

*TOMORROW starts here.*



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# Cisco Catalyst 6500 Instant Access Solution - Design and Migration Case Studies

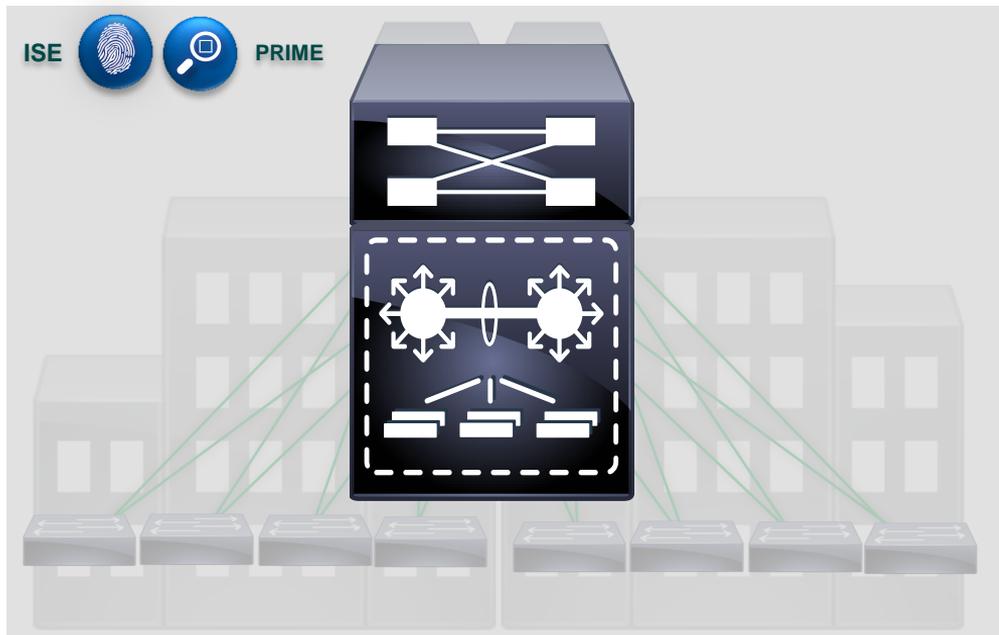
BRKARC-3465

Roland Salinas

Technical Marketing Engineer

# Catalyst Instant Access Key Benefits

Managed Devices = 20+



**1000 Port Campus Distribution Block**

## Benefits

Satellite Device capable of **Stacking & POE+**

Single Point of **Management, Configuration and Troubleshooting**

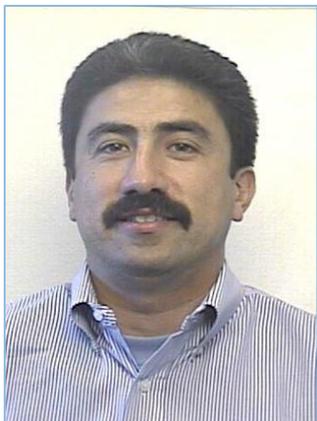
**Simplified Network Design** for  
VLANs and Port-Channels

**Agile Infrastructure** to add new features  
uniformly across **Access Layer**

**A Single Image to Deploy and Manage**  
across Distribution Block

**REDUCED TCO!**

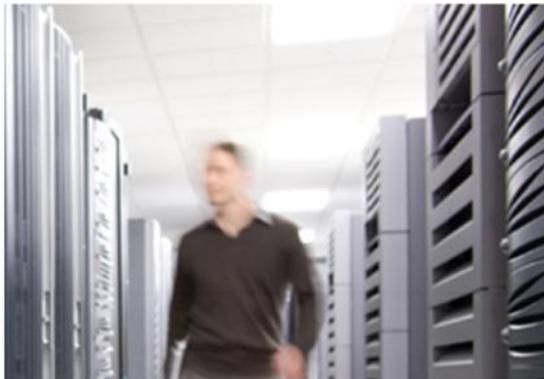
# Introductions



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# Agenda

- What is Instant Access?
  - Components
  - Control Plane and Data Plane
  - Operations
- Case Studies for Deployment
  - Case Study #1
  - Case Study #2
  - Case Study #3
- High Availability Performance
  - Link failure
  - Parent linecard failures
  - Client switch failure in a stack
  - Parent chassis failure
  - Planned software upgrade procedure

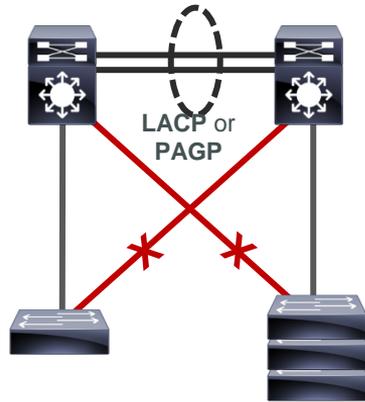


What is Instant Access?

# Catalyst Instant Access

## Evolution of the Campus

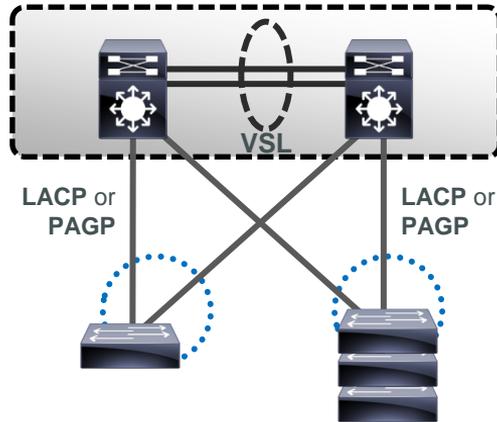
### STANDALONE



Access Switch

Access Stack

### VSS



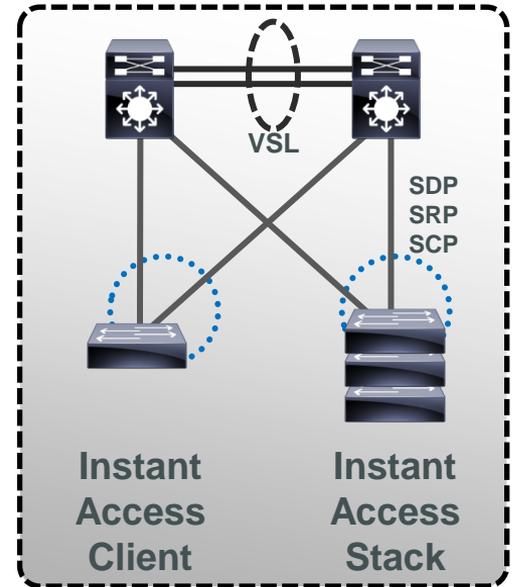
LACP or PAGP

LACP or PAGP

Access Switch

Access Stack

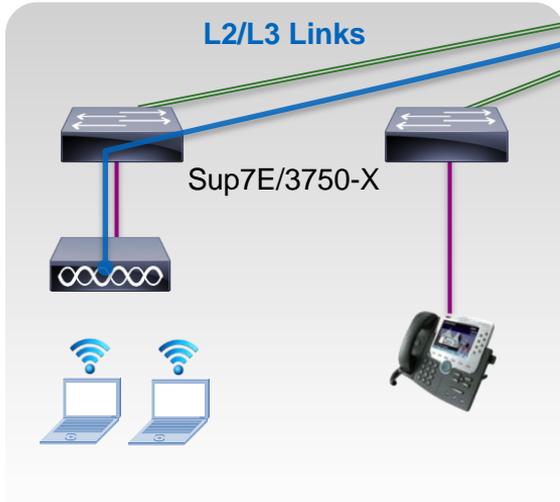
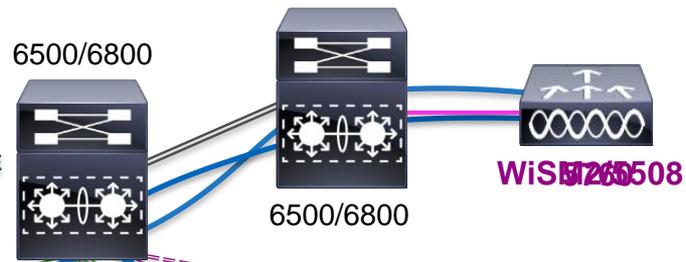
### INSTANT ACCESS



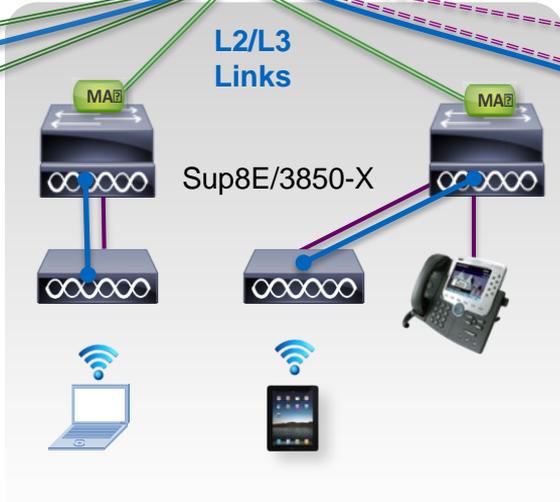
Instant Access Client

Instant Access Stack

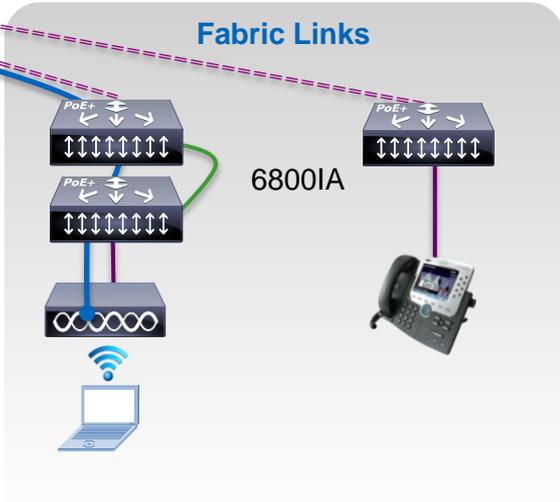
# Deployment Models



**TRADITIONAL ACCESS**



**CONVERGED ACCESS**

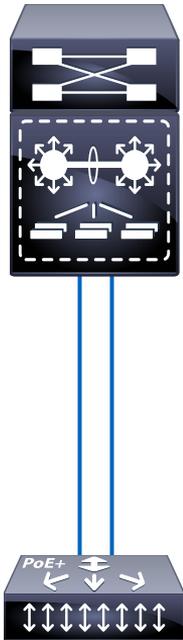


**INSTANT ACCESS**

<b>Wireless</b>	<b>Centralised</b>	<b>Distributed</b>	<b>Centralised</b>
<b>Wired</b>	<b>Distributed</b>	<b>Distributed</b>	<b>Centralised</b>



