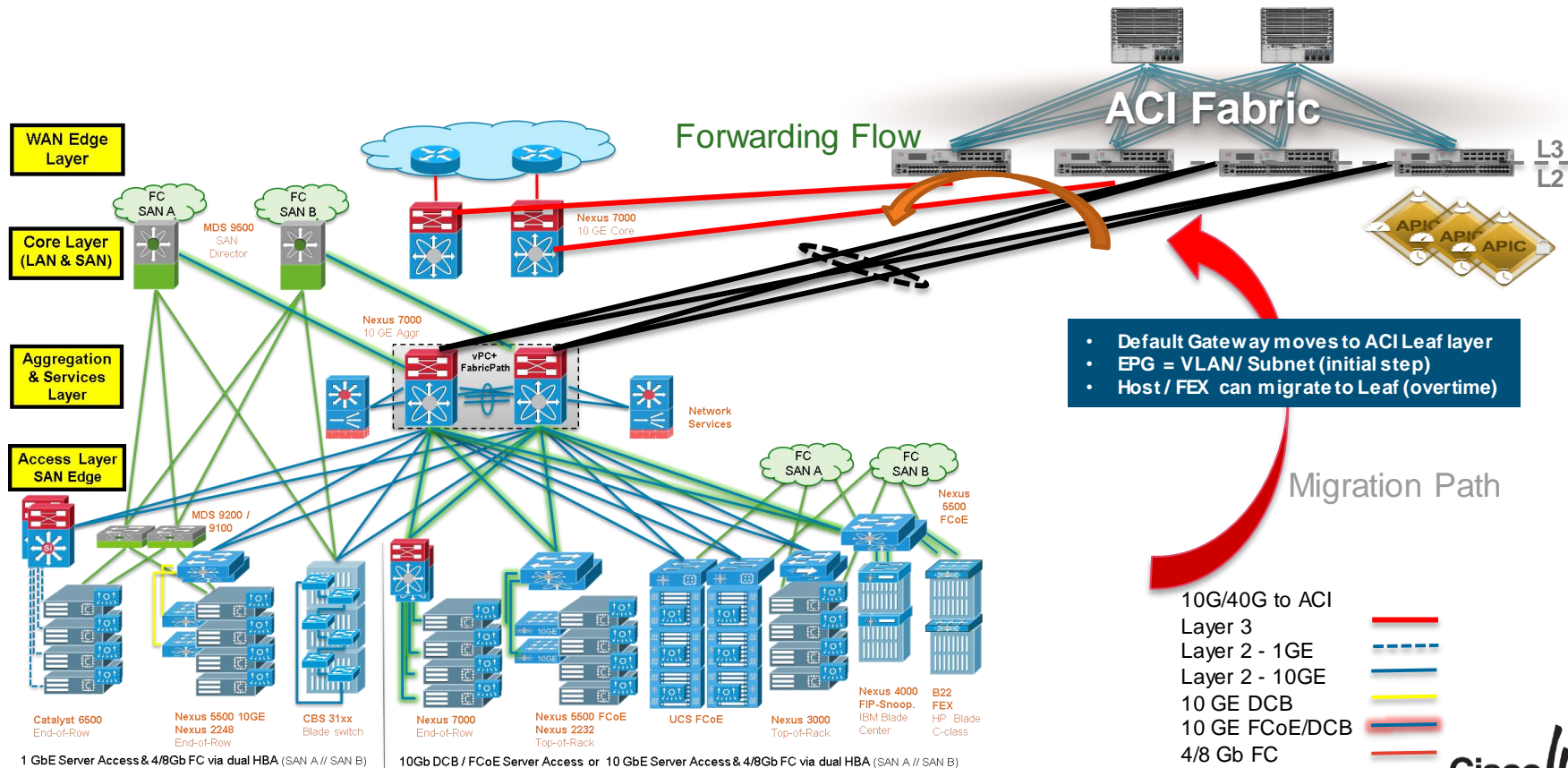
VRF + 2 VLANs



ACI Integration and Migration



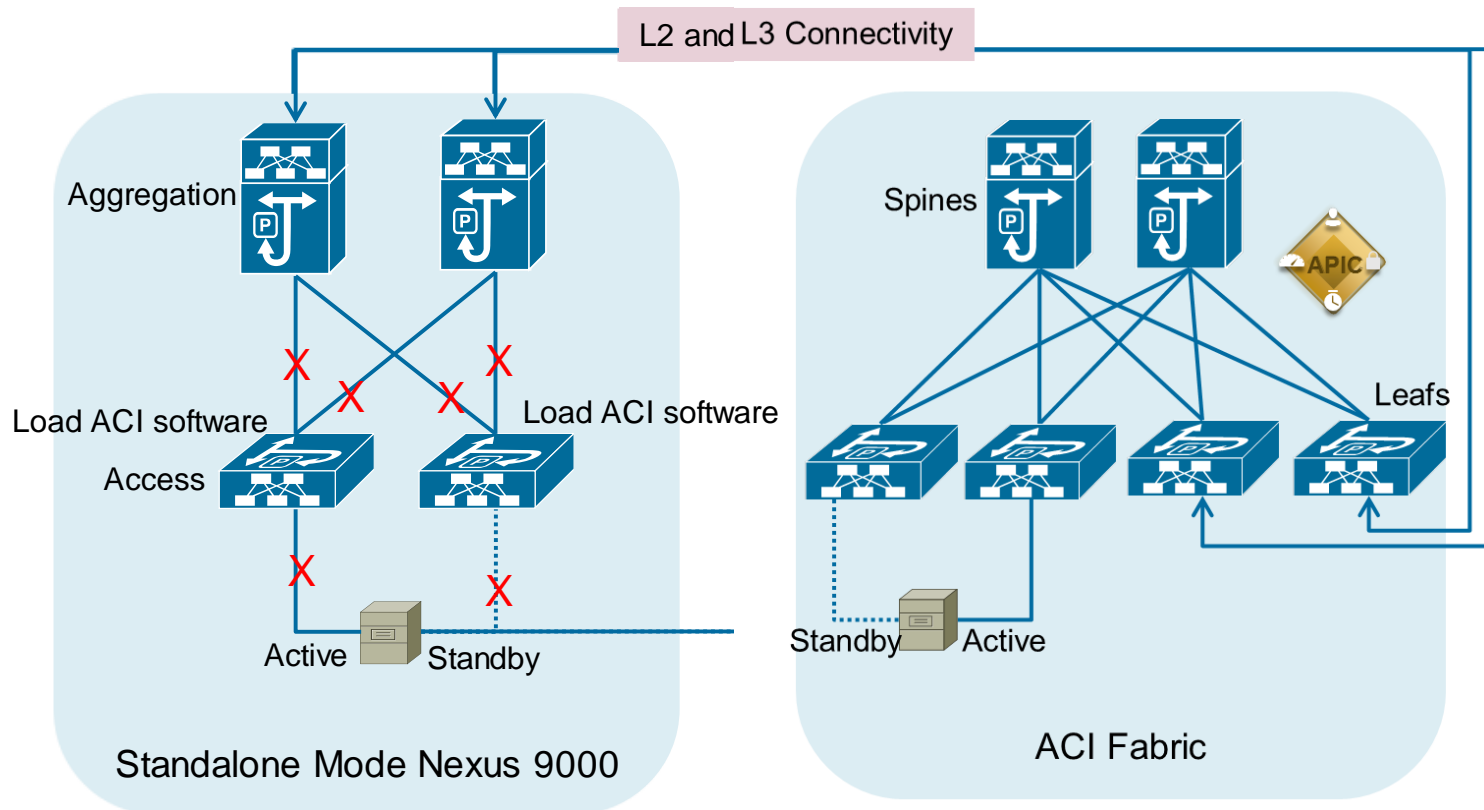
ACI Integration and Migration



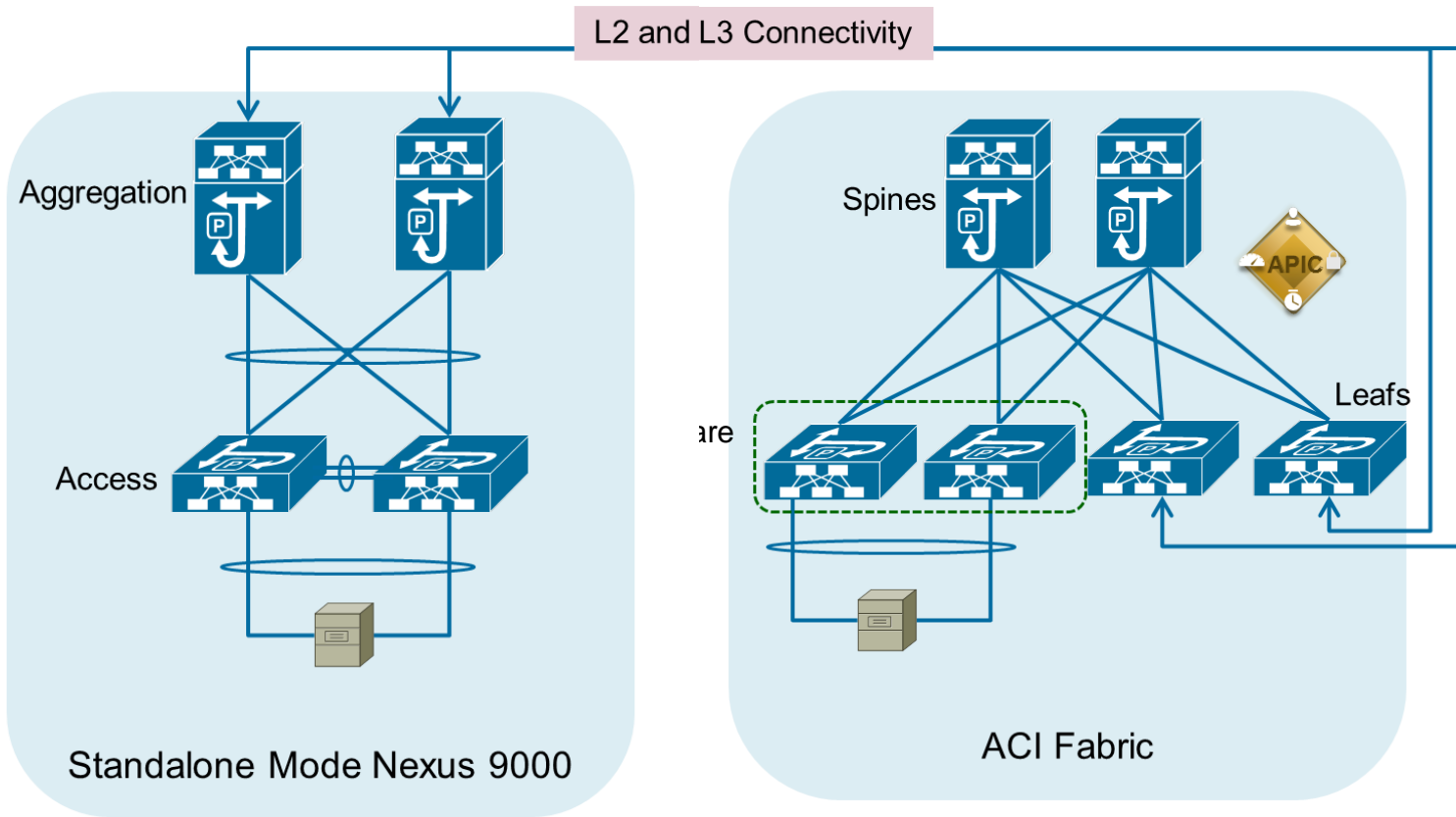
A long-exposure photograph of a city street at night. The background shows modern buildings with lit windows and a pedestrian bridge. The foreground is dominated by vibrant, multi-colored light