# Instant Access Parent Switch and Client Switch

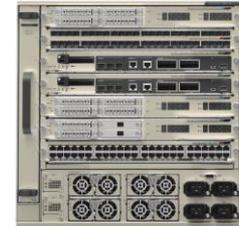


Parent Switch  
In VSS Mode



C6500-E

or



C6807-XL

or



C6880-X

IEEE 802.3ae  
10Gbps Interfaces  
or  
IEEE802.3z  
1Gbps Interfaces

Client Switch



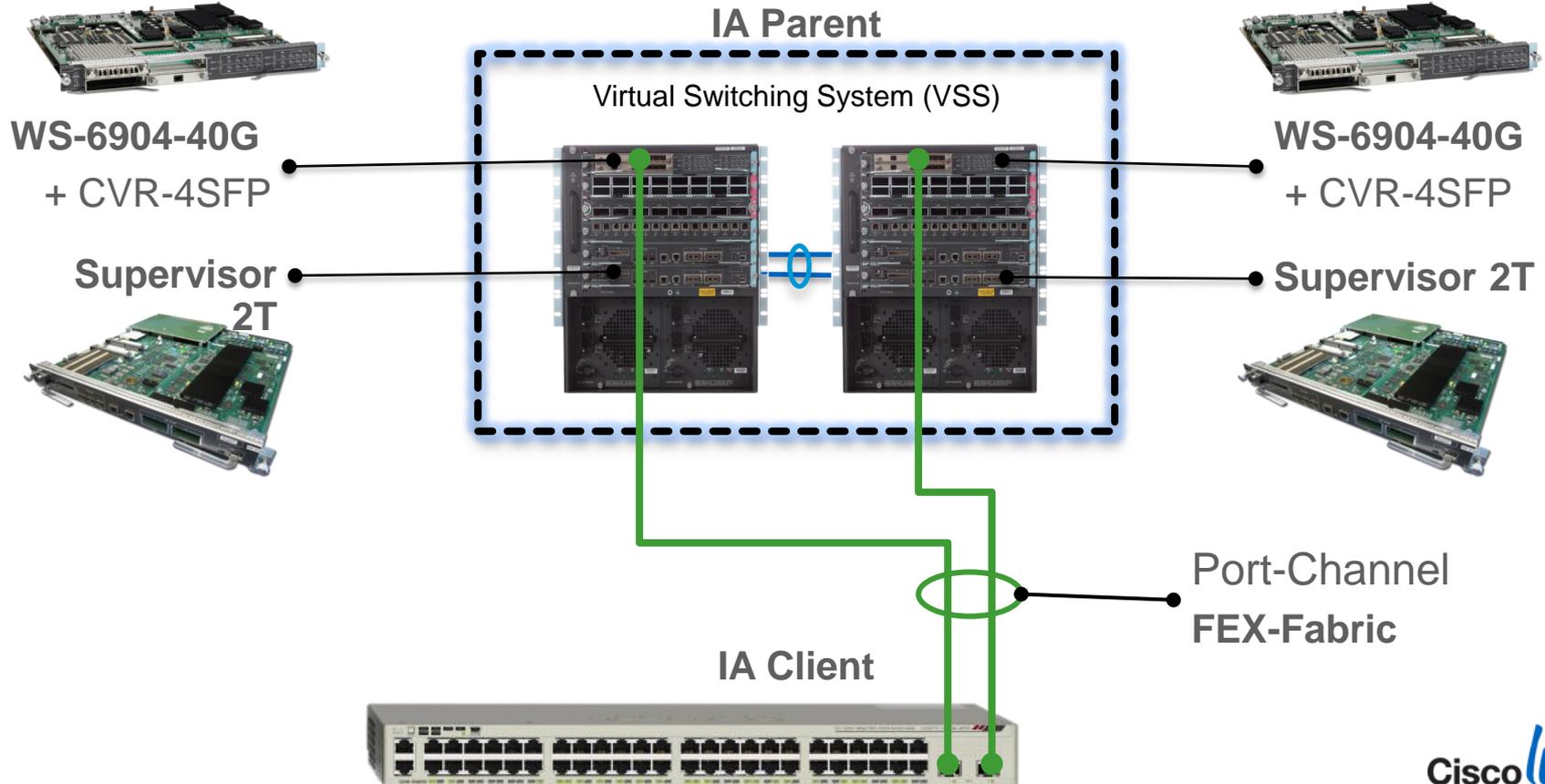
C6800IA  
Data Only

or



C6800IA  
PoE+

# Instant Access Key Components



# Instant Access Key Components

IA Parent



**WS-6904-40G  
+ CVR-4SFP**

**Catalyst 6500-E**



**Catalyst 6807-XL**



**WS-6904-40G  
+ CVR-4SFP**

**Supervisor  
2T**



**Catalyst 6880-X**



**Supervisor 2T**



**IA Client**



**Port-Channel  
FEX-Fabric**

# Catalyst Instant Access Client Introducing Catalyst 6800IA

System & Status LEDs

Stackable up to 3  
members @ FCS

48 x 1G RJ45 Ports

Data & PoE/PoE+  
Options

2 x 10G SFP+  
Uplink Ports

740W POE Budget  
15W on 48 ports or  
30W on 24 ports

Catalyst 6500 features @  
the Access-layer

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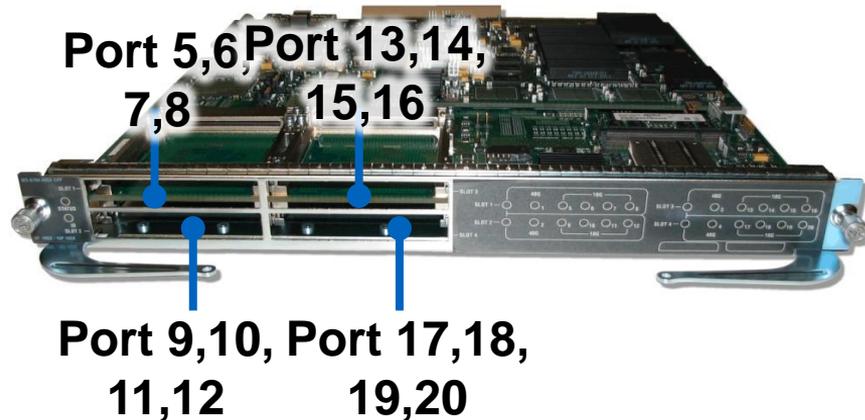
# WS-X6904-40G Flexible 40GE & 1/10GE

- Supports integrated DFC4 / DFC4XL
- 4 ports CFP 40GE (SR4 & LR4)
- **16 ports SFP+ 10GE (with FourX)**
- 16 ports SFP 1GE (with FourX)
- **Supports VSL on all ports**
- **Supports VNTAG on all ports**

- **16 x 10G SFP+ Adapter**



**CVR-4SFP10G  
(FourX)**



- **10G SFP+**
- **SR, LRM, LR & ER Fibre**
- **Twinax Copper**



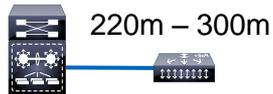
# Parent to Client Span Distances

Diagram Not to Scale



Copper Twin-Ax for internal rack connectivity

1m, 3m, 5m, 7m



10GBASE-LRM MMF & SMF for intra building connectivity using legacy fibre



10GBASE-SR MMF for rack to rack and intra-building connectivity



10GBASE-LR SMF, for inter-building, campus and metro connectivity



10GBASE-ER SMF, for inter-site connectivity



DWDM, for inter-site and long-haul connectivity

# SFP+ Transceiver Types Supported on C6800-Series

Release 15.1(2)SY1

Cisco SFP+	Wavelength	Cable Type	Core Size (microns)	Modal Bandwidth	Cable Distance
<b>Cisco SFP-10G-SR</b>	850	MMF	62.5	160 (FDDI)	26m
			62.5	200 (OM1)	33m
			50.0	400	66m
			50.0	500 (OM2)	82m
			50.0	2000 (OM3)	300m
			50.0	4700 (OM4)	400m
<b>SFP-10G-LR</b>	1310	SMF	G.652	-	10km
<b>SFP-10G-LRM</b>	1310	MMF	62.5	500	220m
			50.0	400	100m
			50.0	500	220m
		SMF	G.652	-	300m
<b>SFP-10G-ER</b>	1550	SMF	G.652	-	30Km, 40Km**
<b>SFP-H10GB-CU1M</b> <b>SFP-H10GB-CU3M</b> <b>SFP-H10GB-CU5M</b>	-	Twinax cable, passive, 30AWG cable assembly	-	-	1, 3m, 5M respectively
<b>DWDM-SFP10G-xx.xx</b>	40 non-tunable ITU 100-GHz wavelengths.	SMF			80Km+ , DWDM transport network dependent

Always Check the The Release Notes for the Latest Hardware and Software Compatibility

# SFP Transceiver Types Supported on C6800-Series

Cisco SFP+	Wavelength	Cable Type	Core Size (microns)	Modal Bandwidth	Cable Distance
<b>1000BASE-SX</b>	850	MMF	62.5	160 (FDDI-grade)	220m
			62.5	200 (OM1)	275m
			50	400 (400/400)	500m
			50	500 (OM2)	550m
			50	2000 (OM3)	1Km
<b>1000BASE-LX/LH</b>	1310	MMF*	62.5	500	550m
			50	400	550m
			50	500	550m
		SMF	-	-	10Km

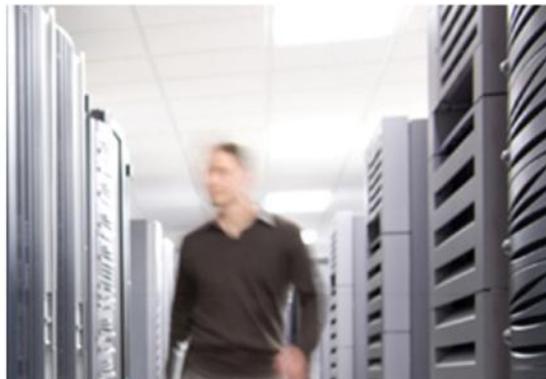
Always Check the The Release Notes for the Latest Hardware and Software Compatibility

# SFP Transceiver Types Supported on C6800-Series

Cisco SFP	Wavelength	Cable Type	Core Size (microns)	Modal Bandwidth	Cable Distance
1000BASE-ZX	1550	SMF	-	-	Approximately 70 km depending on link loss
1000BASE-EX	1310	SMF	**	-	40Km
1000BASE-BX-U	1310	SMF	**	-	10Km
1000BASE-BX-D	1490	SMF	**	-	10Km
GLC-T=		Cat5 copper			100m

Using 10GbE interfaces between IA Parent and Client switch is the recommended design. However 1Gbe interfaces are supported and provide an option for specific use cases where anticipated traffic bandwidth will not exceed the 1Gbs uplinks.

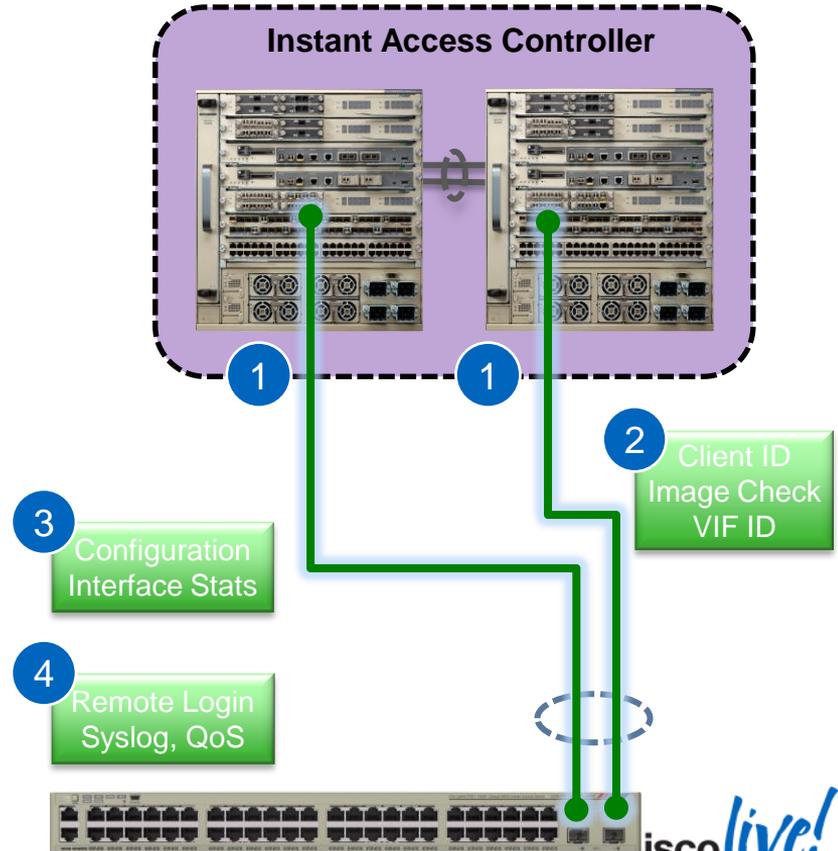
Always Check the The Release Notes for the Latest Hardware and Software Compatibility



## Instant Access Control Plane and Data Plane

# Catalyst Instant Access Control Plane

- 1. Switch Discovery Protocol (SDP)**
  - Fabric Link Discovery
    - `switchport mode fex-fabric`
  - IA Client Discovery
    - `fex associate <fex ID>`
- 2. Switch Registration Protocol (SRP)**
  - Compatibility Info
  - Client Registration
    - Image Management
    - Client ROIR
- 3. Switch Configuration Protocol (SCP)**
  - Configuration, Status, Statistics
- 4. Inter Card Communication (ICC)**
  - Syslog, QoS, Remote Login, etc.

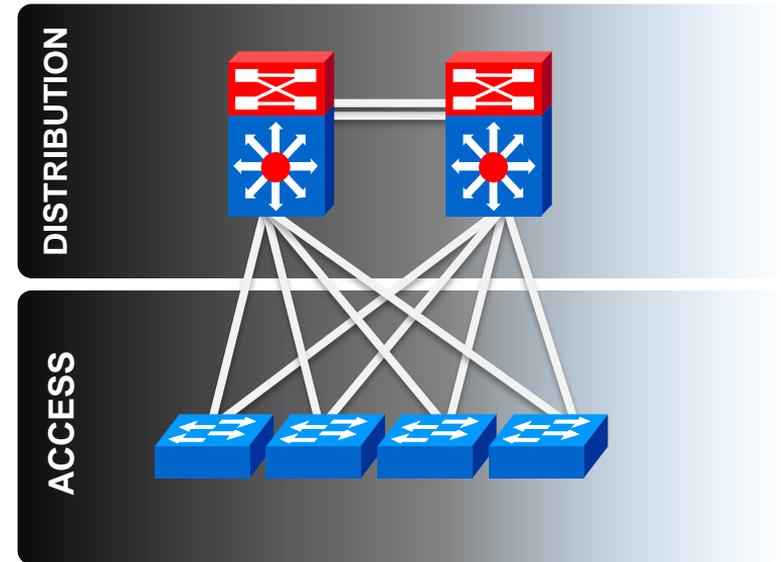


# Catalyst Instant Access Control Protocols

- **SDP** : Switch Discovery Protocol
  - ✓ The first protocol to send Hello's (keep-alive)
  - ✓ Establishes communication between IA Parent and Client Switch
  - ✓ Link based protocol, runs on every link between IA Parent and Client.
  - ✓ Communicates all attributes to / from each IA Client (Client ID, VIFs, SKU...)
- **SRP** : Switch Registration Protocol
  - ✓ Completes the OIR and Registration of IA Client on the IA Parent Switch.
- **SCP** : Switch Configuration Protocol
  - ✓ Configuration and Management protocol established between Parent and Client.
  - ✓ Lightweight Layer 2 based protocol.
- **ICC** : Inter Card Communication
  - ✓ Protocol for heavyweight features running over Cisco IPC.

# Catalyst Instant Access

- ❖ Solution Overview
- ❖ **Architecture**
  - ❖ Components
  - ❖ Control Plane
  - ❖ Data Plane
- ❖ Features
- ❖ Recommended Topologies
- ❖ Configuration & Verification
- ❖ Key Take-Aways



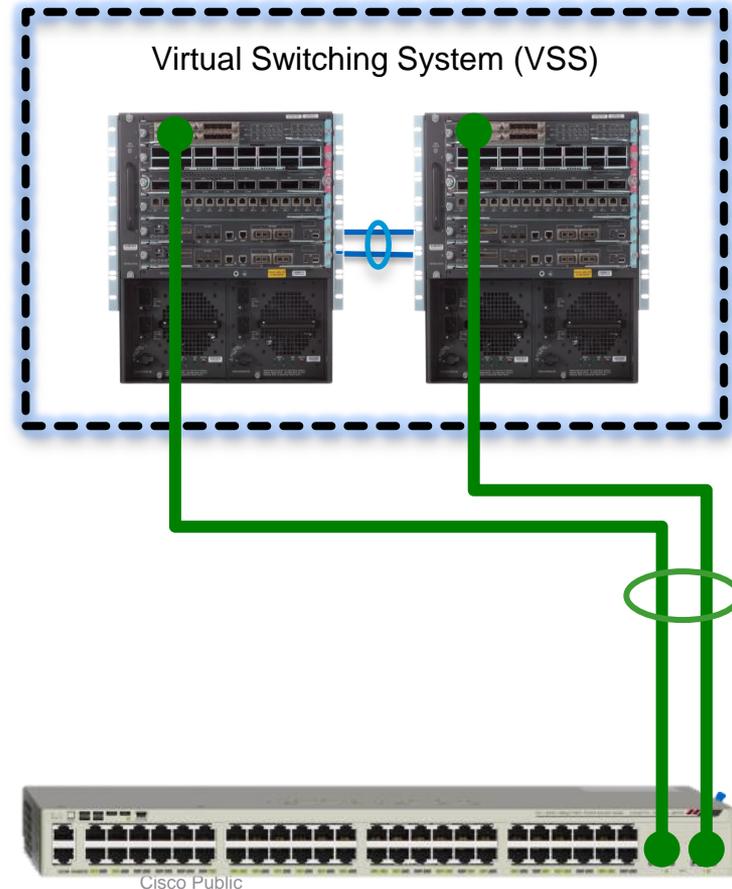
# Catalyst Instant Access Data Plane Components

## IA Parent

- IA Control Plane
  - VIF Association
  - VNTAG Assignment
- IA Data Plane
  - MAC Learning
  - L2 & L3 Features

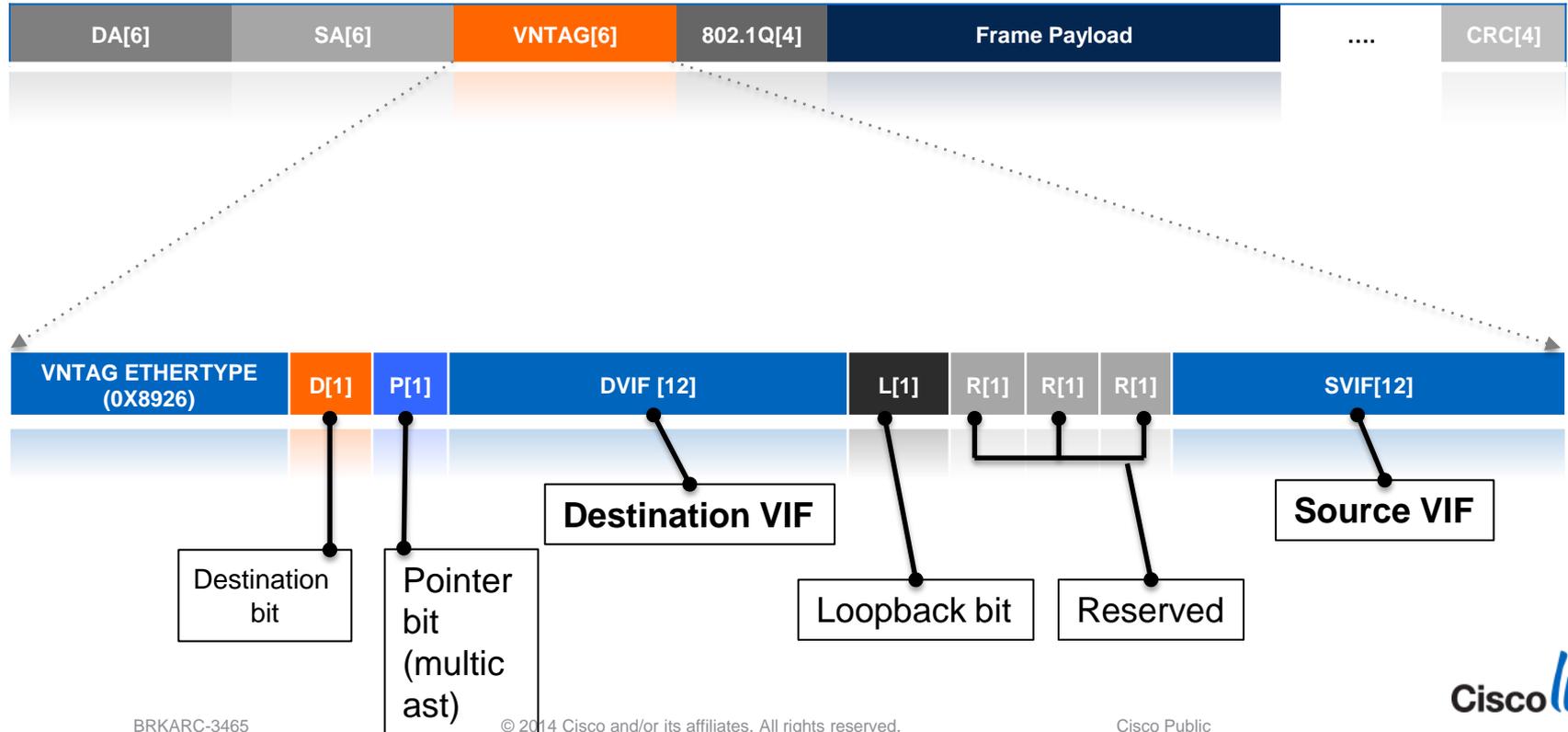
## IA Client

- VNTAG Encapsulation
- Quality of Service (QoS)



# VNTAG Frame Format + 802.1Q

Unicast	D=1	Unicast to FEX Host Port
Multicast	P=1	Pointer to Multicast Table on FEX Client

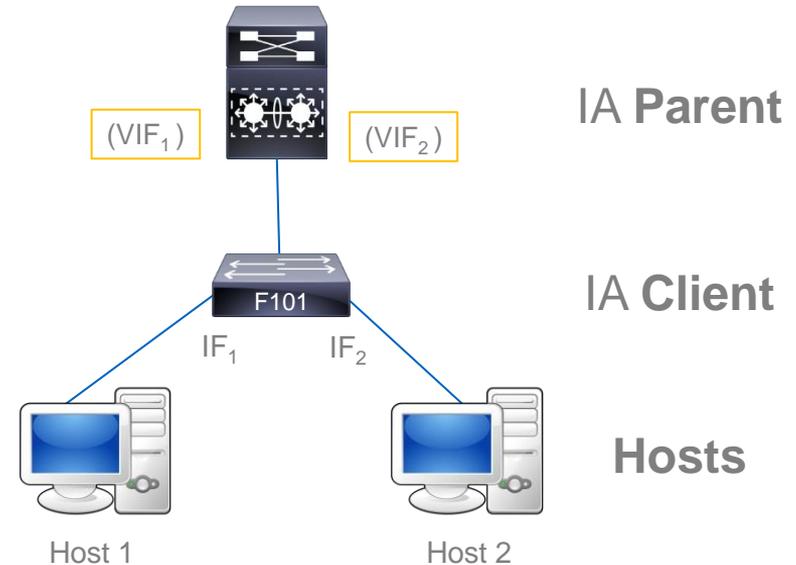


# Virtual Interfaces (VIFs)

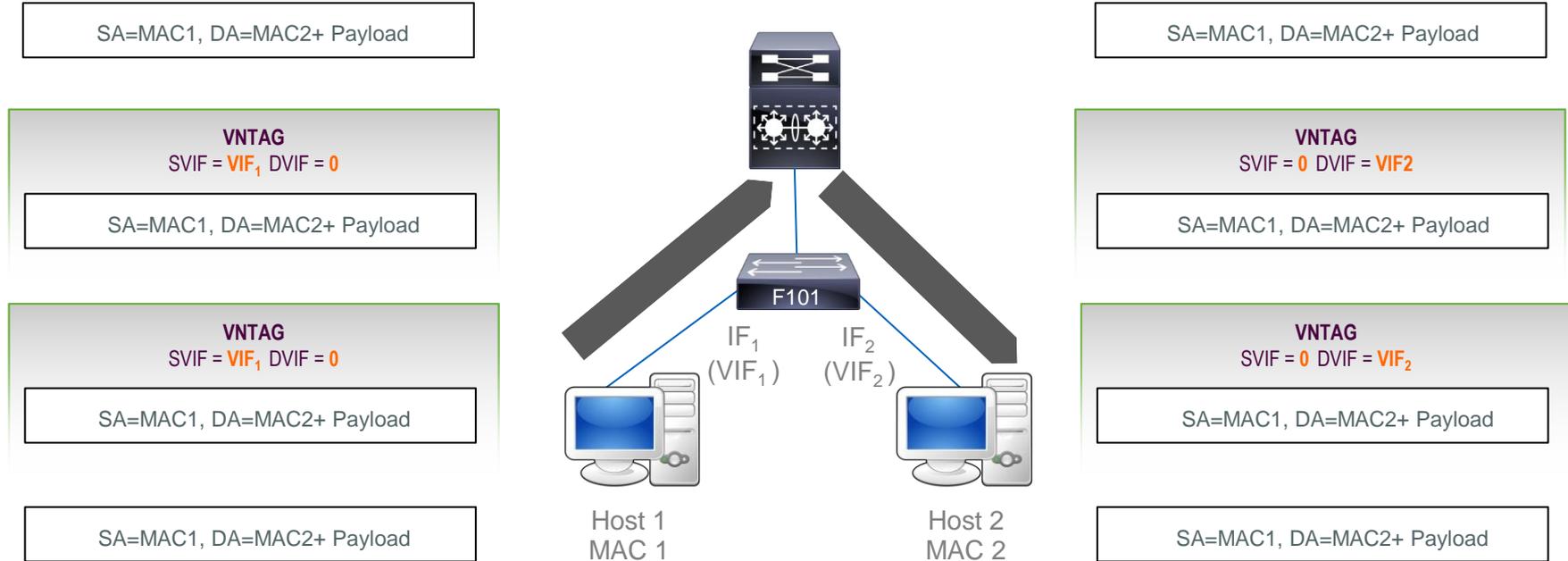
## Ingress Mapping

VNTAG	IA Client Interface
VIF <sub>1</sub>	IF <sub>1</sub>
VIF <sub>2</sub>	IF <sub>2</sub>

- **Automatically Assigned**
- IA Parent VIF = 0
- One VIF to each Host Port
- One VIF to each Ether Channel
- One VIF to FEX CPU for Control Channel
- Multicast/Broadcast: Pointer to Replication Table in IA Client



# Packet Flow Unicast Forwarding



# Packet Flow Multicast & Broadcast

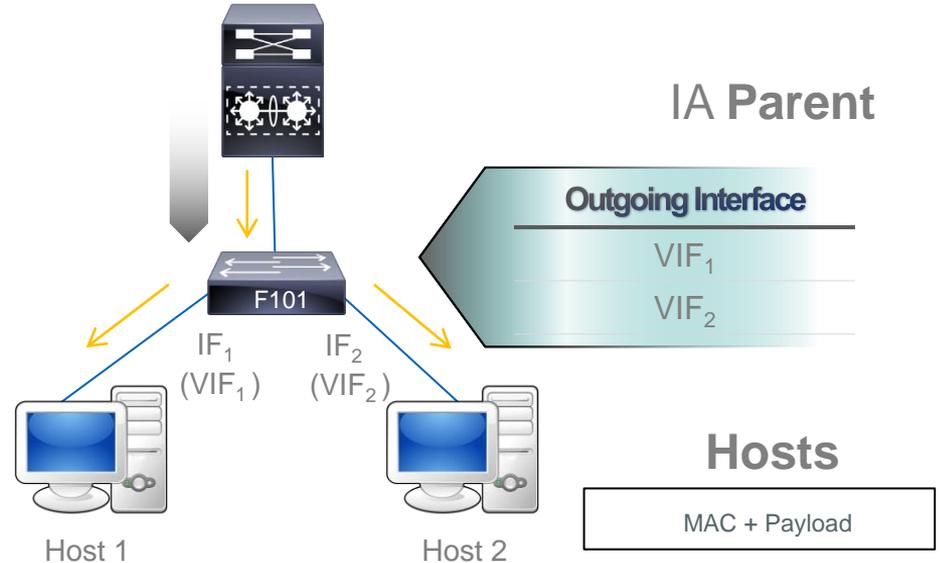
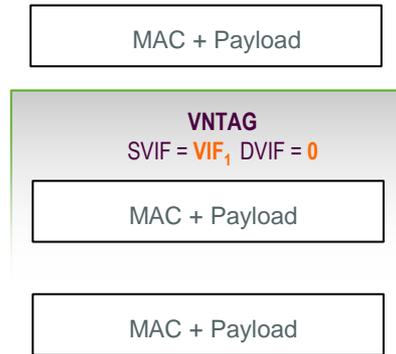
192.168.1.100, 224.0.255.1

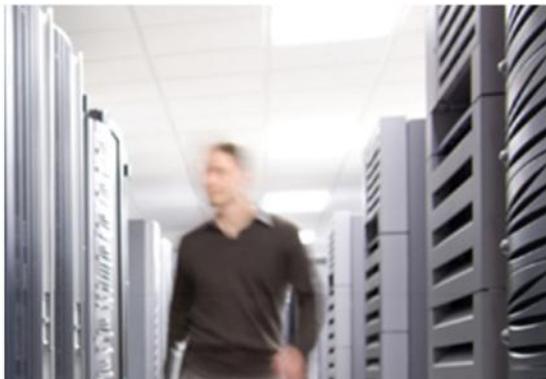
Incoming Interface: FortyGig 5/1 RPF Neighbor 210.20.37.33

Outgoing interface list:

Gigabitethernet 101/1/0/1, Forward/Dense, 0:57:31/0:02:52

Gigabitethernet 101/1/0/2, Forward/Dense, 0:56:55/0:01:28





# Operations

# Catalyst Instant Access

## Phase 1 Scalability

Maximum Client Node User Ports	1008
<b>Maximum FEX ID's</b>	<b>12</b>
Maximum Client Switches	21
Maximum Clients in Stack	3
Maximum User Ports in Stack	144

Client Node ID is a single client or a stack. If using individual clients max of 12 switches supported.