trails from moving vehicles, creating a sense of motion and energy.

Nexus 9000 Migration from Standalone to ACI mode

Nexus 9000 Standalone to ACI Mode Migration non vPC



Nexus 9000 Standalone to ACI Mode Migration: vPC



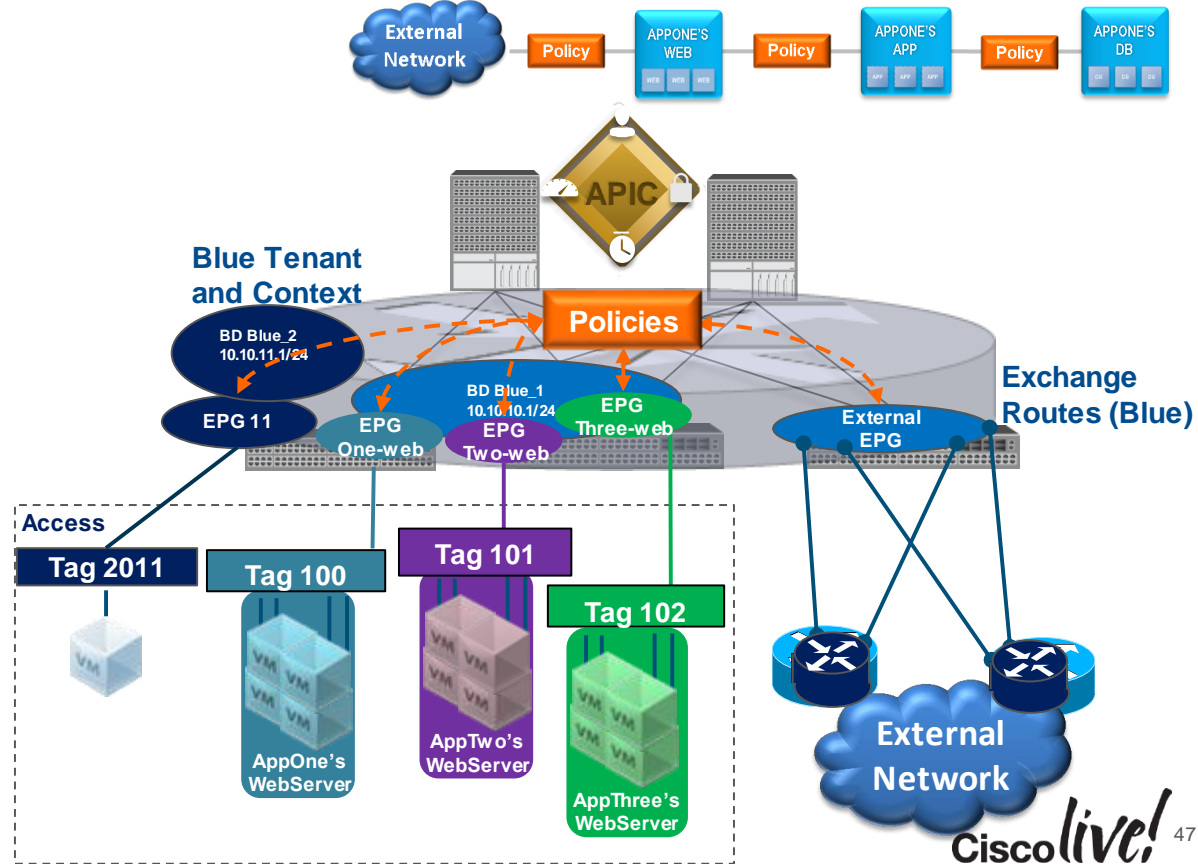
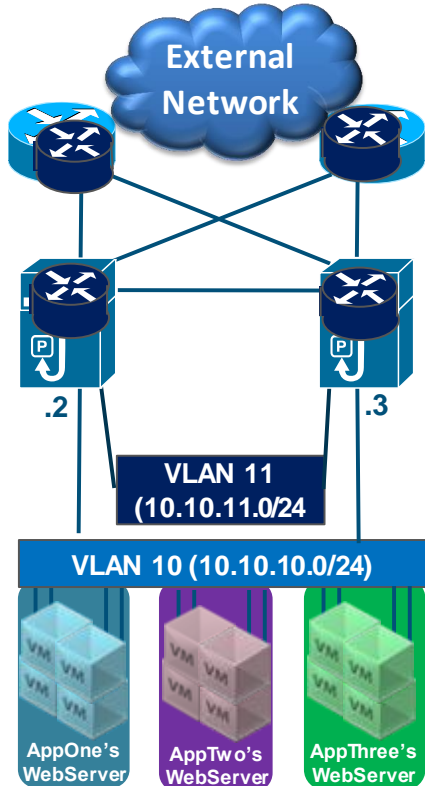
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Deployment Example – Hybrid Approach