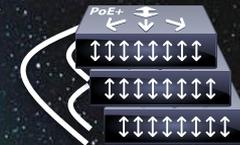
Most optimum where IDF has 96 or greater

Single Client IDF's support fewer overall ports

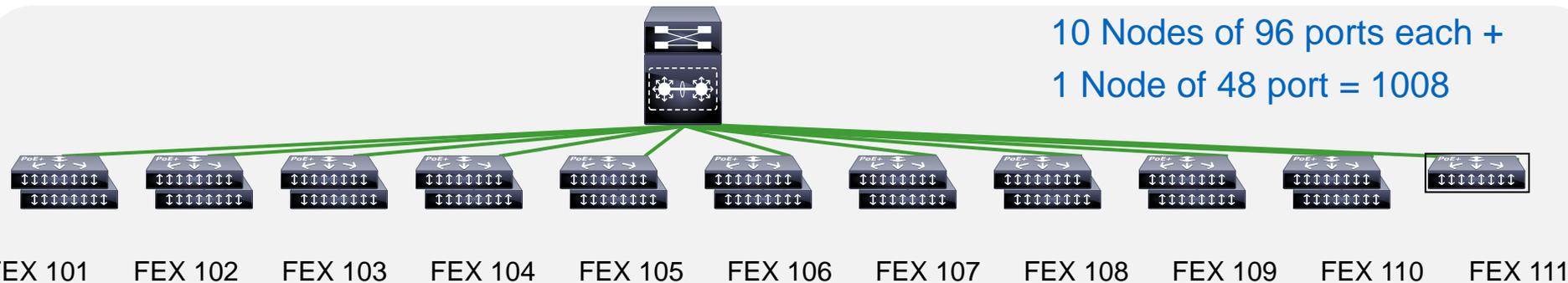
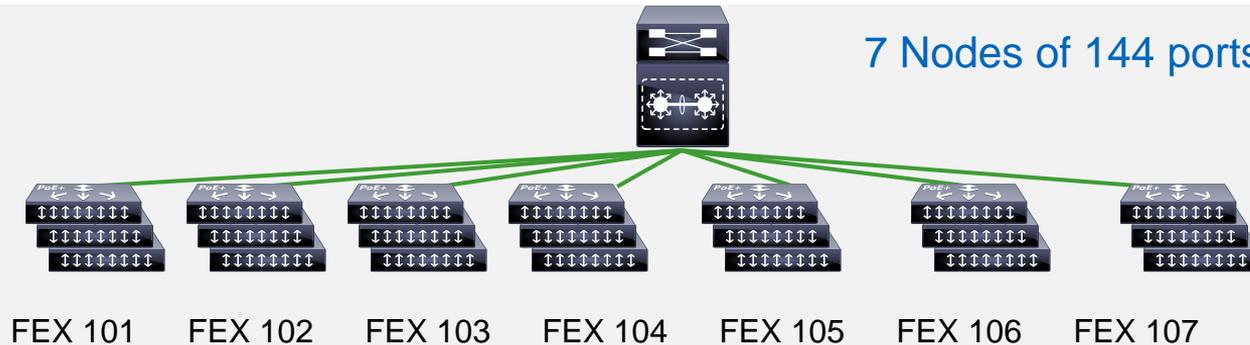
# of IDFs	# of Ports/IDF	# of Clients in a Stack	# of Access Ports
7	144	3	1008
10	96	2	960
5	192	2	960
3	288	3	864
12	48	0	576

# Catalyst Instant Access (Phase 1)

## Stacking Scenario's

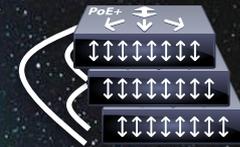


Stack of 3 (Phase 1) Max FEX-ID 12

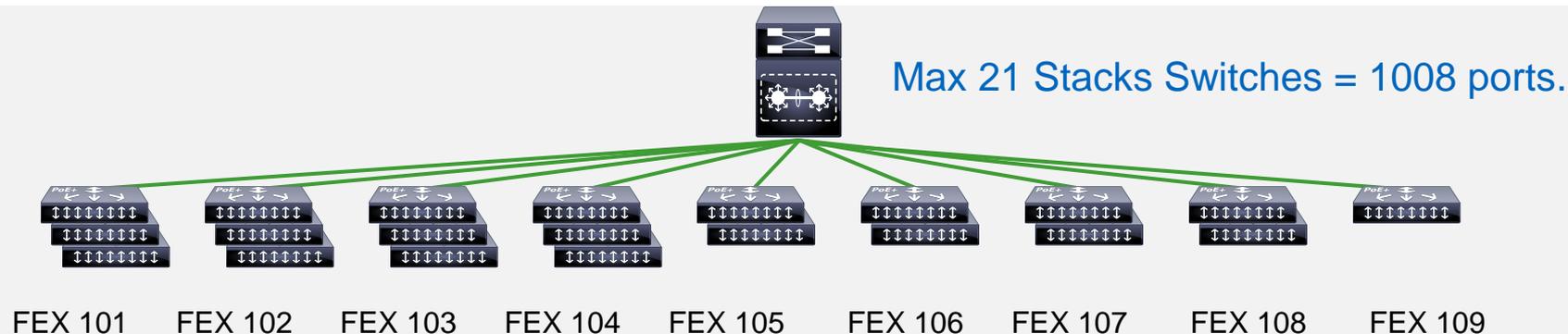
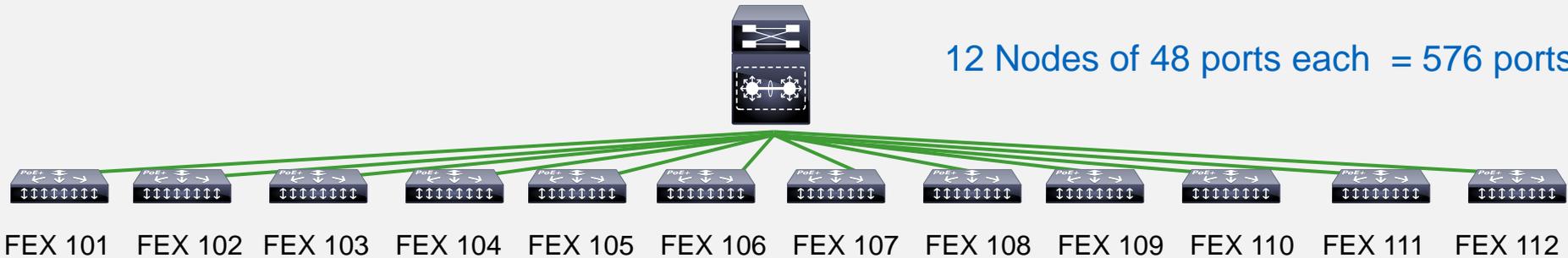


# Catalyst Instant Access (Phase 1)

## Stacking Scenario's

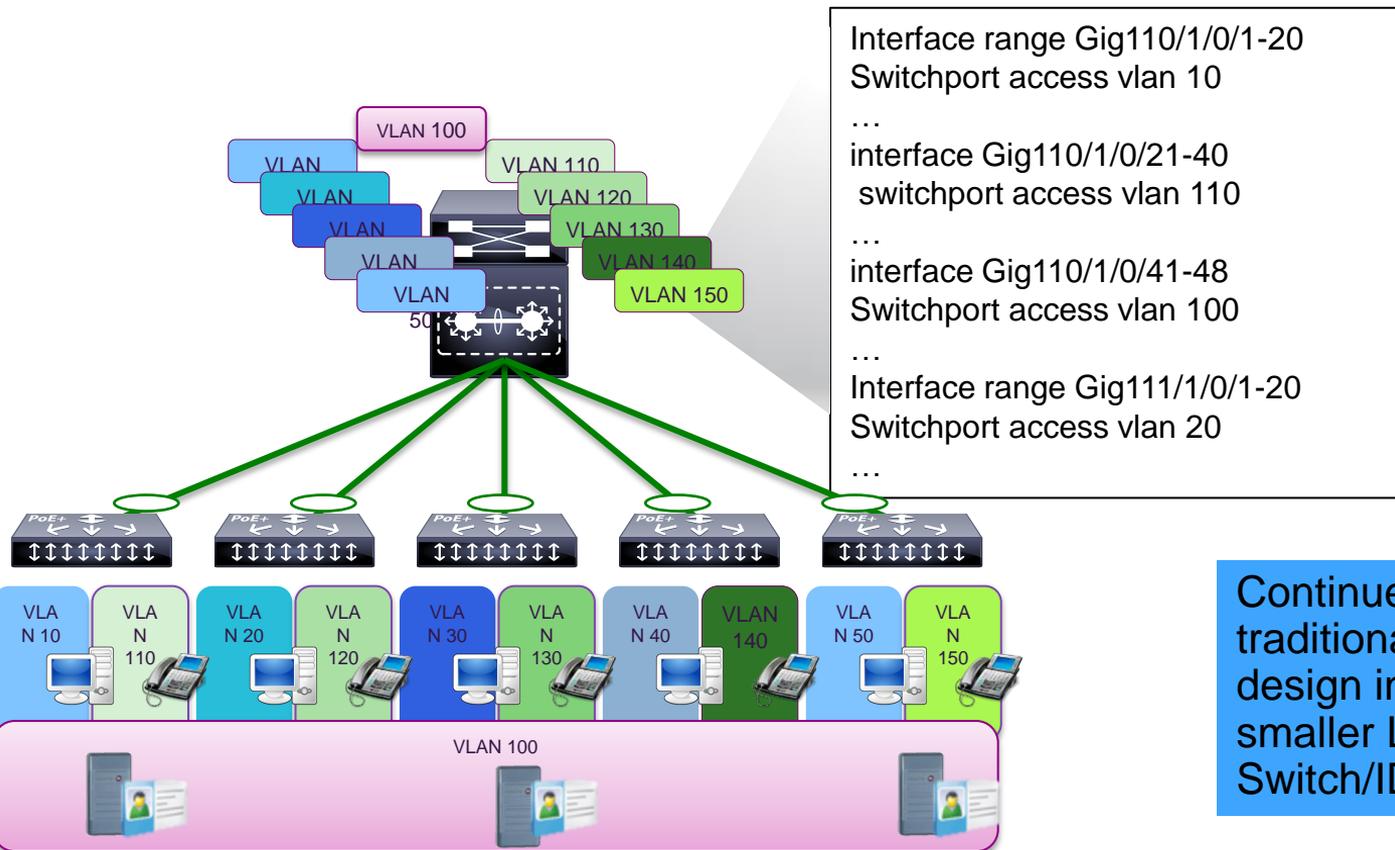


Stack of 3 (Phase 1) Max FEX-ID 12



# New Deployment of Instant Access

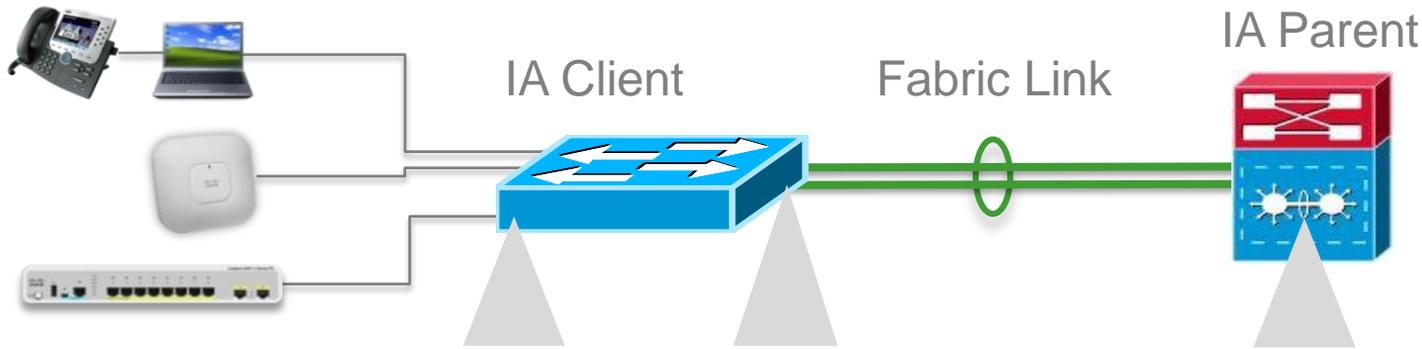
## Traditional L2 Design with Instant Access



Continue to maintain traditional L2 deployment design in IA Architecture with smaller L2 domain per Switch/IDF

# Catalyst Instant Access

## QoS Design & Operation



- ✓ Port Trust  
DSCP / COS
- ✓ 4 Queues on  
Host Ports  
(Downstream)

- ✓ DSCP / COS  
to Queue Map
- ✓ 4 Queues on  
Fabric Ports  
(Upstream)

- ✓ Classification
- ✓ Marking / Remarking
- ✓ Policing
  - ✓ Aggregate
  - ✓ Microflow
- ✓ 8 Queues on Fabric Link
- ✓ Shaping & Queuing on  
Fabric Link not supported