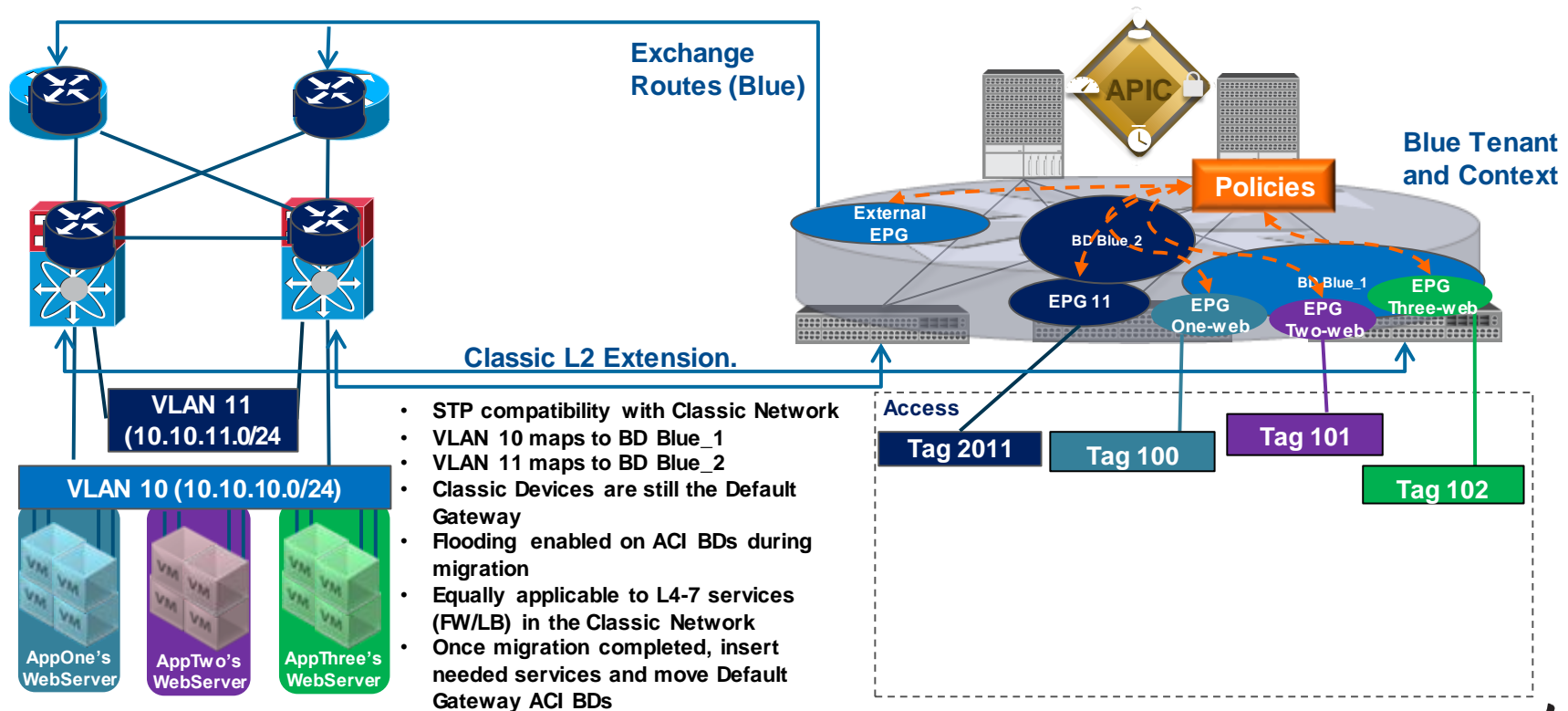
Classic mode shown here for Reference



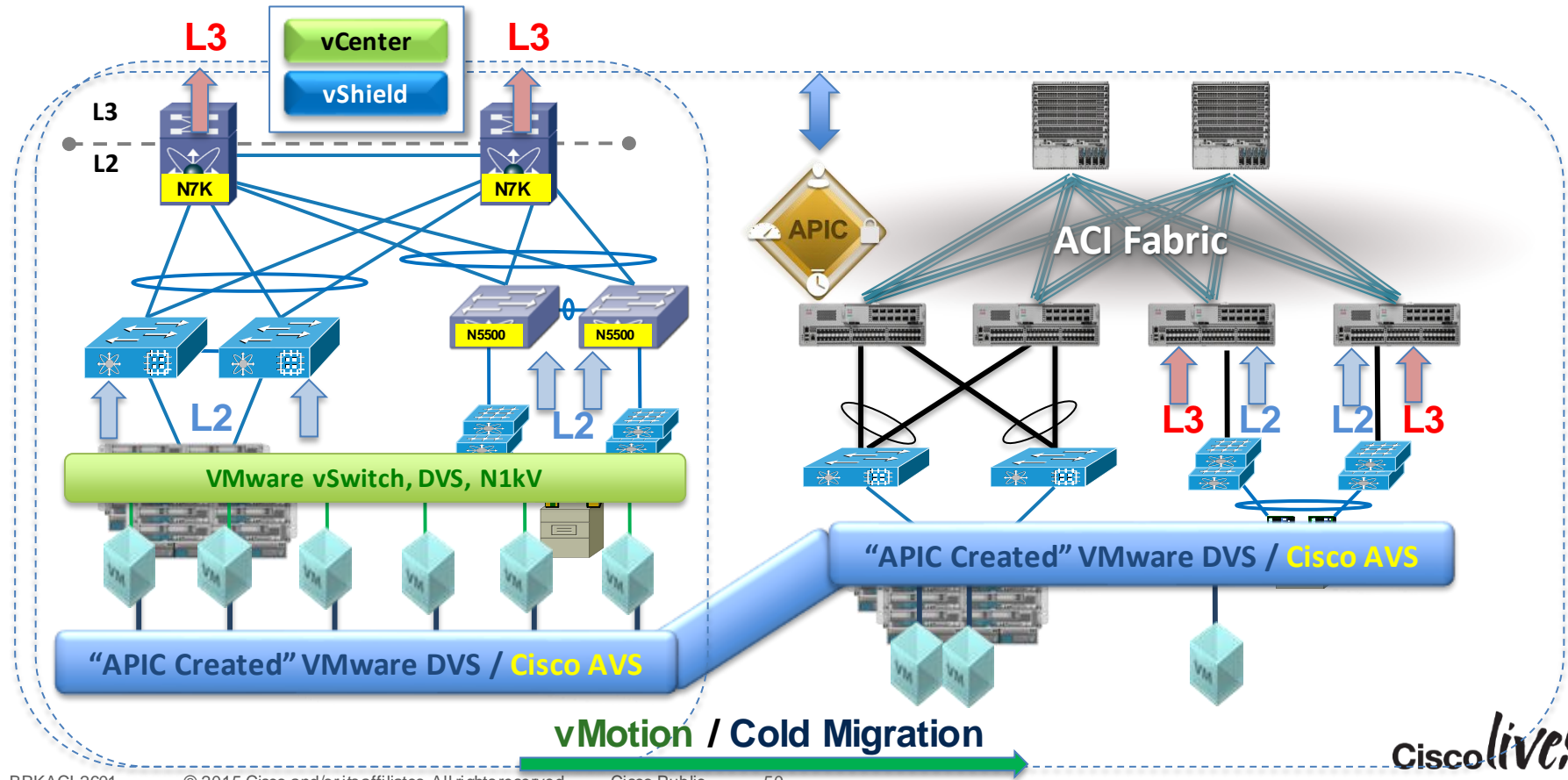
A nighttime photograph of a city street. In the background, there are several tall buildings with lit windows. A pedestrian bridge with a glass railing spans across the street. In the foreground, there are long, colorful light trails from cars, primarily in shades of yellow, orange, and red, indicating motion. The text "Hybrid (Network and Application Centric) ACI Migration" is overlaid in white on a dark horizontal band across the middle of the image.