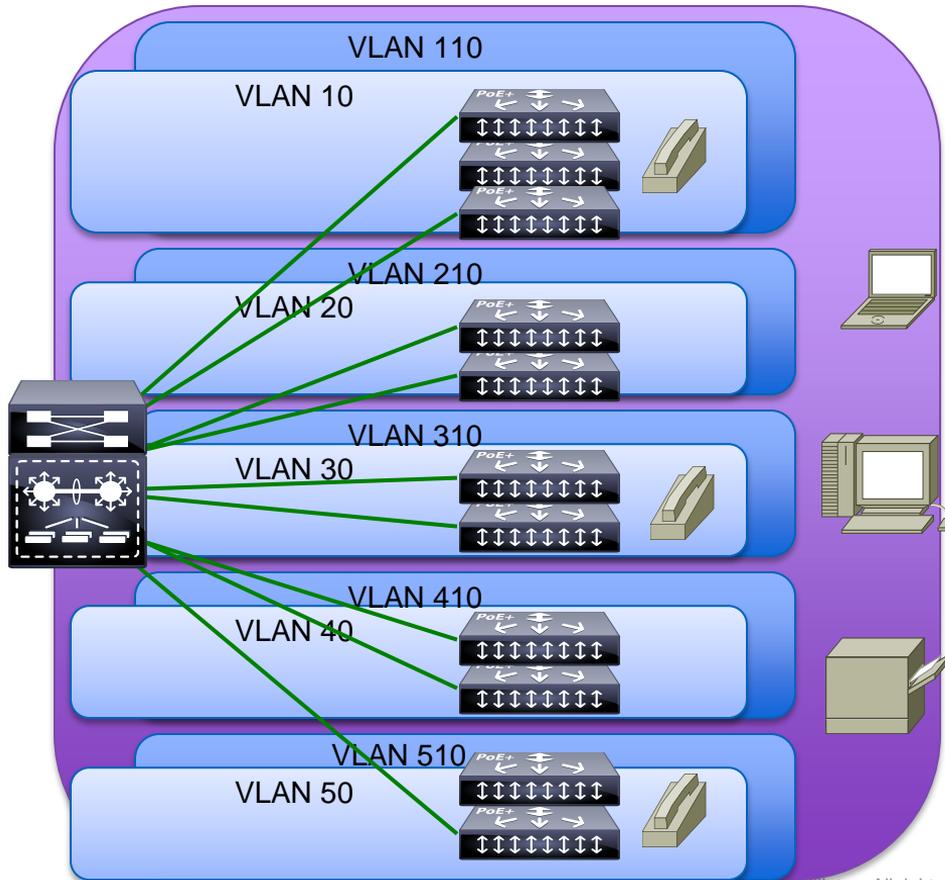
## Case Studies for Deployment

# Case Study #1 – Medium Enterprise – Lower Operations Costs

Large School District in United States

- Business and Technology Drivers
  - Small operations staff and needs to scale services
  - Spend less time managing the network
  - Many legacy applications requiring L2 connectivity still in use
  - No Cisco certified IT staff onsite
- New building deployment, future growth planned
  - Instant Access domain size less than 800 ports
- Already using Catalyst 6500 in core, distribution and access in many existing locations

# Case Study #1 – IA Topology – New Building



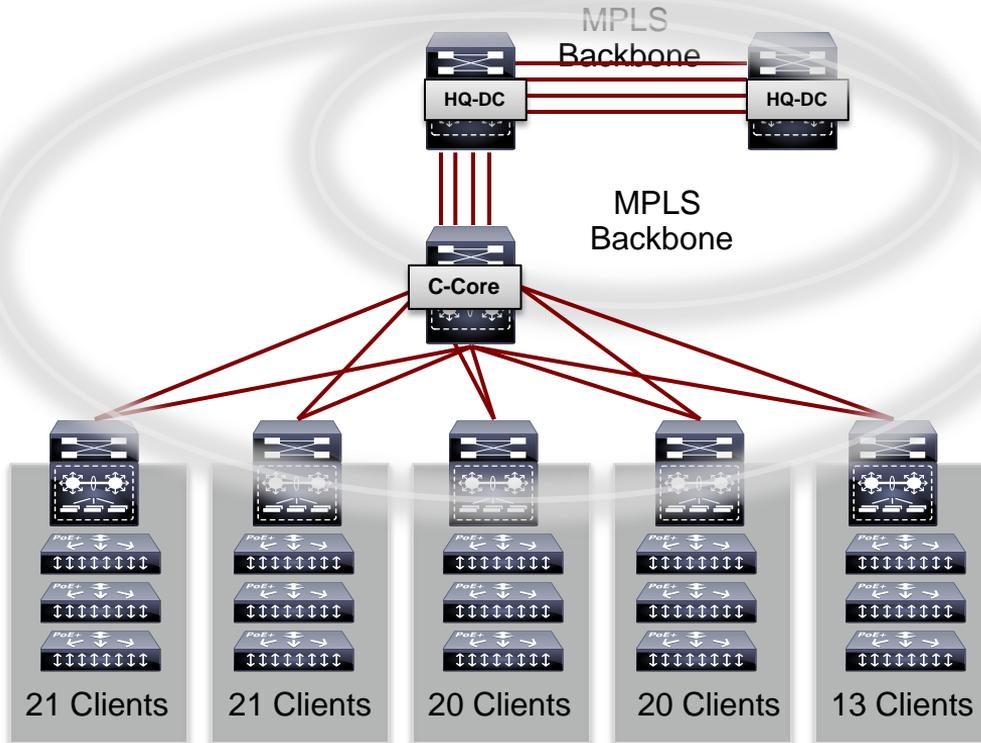
- Five floors with 96 – 144 wired ports per floor
  - 2 X10GbE uplinks per fex
- Instant Access domain size
  - 720 total access ports with PoE
  - RPS2300 for redundant power
- Key applications
  - Third party VoIP
  - Appletalk print services
- Key functionality enabled
  - VLAN bridging for Appletalk
  - Carefully consider L2 domain size whenever extending VLANs across multiple switches

# Case Study #2 – Medium Campus Enterprise – Deploying Segmentation

Manufacturing Company – Northern Europe

- Business and Technology Drivers
  - Extending network segmentation to the access layer with minimal complexity
  - Option to extend MPLS further down to the distribution/access layer
- Instant Access domain size
  - 5 Instant Access Domains
  - 100 total Instant Access client switches
- Key applications
  - Data Collection for factories
  - Traditional Enterprise, email and collaboration
- Key functionality enabled
  - Multi-VRF
  - IP multicast

# Case Study #2 – IA Topology



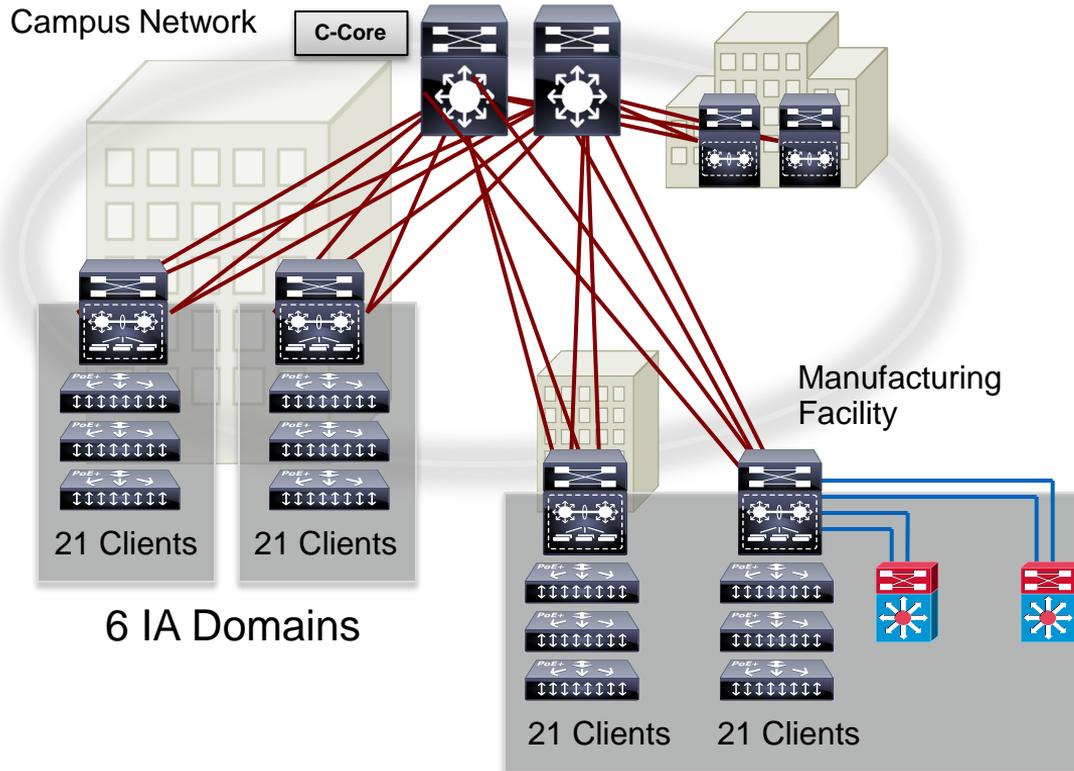
- Migrating to Instant Access in phases
  - Traditional multi-layer deployment today
  - 2 x10 GbE and 4 X 10GbE flex uplink configurations
  - Executed internal proof of concept testing
- MPLS L3 VPNs extended to the Data Centre and some remote locations
  - Provide network isolation for multiple customer resources and data
  - Allows flexibility and agility in deployments

# Case Study #3 – Medium Campus, Factory Floor – Simplified Operations

Global Corporation with Diversified Business Groups Including Aerospace and Others

- Business and Technology Drivers
  - High Availability network designs
  - Highly secure environment
  - Future network segmentation options including VRF-lite, MPLS
- Instant Access domain size
  - 8 Instant Access domains over two locations
  - Near 1000 ports in each Instant Access domain
- Key applications
  - Engineering
  - Traditional enterprise applications including email, collaboration
- Key functionality enabled
  - Wired and wireless user authentication with IEEE 802.1x

# Case Study #3 – IA Topology

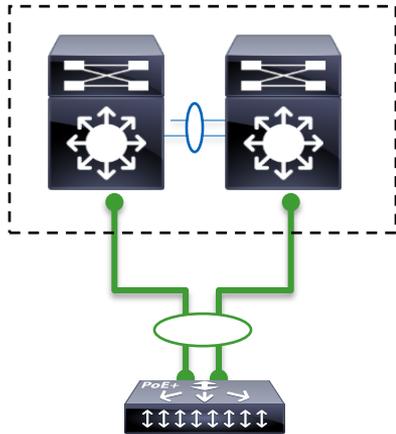


- Migrating to Instant Access in phases
  - Traditional multi-layer deployment today
  - 2 x 10GbE and 4 X 10GbE fex uplink configurations
- Considering 1GbE uplinks in future manufacturing floor deployments
- Considering VRF-lite extensions to the Instant Access domains