Hybrid (Network and Application Centric) ACI Migration

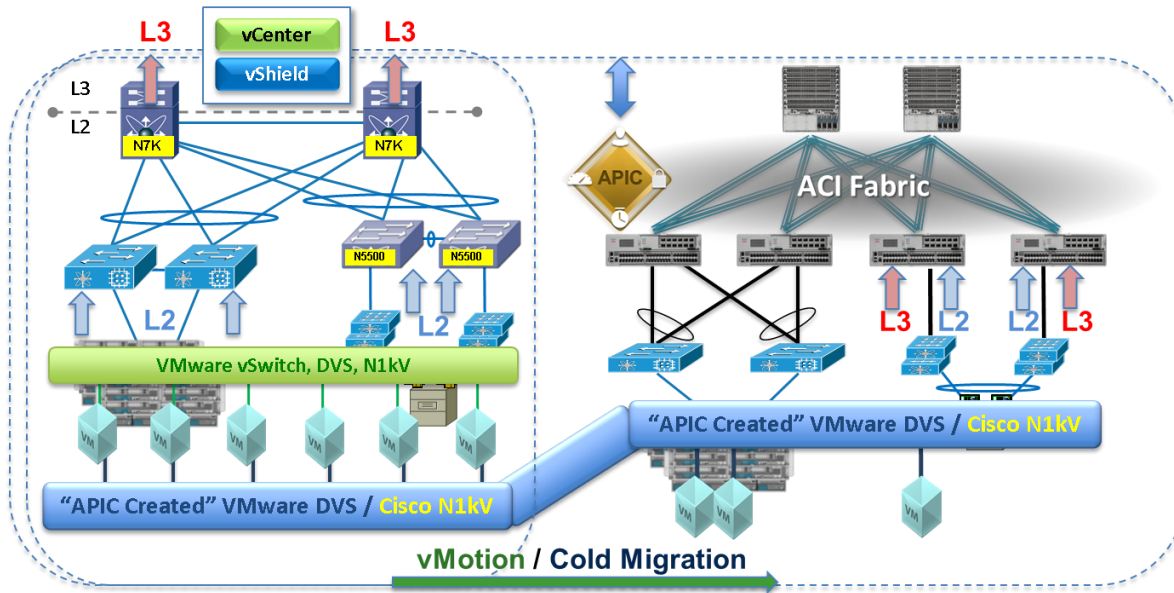
ACI Migration for Hybrid Approach



Virtual Environment Migration Example



ACI Virtual Migration Assistant



- User and Workflow driven
- Multiple scenarios
 - vSwitch → ACI
 - DVS → ACI
 - N1kv → ACI
 - Any Combination → ACI

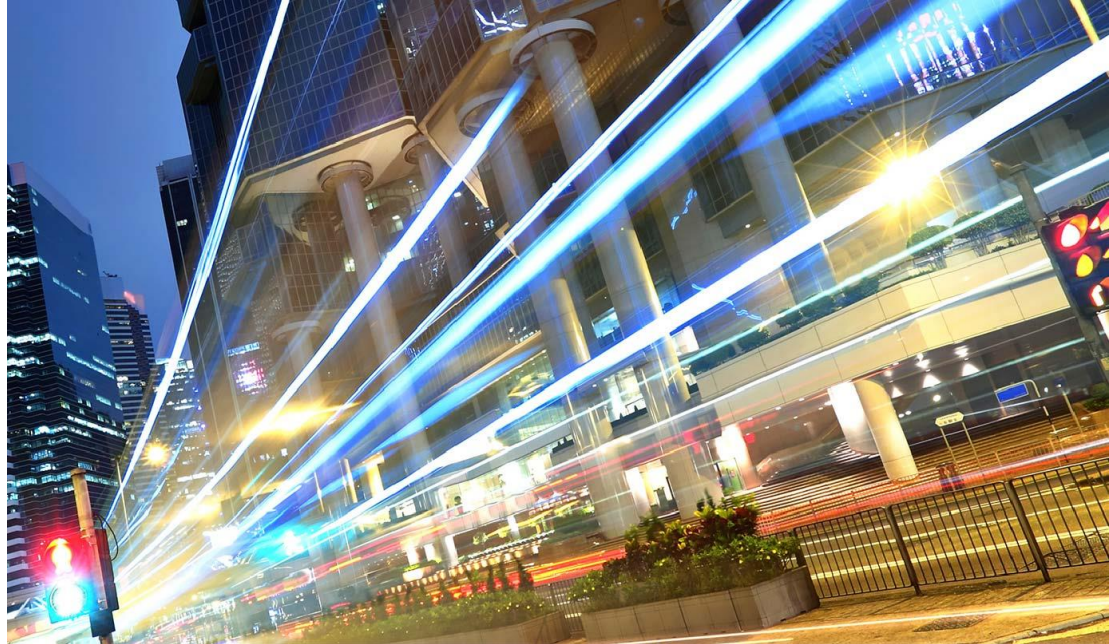


Cisco Advanced Services

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Application Centric Migration