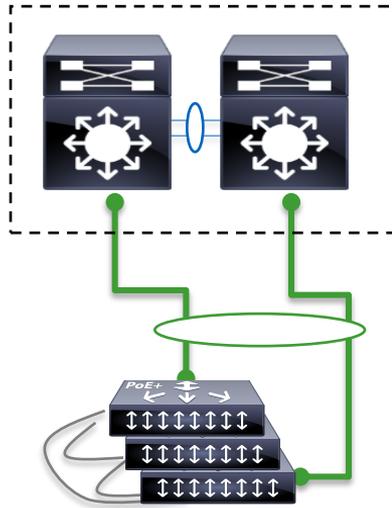
# Catalyst Instant Access

Fabric Link Connectivity Scenarios – Dual Homed to VSS Pair

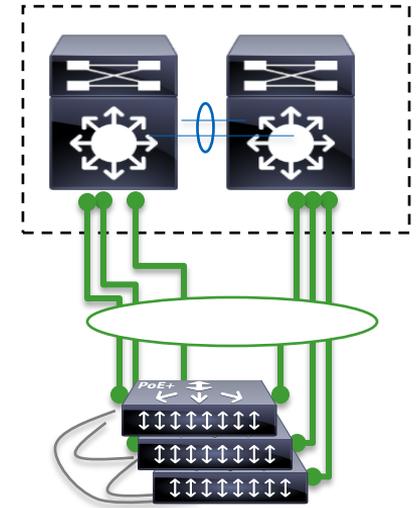
## Recommended Design



Dual Homed to  
VSS Pair



Dual Homed across  
Stack Members

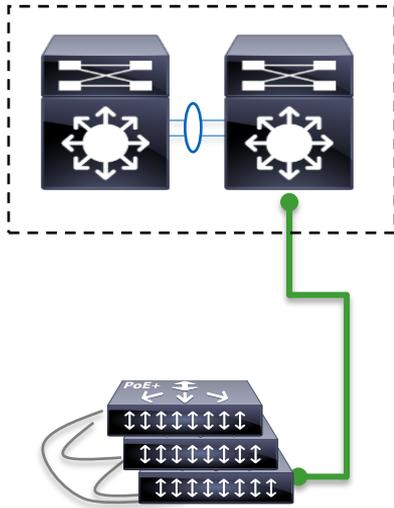


Up to 6 uplinks(60G)  
MEC across Client to  
Parent

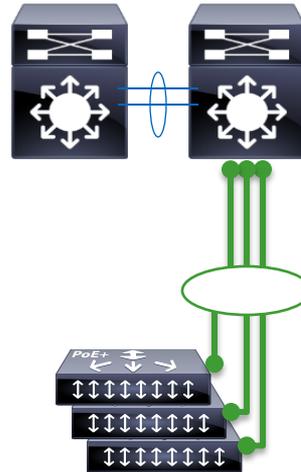
# Catalyst Instant Access

Fabric Link Connectivity Scenarios – Single Homed to VSS Pair

**Possible but “Not Recommended”**



Single homed to  
VSS pair

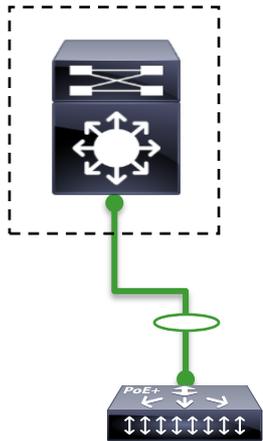


Single Homed upto 6  
links in MEC Across  
Stack members

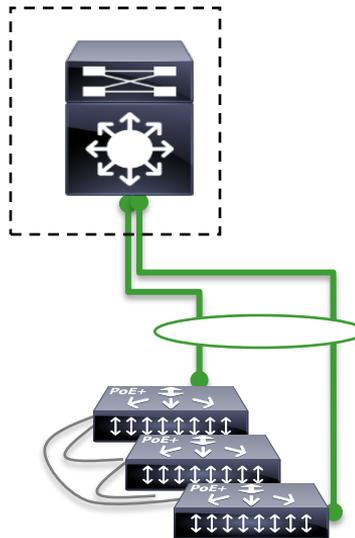
# Catalyst Instant Access

## Fabric Link Connectivity Scenarios – Single Switch VSS Mode

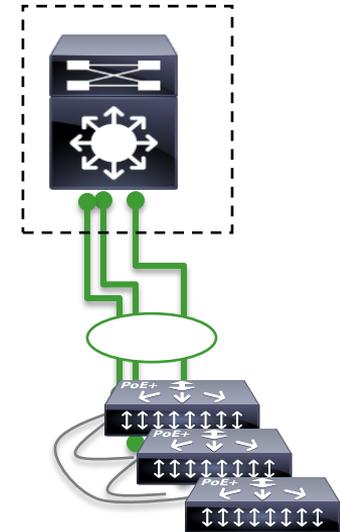
**Possible but “Not Recommended”**



Single Homed to Switch 1 in VSS mode



Dual Homed to Single Switch in VSS mode



Up to 6 links in MEC homed to Single Switch in VSS Mode

# New Deployment of Instant Access

## Simplicity of Provisioning

### Automatic-Provisioning on Connection

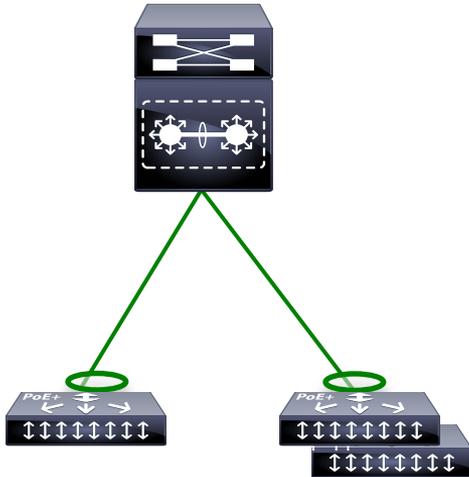
- A Client gets automatically discovered and provisioned using IA Control Protocol when connected.
- Automatic Discovery and Stack Member by Parent via Stack Master

### Pre-Provisioning

Provision IA Client and interface Configurations before even physically connecting the IA Client

```
mod provision create fex 111 type c6800IA-48fPD
```

```
mod provision create fex 111 type c6800IA-48fPD slot 2
```



# Provisioning Client Switches

```
C6500-VSS-2#module provision create fex 188 type c6800iA-48FPD  
FEX 188 slot 1 module provisioning entry added.
```

```
C6500-VSS-2#show interface summary | begin 188
```

GigabitEthernet188/1/0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet188/1/0/7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1. Use module provision command to create the logical interface representation within the system configuration without even connecting the physical client switch

# Apply Configuration to Provisioned FEX Clients

```
C6500-VSS-2#show run fex 188
```

```
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration : 5900 bytes
```

```
!
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet188/1/0/1
```

```
switchport
```

```
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1
```

```
switchport mode dynamic auto
```

```
shutdown
```

```
!
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet188/1/0/2
```

```
switchport
```

```
switchport trunk allowed vlan 1
```

```
switchport mode dynamic auto
```

```
shutdown
```

```
!
```

```
C6500-VSS-2#conf t
```

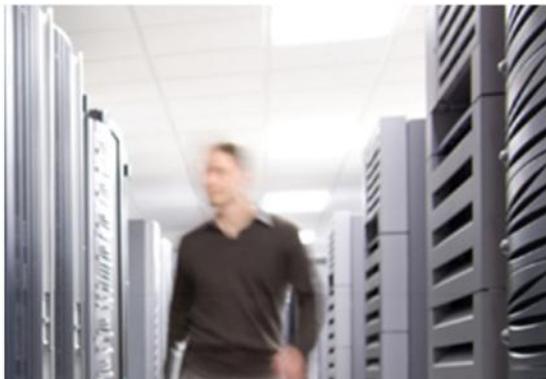
```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with  
CNTL/Z.
```

```
C6500-VSS-2(config)#int gi 188/1/0/1
```

```
C6500-VSS-2(config-if)#switchport mode access
```

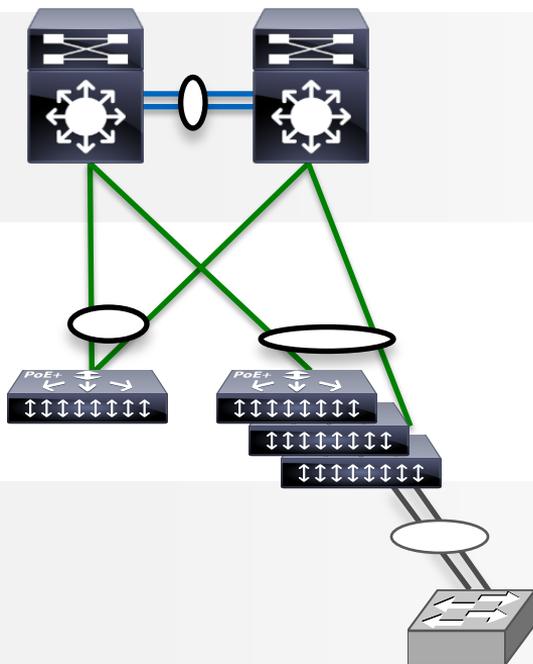
```
C6500-VSS-2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 100
```

```
C6500-VSS-2(config-if)#
```



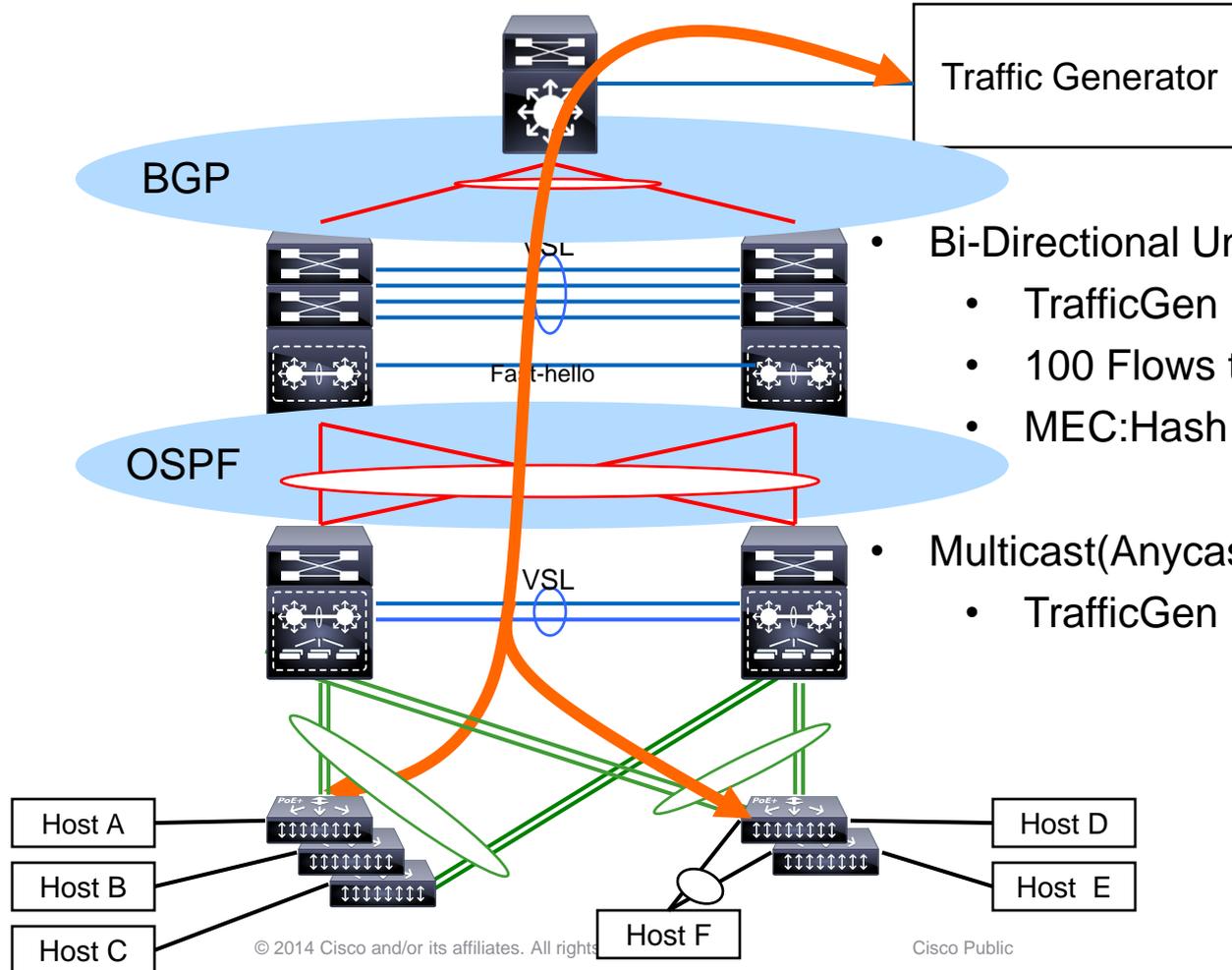
Performance Characteristics  
High Availability

# Catalyst Instant Access High Availability



- VSS / VSS Quad-Sup SSO
- EtherChannel Load Balancing
- Up to 6 10G in MEC Bundle
- Load Sharing Ca6k Hash Algorithms
- Up to 3 Stack Members
- 80G stack bandwidth between stack members
- EtherChannel Across Stack Members
- Up to 6 10G into One EtherChannels
- Dual Active detection on fabric links
- Upto 8 Host Port Etherchannels
- Host Port EtherChannel Across Stack Members (Next release)
- Master Failure will not reset Etherchannel

# Network Topology



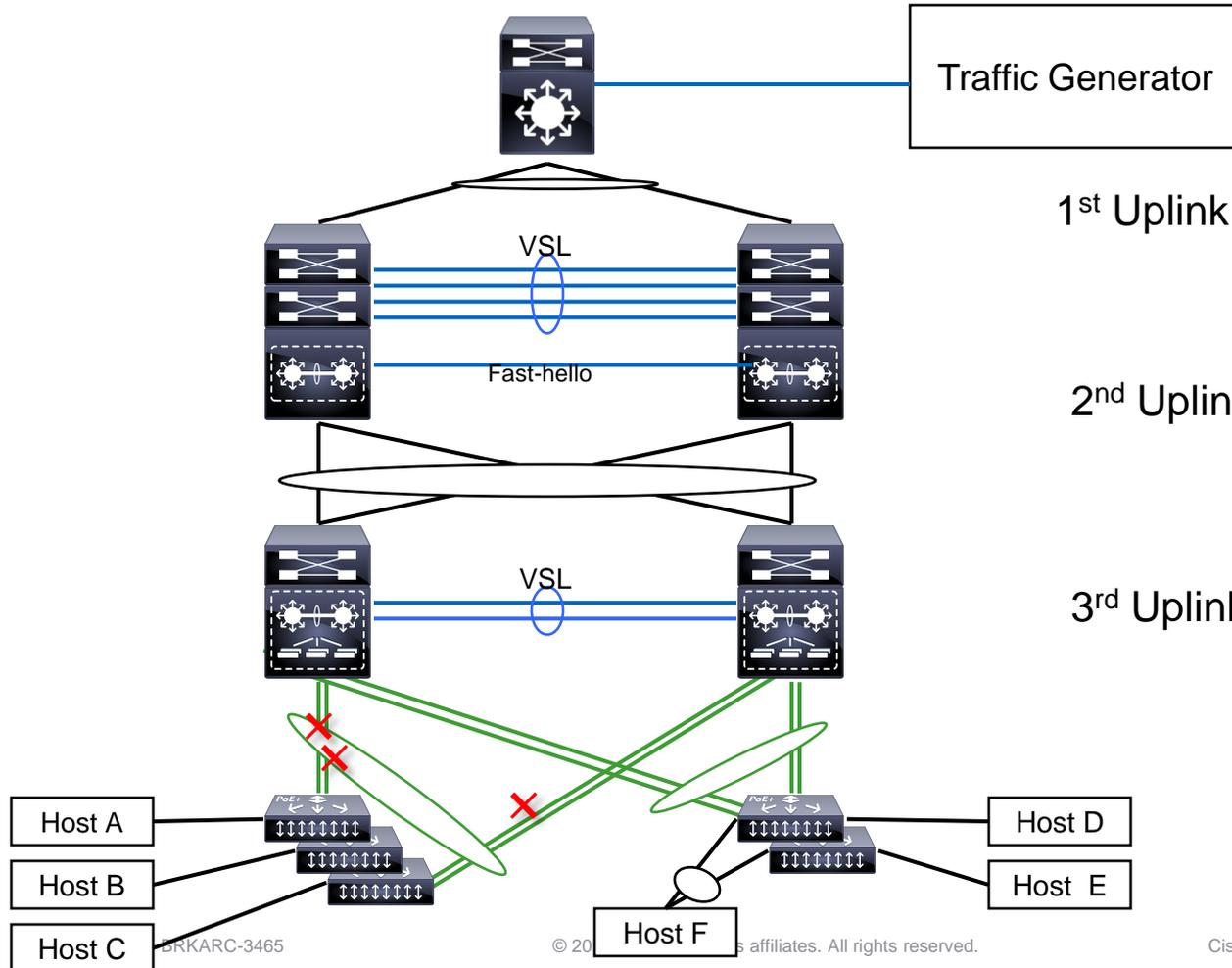
Traffic Generator

BGP

OSPF

- Bi-Directional Unicast Traffic
  - TrafficGen  $\leftrightarrow$  Hosts
  - 100 Flows to each Host
  - MEC:Hash – Src-Dst-Port
- Multicast (Anycast, Sparse)
  - TrafficGen  $\rightarrow$  All Hosts