Building the Application Profile – an Example

Oracle Internet Expenses

ORACLE Expense Reports [Close Window](#) [Preferences](#) [Diagnostics](#)

Expenses

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Authorization Preferences

[Cancel](#) [Apply](#)

Expenses Entry Delegations

The people in this list can enter expense reports for you. They can also view all of your previously submitted expense reports.

| Name | Remove |
|----------------------|---|
| <input type="text"/> |  |

[Add Another Row](#)

Expenses Entry Permissions

You can enter expense reports for the people in this list. You can also view all of their previously submitted expense reports.

| Name | Remove |
|-------------------|--------|
| No results found. | |

[Cancel](#) [Apply](#)

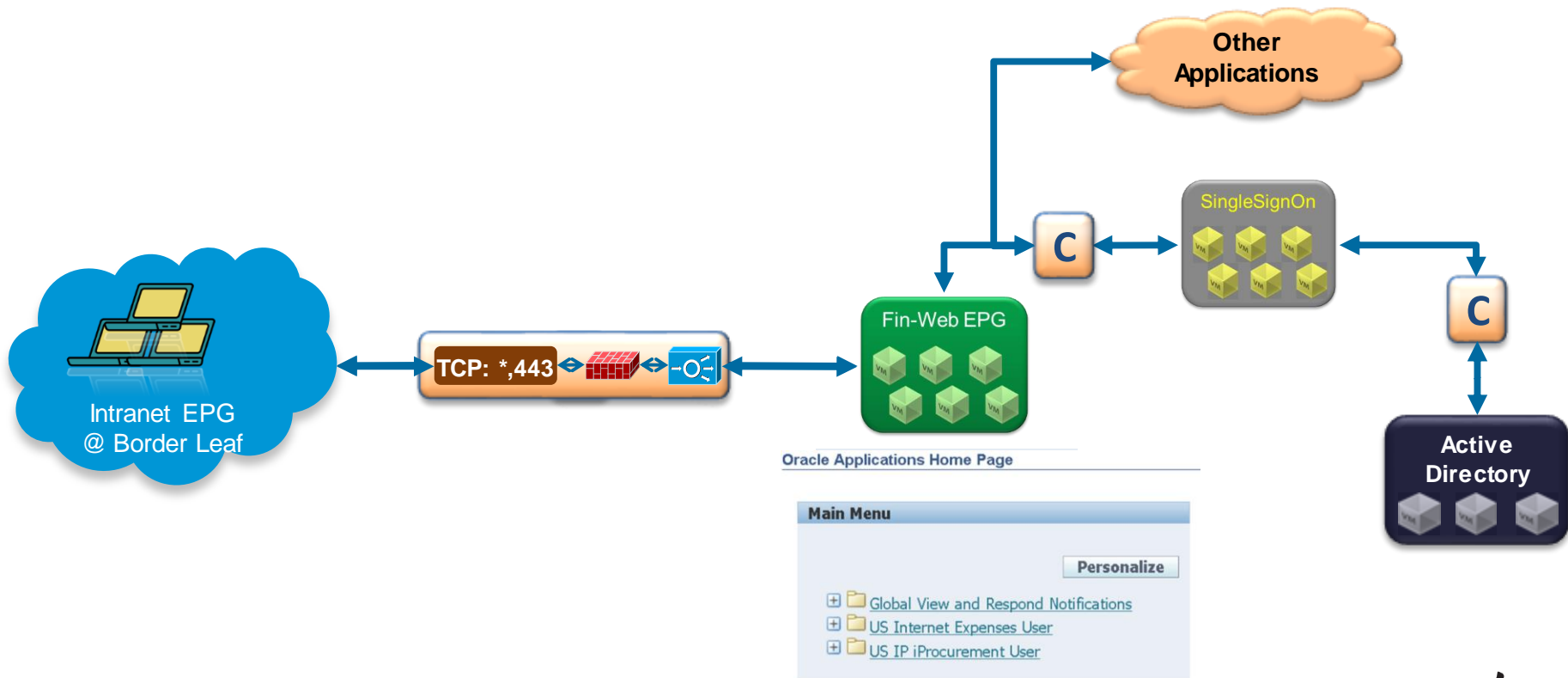
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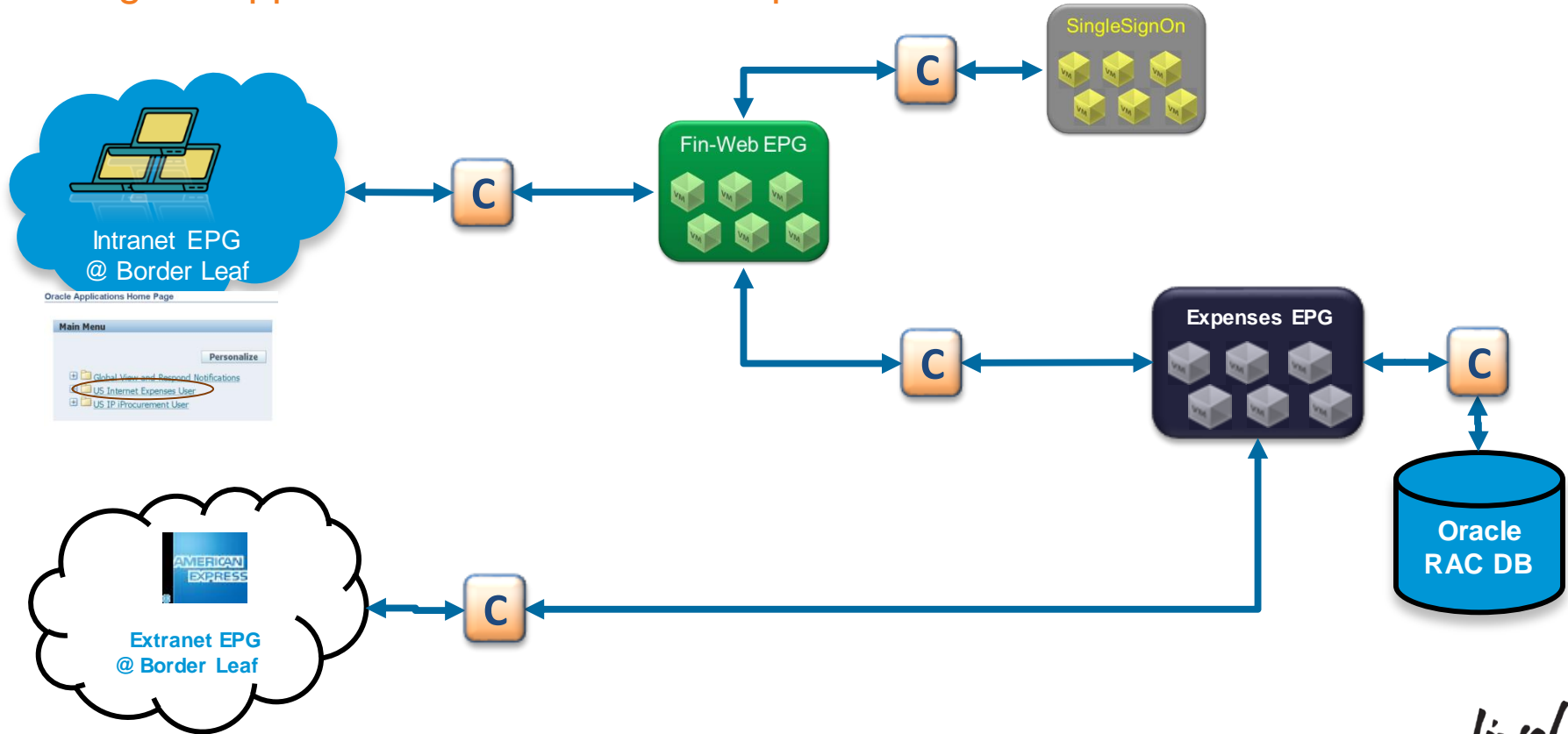
Application Centric Migration

Building the Application Profile – an Example

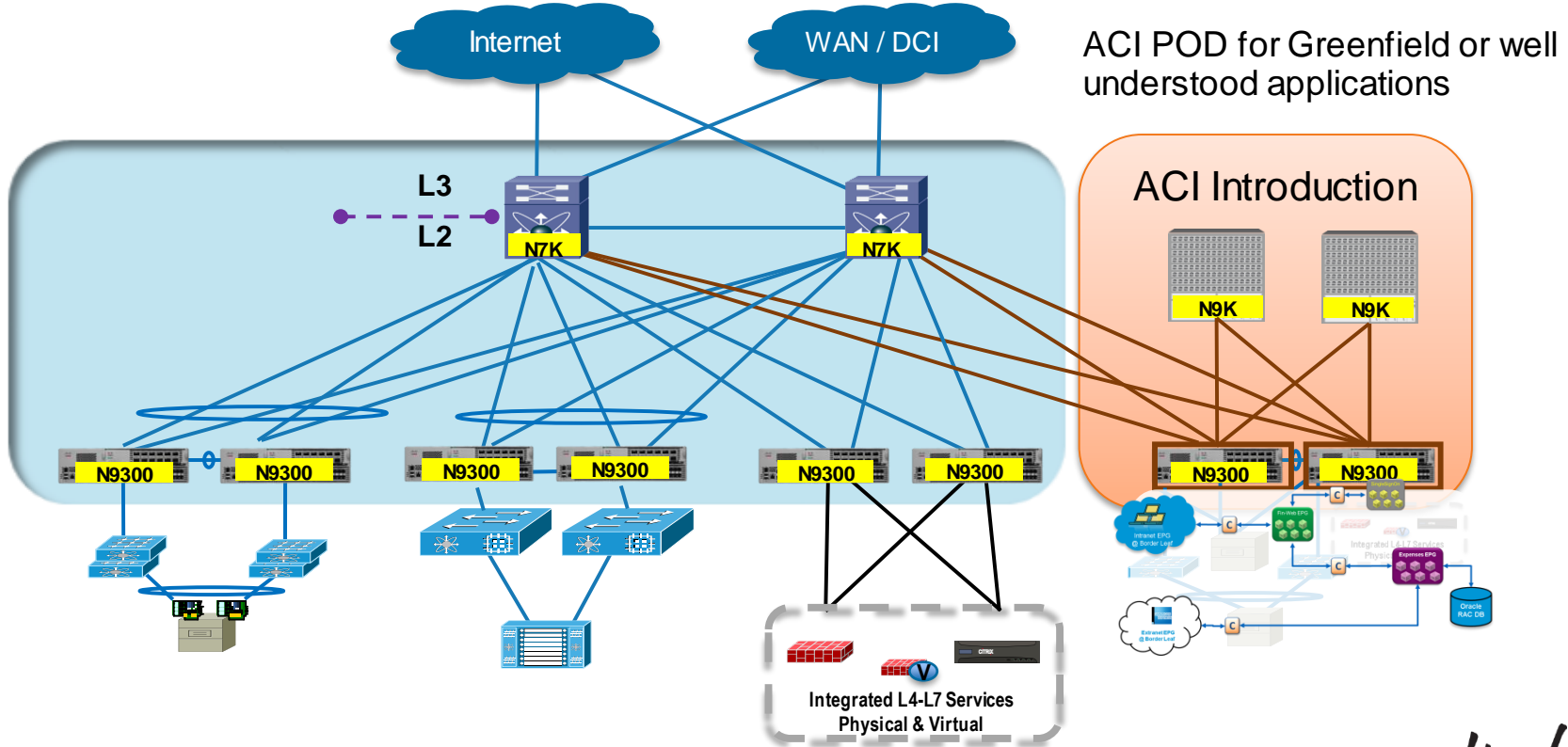


Application Centric Migration

Building the Application Profile – an Example

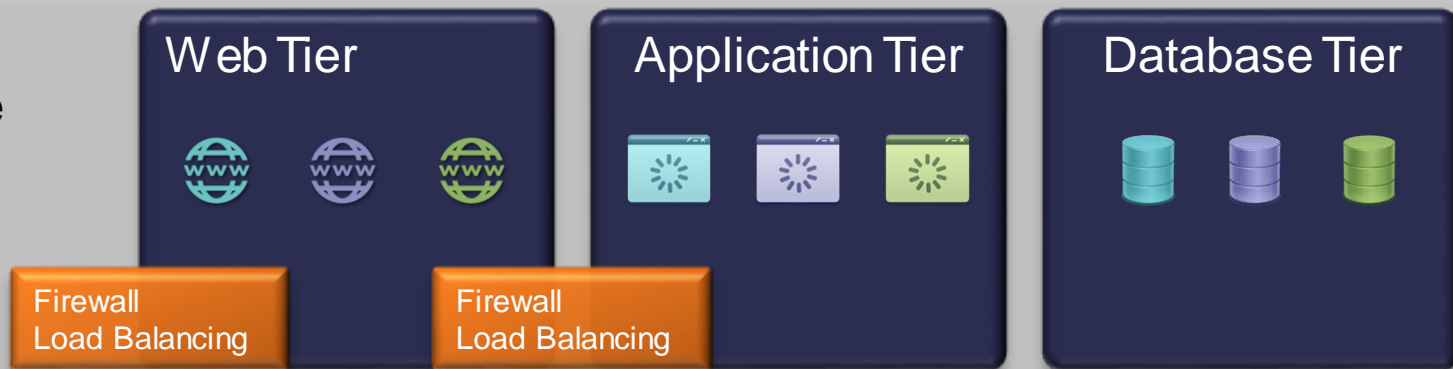


ACI Deployments for Known Application Profiles

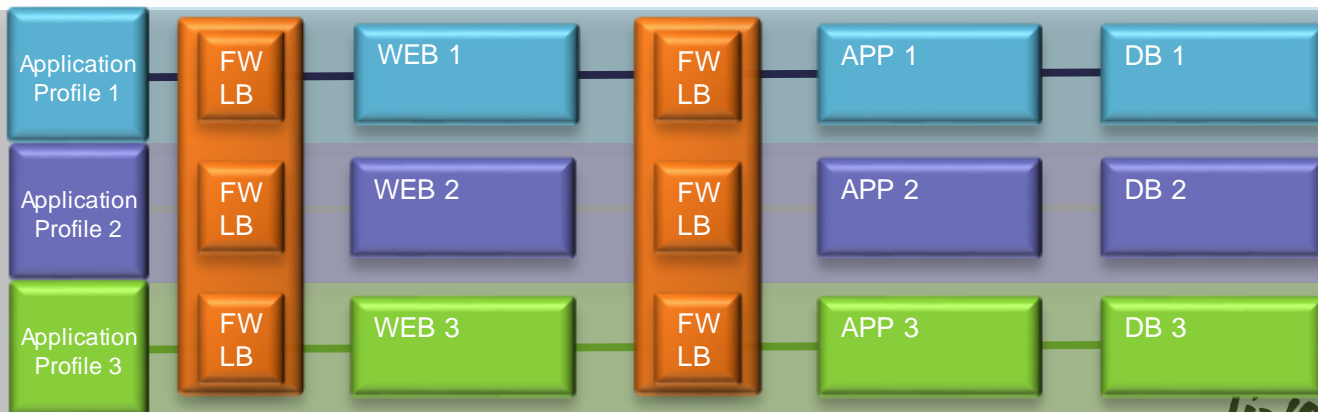


ACI Approach to Applications

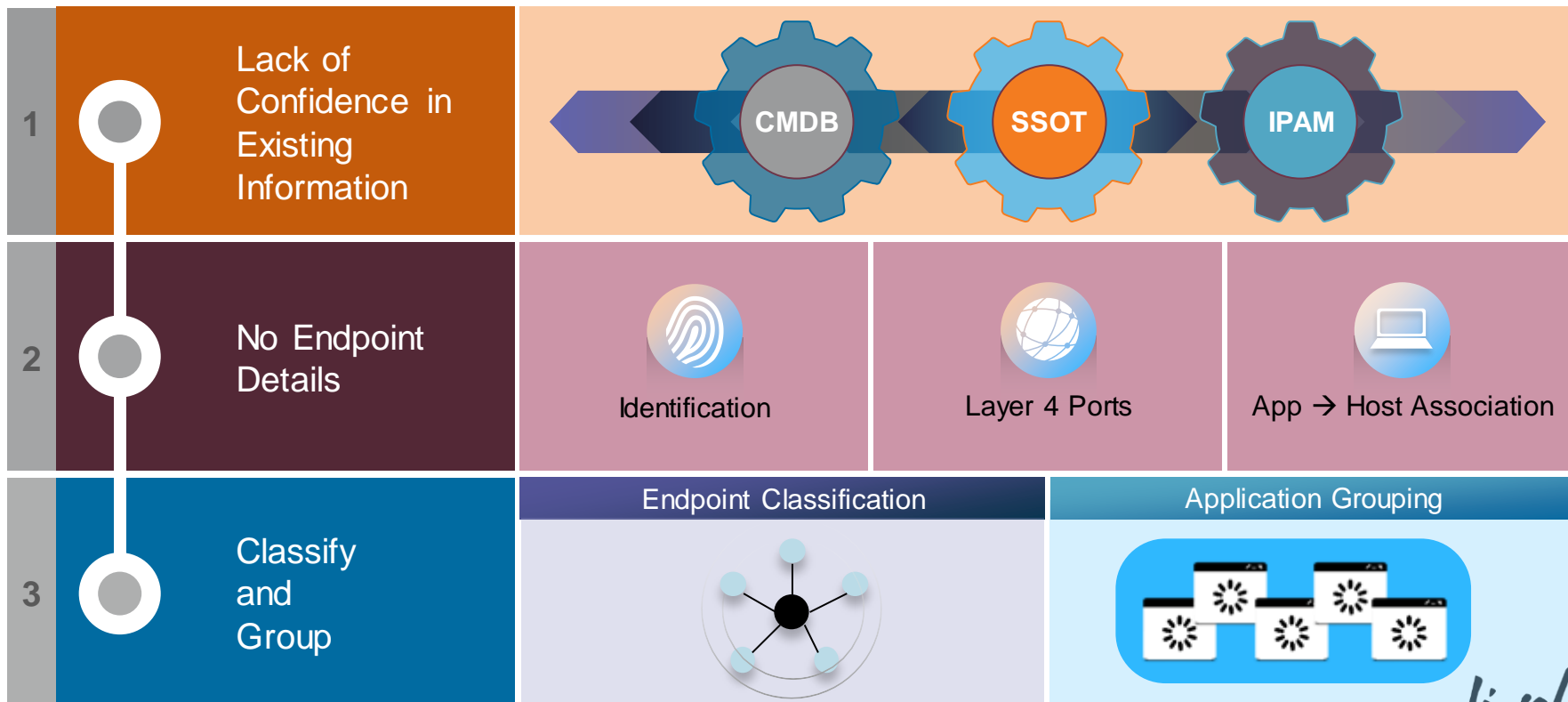
Traditional Data Centre Design



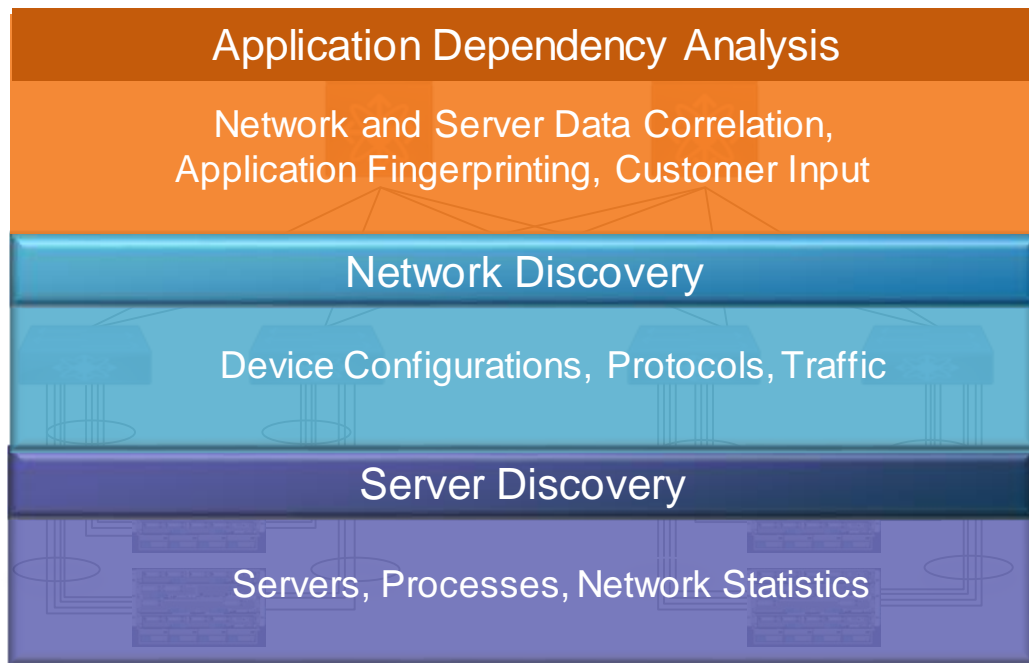
ACI Approach



Operational Challenges

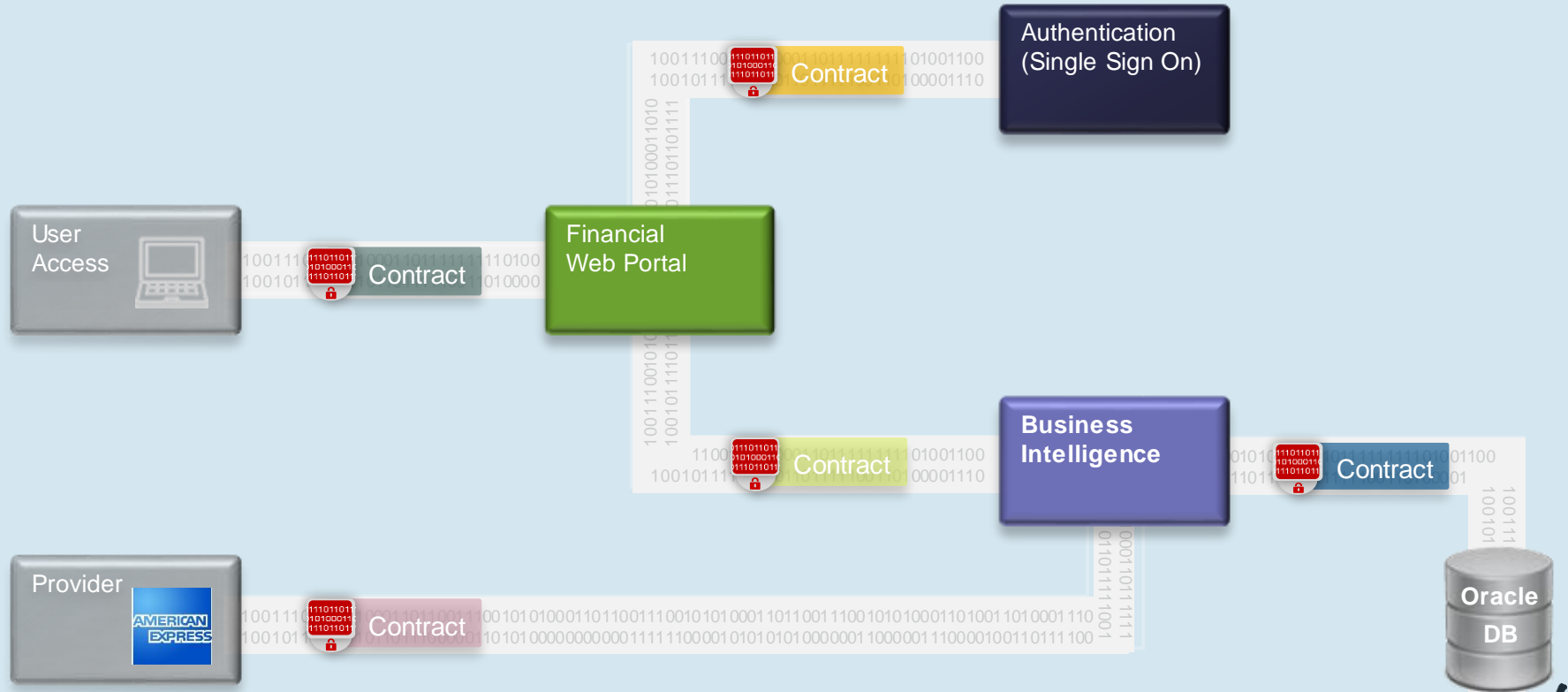


Application Profiling Methodology



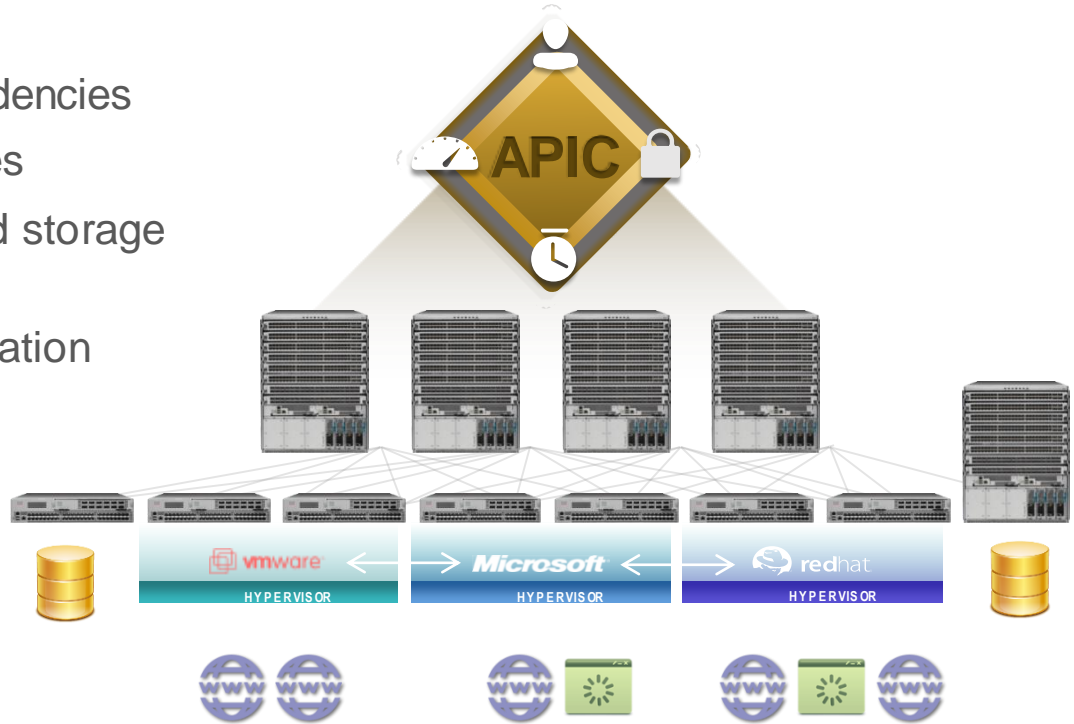
Collect and Analyse

Proposal for iExpenses



Advanced Services: Application Profiling for ACI

- Comprehensive application dependencies
- Multiple application network policies