# High Availability: Fabric-Link Failure



1<sup>st</sup> Uplink failure

Host A,B ~ 15ms

Multicast - Hitless

2<sup>nd</sup> Uplink failure

Host A,B,C ~ 50ms

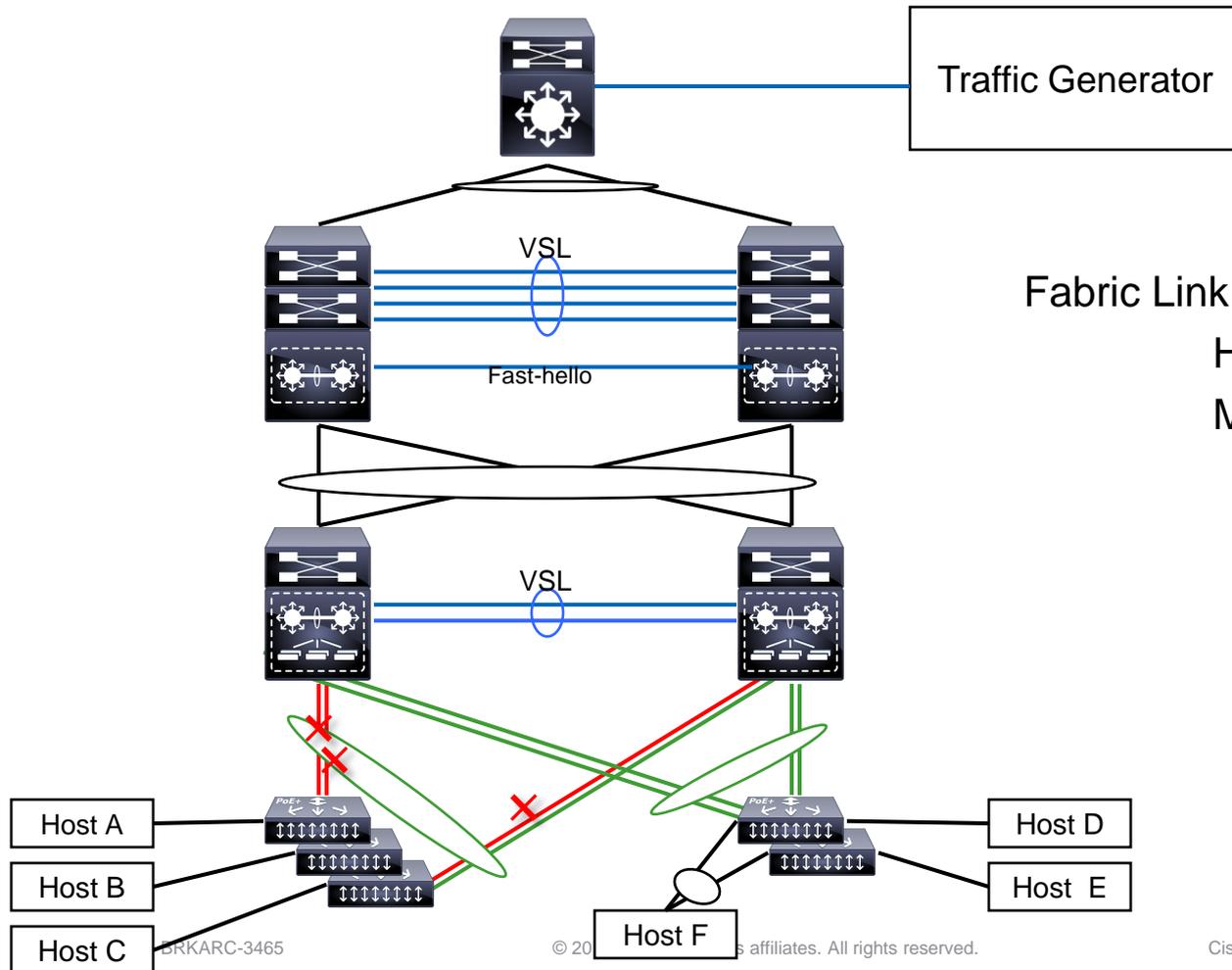
Multicast ~ 612ms

3<sup>rd</sup> Uplink failure

Host A,C ~ 25ms

Multicast - Hitless

# High Availability: Fabric-Link Failure

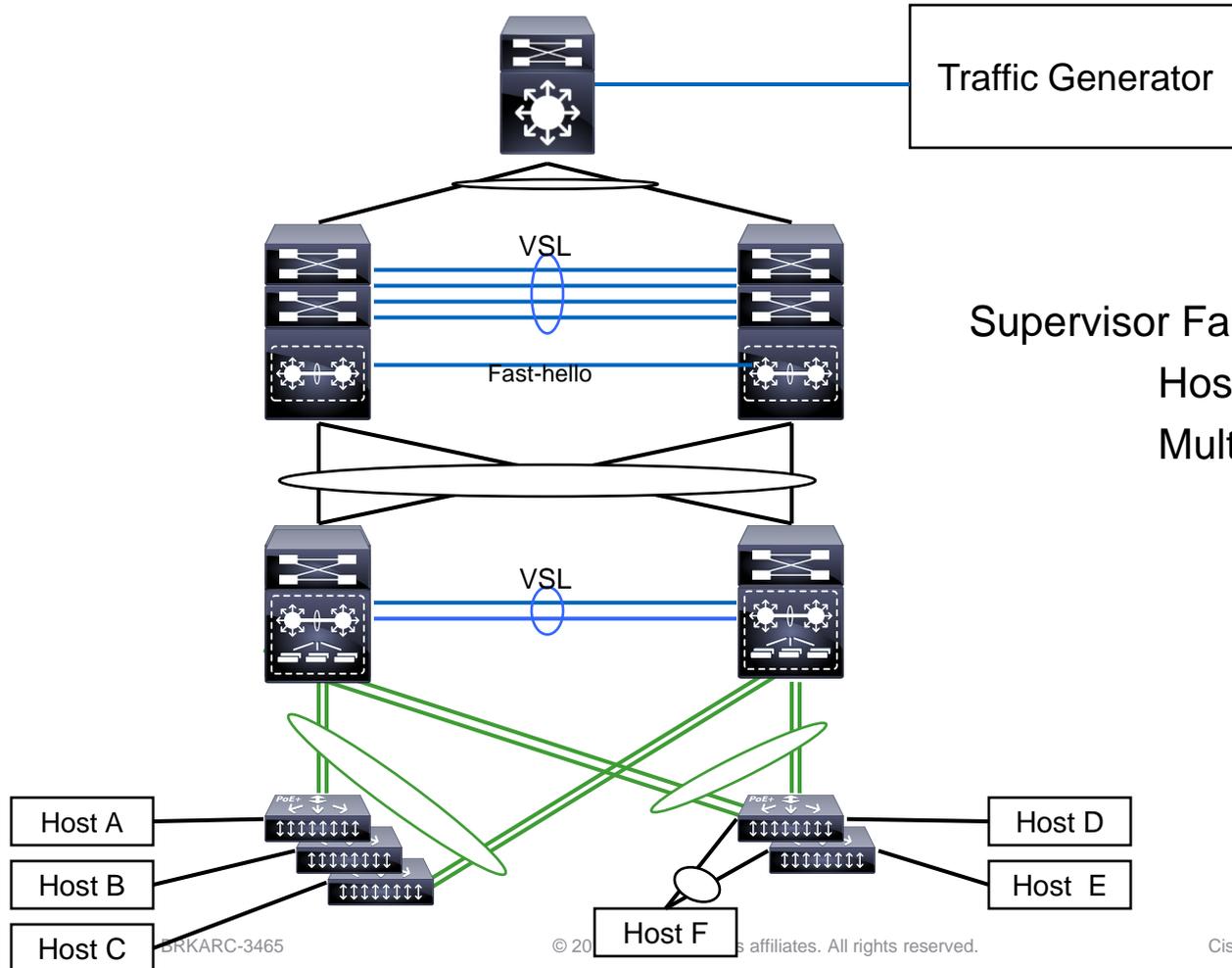


## Fabric Link Recovery

Host A,B, C ~ 25-50ms

Multicast ~ 0 – 90ms

# High Availability: Supervisor Failure

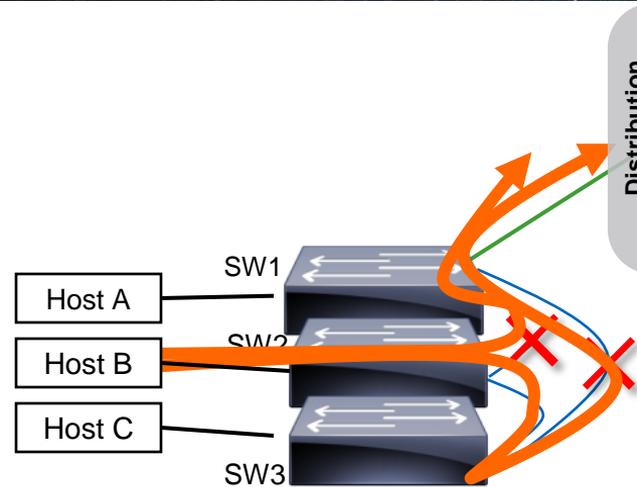


Supervisor Failure

Host A,B,C,D,E,F ~ 15ms - 60 ms

Multicast ~ 800ms

# High Availability: Stacking - Uplink Failover



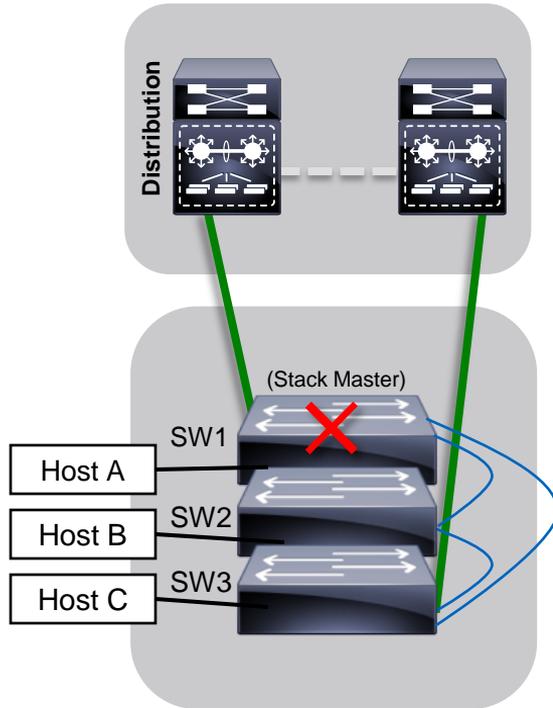
- 1) Pulled Stack cable between SW1 and SW3:  
Host A,B – Hitless,  
Host C ~ 30ms  
Multicast – Hitless
- 2) Pulled Stack cable between SW1 and SW2:  
Host B ~ 30ms Loss  
Multicast ~ 204 ms  
Host A, C – Hitless

→ Traffic Flow

— Fabric link

— Stacking Cable

# High Availability: Stackmaster Failure



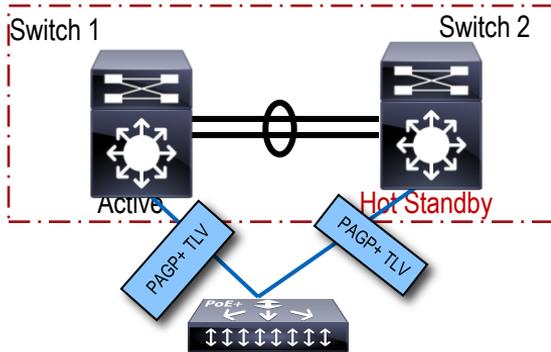
Power removed from Stack master (SW1)

Host B, C ~ 96ms Loss  
Multicast - Hitless



# Instant Access: VSS Dual Active Detection

## Enhanced PAGP



❖ **Requires ePagP capable neighbor :**

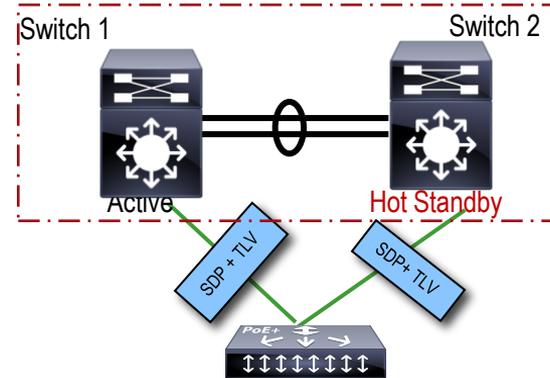
❖ 3750: 12.2(46)SE

❖ 4500: 12.2(44)SE

❖ 6500: 12.2(33)SXH1

❖ **Sub-second convergence**

## Enhanced SDP (Fabric Link Discovery Protocol)



```
Cat6500-VSS#show fex dual-active
```

```
FEX dual-active detection enabled: Yes
```

```
Channel Group 16 (FEX 132)
```

```
Dual Active detection capable: Yes
```

```
switch 1 member port state:
```

```
Te1/2/5 - Interface Up. state: bound
```