- Application, compute, network, and storage mapping
- Automate physical and virtual migration



Cisco Advanced Services



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ACI Migration Summary

- ACI designed from the ground-up to be Application Centric
- Flexible and customisable to fit your business needs
- A phased approach: Grow, Integrate, Migrate
- Solution flexible to be Network Centric, Application Centric or a Hybrid approach

Thank You!!

Call to Action

- Visit the World of Solutions for
 - Cisco Campus – Data Centre, ACI Booths with **Advanced Services Tools Demo**
 - Walk in Labs
 - Technical Solution Clinics
- Follow-up Breakout Sessions
 - BRKACI-2333 - Intermediate - Application Centric Networking Troubleshooting 101 - Install & Implementation of ACI
 - BRKACI-3344 - Advanced - Application Centric Networking Troubleshooting 201 – Day 2 Operations
- Meet the Engineer
- Lunch time Table Topics
- DevNet zone related labs and sessions
- Recommended Reading: for reading material and further resources for this session, please visit www.pearson-books.com/CLMilan2015

A long-exposure photograph of a city street at night. The foreground is filled with vibrant, multi-colored light trails from moving vehicles, creating a sense of motion. In the background, a modern pedestrian bridge with blue lighting spans the street. Tall buildings with illuminated windows and storefronts line the street, and several flags are visible on poles to the left.

Q & A

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Thank you.



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