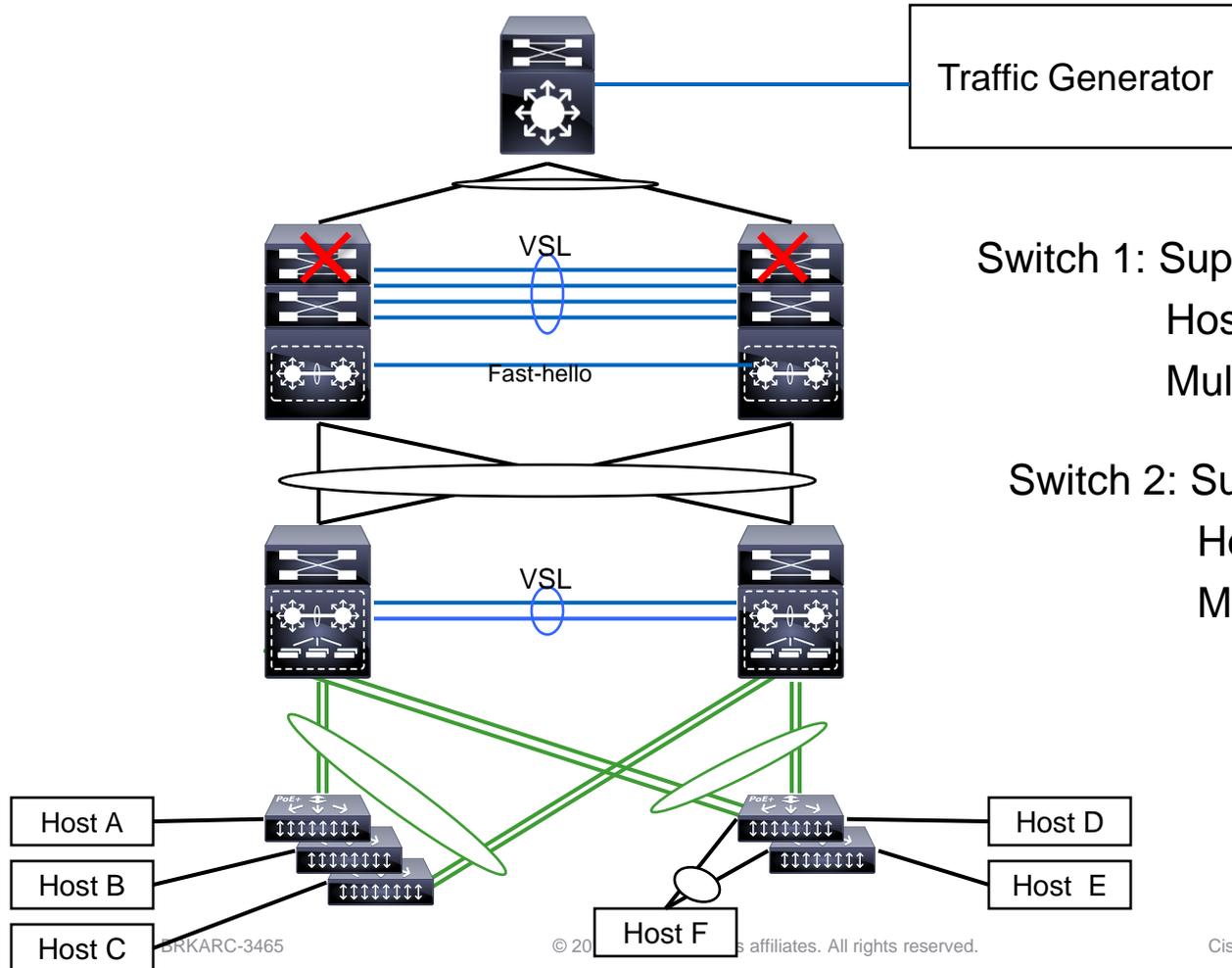
```
Te1/2/13 - Interface Up. state: bound
```

```
switch 2 member port state:
```

```
Te2/2/5 - Interface Up. state: bound
```

```
Te2/2/13 - Interface Up. state: bound
```

# High Availability: VSL Link Failure



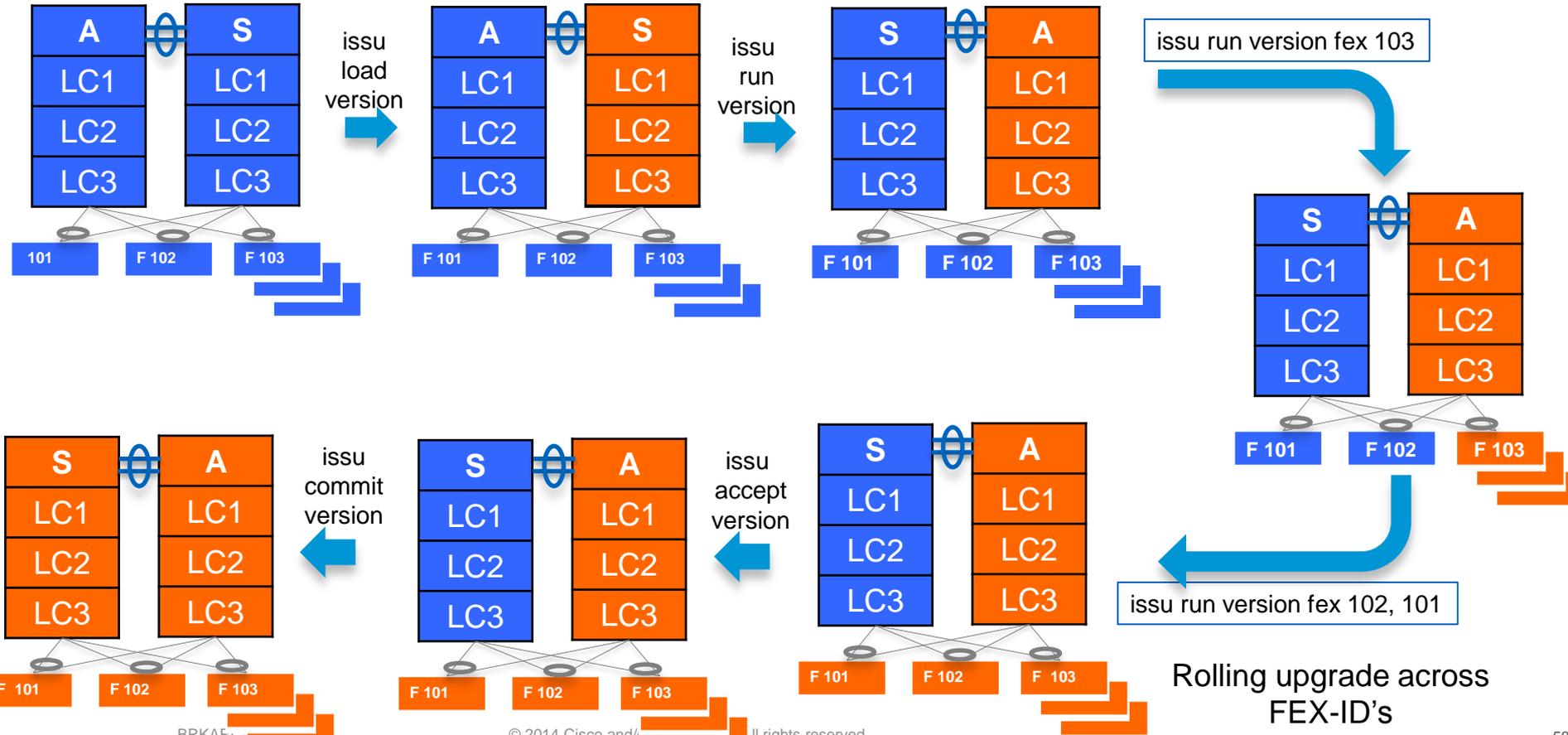
Switch 1: Supervisor 1: Failure  
Host A,B,C,D,E,F - Hitless  
Multicast - Hitless

Switch 2: Supervisor 1: Failure  
Host A,B,C,D,E,F - Hitless  
Multicast - Hitless

# Catalyst Instant Access EFSU

A = Active  
S=Standby  
LC=Line Card

■ Old Code  
■ Newer Code

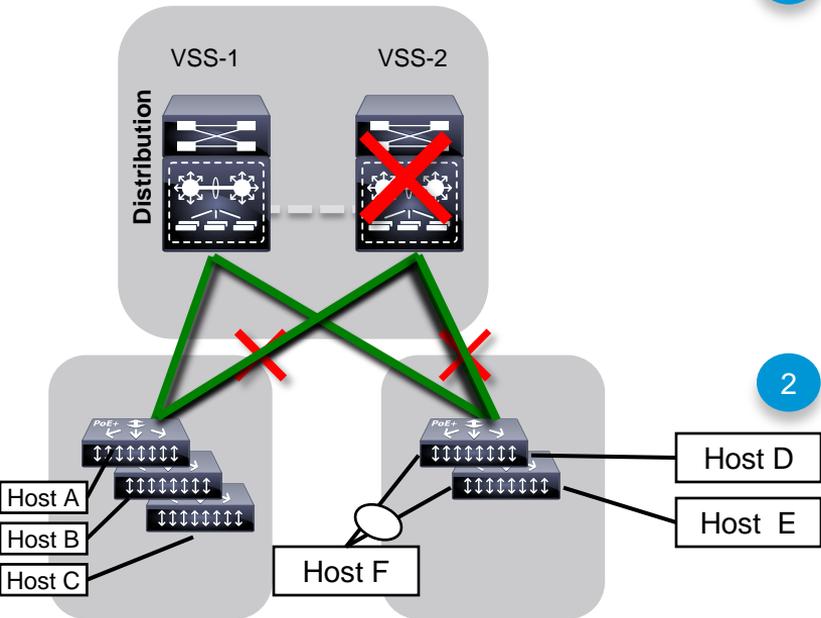


Rolling upgrade across  
FEX-ID's

# High Availability: Software Upgrade

## Upgrade of Distribution and Access

1 VSS-1# issu load version Version 1 → Version 2



Te2/2/15	- Interface Down.	state: idle
Te2/2/16	- Interface Down.	state: idle
Te1/2/15	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te1/2/16	- Interface Up.	state: bound

Unicast ~25-50ms

Multicast ~ 300ms

2 VSS-1# issu runversion [SSO VSS1 ↔ VSS2 ]

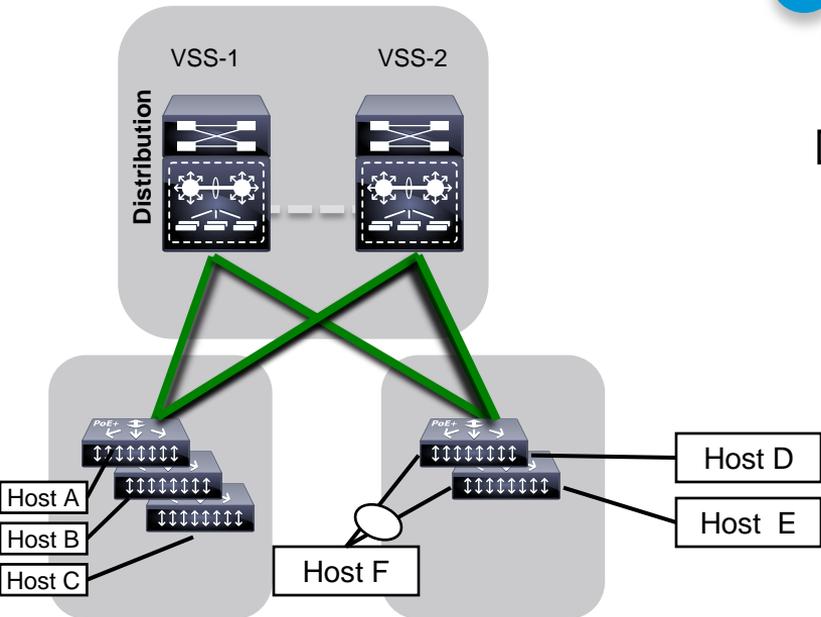
Te2/2/15	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te2/2/16	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te1/2/15	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te1/2/16	- Interface Up.	state: bound

Unicast ~25-50ms

Multicast ~ 300ms

# High Availability: Software Upgrade

## Upgrade of Distribution and Access



### 3 VSS-1# issu runversion fex 106

```
Cat6500-VSS#issu runversion fex 106
```

```
% Successfully initiated 'runversion fex' for Fex IDs: 106.
```

Image download w/ no disruption of traffic  
(4.5mts)

Te1/2/15	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te1/2/16	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te2/2/15	- Interface Up.	state: bound
Te2/2/16	- Interface Up.	state: bound

Unicast: No Loss

Multicast – No Loss

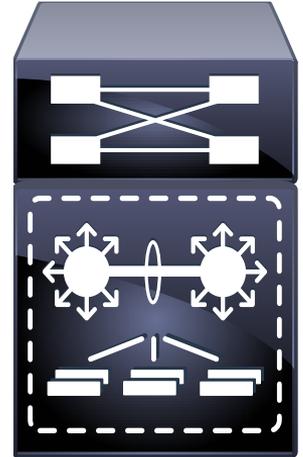
C6800IA reload's with new image

Traffic Loss during reboot of C6800IA ~ 5-6 mts

### 4 VSS-1# issu commitversion

# Key Take Aways

- Instant Access is a deployment model with specific benefits
  - Simplified operations
    - Single point of management
    - Image management
    - Configuration management
    - Troubleshooting
  - Eliminates configuration complexity at the access uplink
    - VLAN trunks, VRF-Lite , MPLS and other segmentation protocols
  - Specific hardware and Software requirements
  - Centralised wired and wireless switching designs
  - Instant Access is shipping a d ready to deploy
    - scalability up to 1000 nodes and plans to scale higher up to 2000 nodes and more diverse client switches





Q & A

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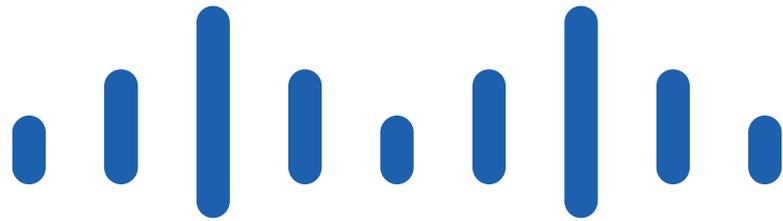
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